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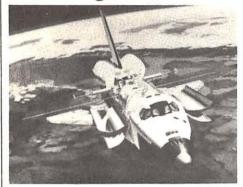
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# The Flight of Columbia by Larry Van Horn





What's the most distant QSO you've bagged? For some lucky folks, it was the flight of Owen Garriott, W5LFL, aboard the space shuttle! If you missed that one, don't despair; Ron Parise, WA4SIR, is here! A member of the Astro-1 mission crew, Ron has received permission from NASA to operate aboard the upcoming STS-35 shuttle flight.

Columnist Larry Van Horn grabbed the chance to talk to Ron about his fascination with radio and how the interchanges will work. Who knows, their next conversation may be from outer space -- and you could be listening in!

# Beyond HCJB by Don Moore

10

Sure, sure, everybody has heard Ecuador, right? Well, you may have heard *from* Ecuador, but you may not have heard *Ecuador*. There's a lot more to be heard than HCJB's powerhouse. The schedules may be erratic, the signals may not be clear, but they're there, and Don Moore is your tour guide.

# An Ear to the Rails by Bruce Heald

16



Remember the days of hand signals, toots on the whistle, flares, and "hooping orders" to the train crew? Well, it's all been replaced by radio -- faster and more reliable for this faster and more complicated world we live in. Bruce Heald looks both to the past and the future as he gives us a thumbnail sketch of scanning the railroads.

# Scanning the Military Madhouse by L. Quarantiello

20

If you live near a FACSFAC you live close to some of the hottest aviation monitoring available. Don't know what that is? Well, Laura Quarantiello will not only tell you, she's got the maps so you can see for yourself. And the frequencies, so you can listen in ... to F-14s, F/A-18s, F-5s, E2-Cs ... You'll find out why the Navy's fighter pilots' motto is "Train like you'll fight."

ON THE COVER: Shuttle crew member Ron Parise, WA4SIR. NASA photo.



Ed Hesse didn't know why he was wakeful that night. But it was second nature to reach over and turn on the bedside scanner. What he at first thought was an unusually realistic emergency drill

turned out to be the crash of Avianca Airline's Flight 52. Here's the story of what he heard through the night as radio operators relayed messages and helped at hospitals.

## And more . . .

The big news this month is the FCC's formal proposal for a no-code Communicator's ham license which would replace the Novice and Technician levels. Read lke Kerschner's Ham column for the nitty-gritty; the FCC wants to hear from you before they act.

On Plane Talk, Jean Baker profiles the Swiss aeronautical station, Berna Radio, and kicks around the dilemma of pilot shortages and controversial frequencies. Did you know pilots often talk about UFO sightings they won't report formally? Yeah, too much paperwork. You'll find more aeronautical frequencies in Larry Van Horn's Utility column as well.

Is Radio Caroline back? Outer Limits explores all kinds of activities outside the realm of licensed frequencies.

If you're getting your antennas erected, how about that ground? Your electrical ground, that is. Doug Demaw reviews the guidelines and suggests a few systems.

Think that nifty new frequency counter just doesn't work? Bob Grove helps sort out myth from reality in his monthly tip from "Ask Bob."

And there's more, of course ... reviews, tips, frequencies, program details, all inside the pages of this month's *Monitoring Times*.

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# LETTERS



Paul Kallinger, XERF

"The article you ran on Border Radio was fantastic!" says E.B. "El" Charlton of Baton Rouge, Louisiana. "It took me several minutes to come back to 1990 after reading it." "El" is referring to Durrell Roth's article in the February issue.

"Back in the 1930s I was a broadcast band DXer. In those days, radio stations would put on DX nite and request reports from listeners. I remember picking up Dr. Brinkley's XERA in Acuna on my crystal set on just one such occasion."

Later, "El" graduated to a 5-tube Sears and Roebuck "Silvertone" table radio. "How well 1 remember those stations: XENT, XERA, XEG -- and one that wasn't mentioned in the article, XERN in Piedras Negras. (The mailing address was Eagle Pass, Texas.) Again, thanks for a wonderful trip back into time."

"How about CKGW Toronto?" According to a reader who signed his name as simply, "Bob," this station was run by the Gooderham & Wortz distillery in Canada and used to "remind those of us in the States that we had Prohibition and they had the liquor."

Durrell Roth's article also brought back memories for Ken Hydeman of Dayton, Ohio. He recalls listening to shortwave and hearing what was probably an editor handing out assignments to his foreign correspondents. Asks Ken, "This must have been at least ten years ago. I wonder if any other *Monitoring Times* readers ever came across such broadcasts?"

I don't know, Ken, but I'm willing to bet that it was a lot longer than ten years ago. Thanks to everyone for their reminiscences. Interestingly, I had the chance to look over a copy of *The Old Timer's Bulletin*, the bulletin of the non-profit Antique Wireless Association (Box 637, Penn Yan, New York 14527).

It's filled with all kinds of goodies ranging from articles on old radios to restoring old equipment. In the back is a section edited by Charles Griffen, entitled, "Recent Radio and Entertainer Obituaries." The most recent issue noted the passing of 49 notables including 59 year old Bob Boatman, the director of the TV show "Hee Haw," to 71 year old Irv Cattler, a drummer for "Red Norvo, Dorsey, Brown." Interesting concept, if not a bit depressing.



**D.R.** Media of Houston, Texas, also wrote on the AM broadcast band but chose to dwell on the present -- not the past. "I was so disturbed by your savage attack on AM radio in the letters column that I had to write to you.

"AM radio is making extraordinary contributions to the diversity of broadcasting," insists D.R. "While FM stations are almost exclusively popular music (with the exception of the noncommercial 88-92 MHz band), AM has been experimenting with specialized formats in order to win over an audience."

Audio quality is not a problem for AM, continues D.R. "In most circumstances and to most ears, it can be as good as FM. The problem is the receivers."

Among AM's advantages cited by D.R.: no annoying picket fence propagation in high multipath areas and the ability to go hundreds of miles.

When FCC chairman Al Sikes said that "AM is making extraordinary contributions to the diversity of broadcasting," he obviously hadn't heard about the Clearwater, Florida, FM station that experimented with an all-Led Zepplin format. Now there's diversity for you!

Seriously, D.R. summed it up. The weak link is the receiver and until reasonably-priced radios capable of picking up decent AM audio quality are available, a large segment of the general public will be deterred from listening, no matter what the programming.

Having written his letter, D.R. closes by saying, "I feel much better now. Now I'll read the rest of the magazine."

I listen in on cordless phones; our forefathers listened in on the party line.

"Please don't use my name," writes GDK. "I'm not sure who reads *Monitoring Times* in my neighborhood and I wouldn't want to spoil some good listening.

"You know, Bob Kay was right. It doesn't matter if you tell someone with a cordless phone how easy it is to monitor them. They just go on using the phone in the same haphazard way. And I go on listening to them. I look at it this way; I listen in on cordless phones. Our forefathers listened in on the party line. What's the difference?"

Another phone listener -- this one prefers cellulars -- says that he listens to phone conversations a couple of times a week. "So far I have heard two of our local narcotics officers give names of individuals they have under surveillance. They also discussed a pharmacy they were watching.

"Other interesting intercepts include a girlfriend who called her boyfriend to threaten suicide. Someone else said that they had just bought a gun and were going to kill someone with it. And I listened to a former city councilman, currently running for reelection, arguing with his girlfriend.

"Listening to these frequencies really confronts me with an ethical dilemma. Should I act on the information I hear; the suicide threat, the murder-in-the-planning, the names of drug dealers?

"Letters" continues on p.100

# ACE Takes Uniden to Court

The latest volley has been fired in an ongoing battle between Ace Communications of Indianapolis, Indiana, and Uniden of Japan. Earlier, Uniden charged ACE with seven patent violations in AOR scanners sold by that firm.

Ace now charges Uniden with violations of the Sherman Antitrust Act, alleging that not all of the patents are applicable and that Uniden, which already owns some 40 scanner patents and controls over 80% of the scanner market, is unfairly trying to crush any remaining competition.

# F-16 Clips Towers

An F-16 jet fighter returning from a training mission clipped two radio tower guy wires but landed safely at McConnell Air Force Base a few minutes later.

The Kansas Air National Guard jet was traveling about 450 miles per hour when it struck the wires guying the tower of Hutchinson, Kansas FM station KHUT. Two five-eighths inch diameter braided steel cables were severed.

"The Guard safety officer told me that the wires first hit the canopy. "That's only six inches above the pilot's head. That's how close he came to being decapitated," said Randy Mettlen, chief engineer for KHUT.

KHUT has had problems with low flying jets before. "I've complained before," Mettlen said. "When the tower was built in 1980, the two men who were hanging the actual antenna on top of the tower said that when two F-4s came by, they were able to look down into the cockpit."

### "All Calm" at VOA

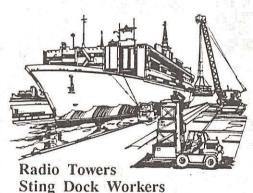
The White House says that "all is calm" at the U.S. Information Agency, but only after administration officials stepped in to restore order in a struggle with the Voice of America.

The dispute that saw USIA director Bruce Gelb try to fire VOA director Richard Carlson was resolved when the VOA agreed to restore

broadcasts in six languages ordered cut two weeks earlier during another Voice budget crunch. Fifty-five people were to be fired in order to trim \$3 million from the budget.

Apparently, Gelb was out of town on the day Carlson announced the cuts. Gelb then returned and read accounts of the cuts within his organization in the media. Official sources say Gelb was "very upset." Other sources, quoted by the Associated Press, said Gelb "went wild" and described him as "almost hysterical."

Gelb is a friend of President Bush and a campaign fundraiser. Carlson was a hold-over from the Reagan administration.



The Port of Seattle may have to pay to move two broadcasting towers because radio signals are electrifying nearby cargo cranes, zapping workers with shocks.

Since the four container cranes were built in 1986, loading workers have reported getting shocked from the cranes which apparently pick up electrical energy from the radio towers. "It feels like a sting or a bite," says longshoreman Bob Rogers.

The owner of the towers, radio station KJR, is also planning to pack a sting of its own, filing a lawsuit against the port. KJR claims that the huge containerized-cargo cranes distort the station's 50,000 watt signal.

# All-Led Zeppelin Station Debuts; Closes

Clearwater, Florida, has the dubious distinction of being home to

the first all-Led Zeppelin radio station. Just before the changeover, the station began playing the defunct band's most popular single, "Stairway to Heaven," over and over again, for 24 hours straight.

Led Zeppelin, a British group of the 1960s and '70s, fused blues, country and heavy metal with dark lyricism. It disbanded after drummer John Bonham died by asphyxiation.

Surprisingly, WKRL was an FM and not a struggling AM seeking publicity. The stunt, which turned out to be only temporary, followed the station's purchase by the Great American Broadcasting Co.

# New Commercial Radio News Service

Beginning this month, Monitor News Reports, a new radio service offered by The Christian Science Monitor, will be available to commercial radio stations. The Monday through Friday service will draw material from more than a dozen global print and broadcast news bureaus of The Christian Science Monitor, as well as from Monitor staffers at its Boston headquarters.

Monitor New Reports will be distributed to commercial stations on the satellite network of the Associated Press (AP), which reaches some 950 radio stations across the United States. The service will be available on a barter basis, making it affordable to stations in both large and small markets.

Says John H. Hoagland, Jr., Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society and Editor-in-Chief of the Radio and Television division, "Our mission over 80 years has been to pursue truth and publish it. We are constantly looking for new ways to do that..."

# HCJB Victim of Terrorist Attack

According to Ron Cline, president of the pioneer missionary broadcasting service HCJB, "The Voice of the Andes," a band of armed men broke

# **COMMUNICATIONS**

into the transmitter site east of Quito, Ecuador, at about 2:00 AM on February 19th, 1990.

After tying up the transmitter operators, the bandits seized approximately 50 circuit boards from the antenna switching and audio processing equipment for the 500,000 watt transmitter, stole a van and crashed through the security gate to escape. There were no injuries and the van was recovered later by authorities.

The Ecuadorian government responded immediately, as did representatives of the American Embassy, and after frantic efforts by the staff, the station returned to the air at half-power within two days.

A note left by the perpetrators demanded \$250,000 for the return of the equipment. If not obeyed, the note continued, they would blow up the station's hydroelectric power plant. And should any of them be caught, they threatened to kill five missionaries for each terrorist captured.

# Heloise on Scanners

The popular syndicated column, "Hints from Heloise" recently pointed out how unscrupulous scanner listeners could profit from their hobby. According to the column, a reader wrote in with the following story, which we paraphrase:

"An elderly friend of mine had her house robbed four times, each time when she was out of town. The last time it happened, she commented to



her insurance agent that it was funny that it never happened before she started asking the police to check her house while she was gone.

"The agent did some investigating and discovered that the order to check the empty house at '101 Main St,' went out over the police scanner daily. Thus, any thief with a police scanner was easily notified that this house was fair game."

Food for thought.



## 'Hands On' TV

A television crew and several transients helped a homeless mother give birth in Los Angeles' MacArthur Park, an inner-city park where drug deals are commonplace.

Employees of Newsreel Video Service, a free-lance television news crew, arrived shortly before paramedics after hearing a call for medical aid on a police scanner. Crew members trained their lights on the 21 year old mother as she gave birth, filming the event.

When paramedics did arrive, fire Inspector Ed Reed found "There were homeless people around [the woman who had just given birth] and one was holding the child, still attached by the umbilical cord," said Fire Inspector Ed Reed. "The baby was cold and dirty."

#### The Voice of Wisconsin

Motorists entering Wisconsin will soon be able to learn about attractions and events in the state, thanks to a new low-power radio network.

The State Division of Tourism has spent about \$60,000 of its \$7 million annual budget for low power radio

transmitters. The transmitters will be located on ten plots of government-owned land on the Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota and Michigan borders. Highway signs will urge motorists to tune to 530 on the AM dial (except in Kenosha, where the dial position will be 1600 kHz).

Locations include Genoa City, Beloit, Kieler, Prairie du Chien, La Crosse, Hudson, Superior, Hurley, and Marinette, as well as Kenosha. Says the tourism's communications director Gary Knowles, "We think the return on the investment will be tremendous."

# Haiti Clamp Down

The Haitian media, which must feel like a yo-yo, has once again been muzzled. According to reports from Port-Au-Prince, the military government has now told radio stations that they can broadcast only officially approved news.

Effective immediately, even local news reports must be cleared through the state's Information Ministry which has also prohibited stations from "relaying or rebroadcasting any information on Haiti from stations broadcasting from abroad."

Radio is the main source of information in the impoverished Caribbean nation. Haiti shares the island of Hispanola with the Dominican Republic.

Our sincere thanks to: Anonymous, Gardiner, Maine; Dave Alpert, New York, New York; Dr. Edward Annendale; David Brooks, Athens, Georgia; Peter Cammer, Paletine, Illinois; Kent Carson, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Torkel Clark, Chico, California; Travis Cox, Virginia Beach, Virginia; David Cutter, Carrollton, Georgia; Greg Gilbert, Marietta, Georgia; Vernon Henninger, Bronx, New York; Ruth Hesch, White Plains, New York; Klio Hobbs, Tecumseh, Kasas; Ken Hydeman, Kettering, Ohio; Jeff Jacobsen; Donald Le Fevre, Forest Park, Georgia; Bruce D. Johnson, Athens, Georgia; Keough, Braintree, Massachusetts; Thomas McKeon, Indianapolis, Indiana; Vince Migliore, Petaluma, California; Michael Nabholz, San Diego, California; Jim Nieznanski, West Allis, Wisconsin; Dean F. Peaks, Chicago, Illinois; Allan Young, Grass Valley, California.

# The Flight of Columbia and Ron Parise - WA4SIR

by Larry Van Horn, N5FPW

EXCLUSIVE FOR MONITORING TIMES APRIL 1990

hen the countdown for the shuttle Columbia approaches "tee minus zero" next month, that brilliant orange column of flame and smoke will be carrying a very special passenger. Astronaut Ron Parise, a member of the Astro-1 mission crew, has been a Monitoring Times reader and a long-time ham radio operator.

Parise, amateur callsign WA4SIR, has received clearance from NASA to take his amateur radio equipment aboard the space shuttle and to communicate with hams around the world. Last week, *Monitoring Times* had a chance to talk with Dr. Parise about his upcoming STS-35 mission and the chance to become rare space DX for amateurs and listeners alike.

Ron was born May 24, 1951, in Warren, Ohio. After some prodding, Ron enrolled in a novice amateur radio class with a friend. By the age of eleven, he had passed the test and earned a license. "I had a Hallicrafters SX-100 that I used to listen to shortwave with," Ron said with excitement in his voice. "I was quite a radio buff."

But Ron also had stars on his mind, and his education in later years reflected this interest. He received a bachelor of science degree in physics, with minors in mathematics, astronomy, and geology from Youngstown State University, Ohio, in 1973. In 1977 and 1979, Ron received his master of science degree and a doctor of philosophy in astronomy from the University of Florida in Gainesville.

Over the years, Ron has held many amateur radio callsigns. He was the first ham radio operator in his family. "My dad later became interested in ham radio and got his ticket," Ron said. "We have regular schedules on 40 meters to keep in touch."

Ron is married to the former Cecelia M. Sokol of Youngstown, Ohio. They have two children, Nicholas and Katherine.

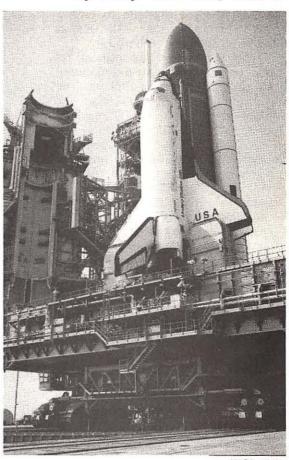
Since his selection for the Astro-1 mission, Ron has moved his family to Houston from their Silver Springs, Maryland, home, trading in his well-equipped shack for a much smaller setup in Houston. "I use a discone antenna in the attic on 2 meters. I've been using it to test the Motorola HT that I will carry into space next month."

Not only has Ron been testing the Motorola rig that will carry his voice transmissions from the shuttle, but he has also been testing the Heath pocket packet radio that will be used aboard Columbia.

"I tried it out on the recently launched Dove-1 amateur satellite launched by AMSAT (Amateur Satellite), Inc." Ron reports that he has been getting good reception. "The Dove satellite packet downlink on 145.825 MHz is quite loud and easily copied on my setup here in Houston."

What areas of amateur radio interest Ron the most? "I enjoy 40 readic shuttl also like experimental forms of communication." Ron has even communicated through several of the OSCAR (Orbiting Satellites Carrying Amateur Radio) satellites from his home station in Maryland.

Amateur radio is not Ron's only hobby. He also enjoys flying, scuba diving, sailing, hiking and camping. His astronomical professional prowess extends worldwide, as he is a member of several organizations including the American Astronomical Society, Society of Photo-optical Instrumentation Engineers and the Astronomical Society of the Pacific.



NASA photo

Columbia creeps up the ramp to the launch pad; the technical team readies the shuttle for launch as the shuttle crew practices and practices some more.

But amateur radio is still his favorite hobby and he is looking forward to operating ham radio in space during his first shuttle mission. The most exciting part, he says, will be "the chance to communicate with school children via voice modes using the Motorola radio. I hope to talk to students in over 40 schools from around the country."

Since the shuttle will be in a relatively low earth orbit, lengthy communications will not be possible. "They (the students) will probably only be able to tell me their names and where they live," Ron said. "But it's that chance to talk directly with an astronaut that will be especially exciting for the children".

Ron also admits that direct voice communications over the U.S. will not be possible for the majority of the mission. Almost apologetically, Ron says that most of the passes over the U.S. and Europe will occur in the middle of the night. He will only have about one hour during off duty time to turn on the voice portion of the experiment and work some stations. "The majority of my scheduled off time will occur over Australia and South America."

Selected amateur stations in Australia and HF [shortwave] stations in the U.S. have been designated to handle the communication downlink/uplink for the amateur radio voice experiments. "We have setup some gateway stations in Australia to help communicate with the school children," Ron said.

In fact, so important is this chance to chat with the kids that NASA has instituted some of its notorious back-up systems for the event. Ron said, "In case [reception conditions] between the U.S. and Australia are bad, we have leased some AT&T long lines to get the amateur communications through."

Voice communications will not be the only means of talking with the shuttle. With Ron's packet radio, digital communications will also be transmitted from the shuttle. Here's how it will work. An amateur radio operator on the ground will be able to transmit a packet radio signal to the Columbia. It in turn will send back a message followed by a conversation (QSO) number. The onboard system will then record the exchange for further replay on the ground after the mission is over with. This system will act as a logbook and record of the transmissions received by this portion of the amateur radio experiment.

A second digital mode of communication is the mega-beacon. Crew members will be able to load the packet system with a message up to 1700 characters for transmission to the ground. These messages will be transmitted at approximately 5 minute intervals. The messages will consist of amateur radio experiment schedules and mission updates from the shuttle. Schools involved in the amateur radio experiment from the shuttle will be able to interact with this experiment.

Ron says that the packet portion of this

mission's amateur radio experiment should be available for up to 12 hours a day and will be quite audible even on the simplest of scanner radios.

During the interview we asked Ron if they had learned anything from the first two ham in space missions. "Funny you should ask. We did learn a lesson from W5LFL-Owen Garriott's mission." The Motorola HT the Owen carried had a smart squelch installed. This "smart" squelch closed automatically when it determined that nothing but noise was detected.

Owen's amateur radio experiment was very popular, so popular in fact that at times over 500 amateur radio operators might be calling at once. Ron said, "that smart squelch wasn't so smart. It couldn't tell the difference between noise and 500 screaming hams so the squelch stayed closed automatically. Owen had to compensate by manually opening the squelch up to hear stations on the HT."

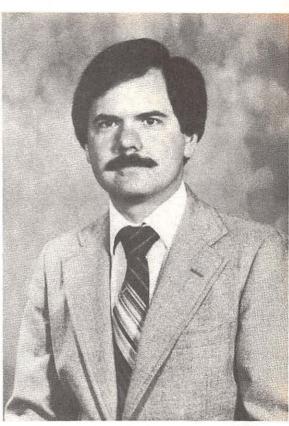
"We have overcome that problem this mission," Parise said. "My HT has been modified with a garden variety squelch like on a scanner, nothing fancy. Just a dumb squelch."

Our biggest surprise during the interview was to learn that Ron has been a subscriber to *Monitoring Times*. "Yes, I can remember the days of the old tabloid style MT," Ron said.

So there you have it, an astronaut's view of his forthcoming mission in space, one that will surely attract a lot of interest amongst MT readers. Ron even sent a message to all our MT readers, "I am sure it will be great fun, and I am looking forward to the chance to work amateur radio from the shuttle."

How can you get in on the fun? If you're not licensed and want to tune in, punch up 145.550 MHz on your scanner and sit back. As Ron mentioned, his "windows" will be short, so be patient.

If you have a shortwave radio, you can follow along by tuning in the transmissions of the Goddard Amateur Radio Club. The Goddard Space Flight Center Amateur Radio



NASA

Ronald Parise of Computer Sciences Corporation, joins the next shuttle mission as a payload specialist to work with the Ultraviolet Astronomical Telescope. But he'll also be communicating to earth via amateur radio and packet radio.

Club, W3NAN, retransmits the astronauts' voice links during unclassified shuttle missions on several ham frequencies in single sideband.

For this mission, they offer a continuous transmission on 14295 kHz, a daytime transmission from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. on 7185 kHz, and a nighttime transmission from 6 to 10 p.m. on 3860 kHz. Two additional frequencies, 21395 and 28650, will be used depending upon propagation conditions. For those within 100 miles of Greenbelt, Maryland, a continuous transmission is also available at 147.45 MHz FM.

Frank Bower of the Goddard Amateur Radio Club advises both amateurs and monitors to tune in to these frequencies for the latest frequency updates as well as orbital information regarding the location of the shuttle. Propagation conditions may play a large part in what frequencies will be used, but the Radio Club will keep you informed.



The STS G1-E crew undergoes training; Astronaut Robert Parker briefs payload specialists during a training session at the Johnson Space Center.

Direct downlinks from the shuttle may be heard during overhead passes on 259.7 MHz (primary) and 296.8 MHz (secondary) in the AM mode. The U.S. Air Force Ascension Island tracking station often receives mission audio on or near 20192 kHz (single sideband) from the Cape Canaveral Air Force Station which, in turn, frequently communicates with ships and aircraft on 10780 and 5190 kHz upper sideband.

Remember, although this mission is scheduled for early May, launch dates change often. Keep your eyes on the newspapers for updates. Then put your ears to the radio and take part in a rare chance to touch the skies. You just may get the chance to catch some interesting conversations from a man who has something very much in common with you -- a love of radio.

mt

A comprehensive list of NASA frequencies is contained in Bob Grove's new <u>Shortwave Directory</u> available from Grove Enterprises.

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# Amateur Radio

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# Beyond HCJB \_\_\_\_

# Going after the real DX in Ecuador



by Don Moore

Photos by Don Moore and Theresa Bries

enough to escape the tropical heat.

which Ecuador gets its name, they are high

you haven't heard Ecuador by now, you haven't been trying. No one can miss those high-powered Voice of the Andes transmitters. Thanks to those missionarieswith-a-microphone, Ecuador is one of the first countries most shortwave hobbyists hear and verify.

But just a moment -- what's this? Isn't there something peeking out from behind HCJB's curtain antennas? Yes, there's something back there, hidden by the immensity of those huge antennas. Could it be -- yes, it is! -- dozens of small shortwave stations, just waiting to be logged.

coastal lowlands, where mainly mestizo, black and Asiatic people live. Historically, this region was sparsely populated, due to intense tropical heat and humidity. But in modern times, people moved into the costa to take advantage of that same climate. Today, this is the region of big agricultural exports including bananas, coffee, and cocoa. Local shrimp farming has expanded to make Ecuador a leading exporter.

Going inland, we come to the "sierra," or Andes Mountains. Actually, the sierra is two mountain ranges running down the center of the country, separated by a number of high basins. The basins range from eight to ten

Finally, east of the sierra is the "oriente," the jungle lowlands flanking great rivers like the Napo and Pastaza, which eventually flow into an even greater river -- the Amazon. Although this region is a full third of Ecuador's area, for centuries it was populated by little more than head-hunting Indians and a few brave missionaries. But in recent years, the Ecuadorian government has taken firm control over the region and mestizo farmers are rapidly moving in to carve homes out of the wilderness. This has been hastened by the discovery and exploitation of

Compared to most third-world countries, Ecuador has a lot going for it. Most of the country is fertile, so Ecuador produces most of its own food, and agriculture forms a key part of its exports. Because Ecuador's agricultural production is varied, it is not as dependent on the ups and downs of international trade as are one-crop economies. Moreover, oil from the oriente means cheap gasoline locally, and added money for the national government.

huge oil reserves in the northern oriente.

In recent years, Ecuador has built an extensive network of paved roads linking all major towns. Good roads, combined with cheap gasoline and the country's small size, has given Ecuador one of the best and cheapest transportation systems on the continent, helping the country to industrialize.



Otavalo's Radio Bahai is the only radio station in the world run by the Bahai faith.

# The Country

Before we get to the radio stations, let's take a quick look at the countryside which is their home. Ecuador is a compact country. Its ten and a half million inhabitants live in an area the size of Colorado. The people are about 40 percent Indian, 40 percent mestizo (mixed Indian-European), 10 percent European and 10 percent African or Asian.

Since seasons don't change on the equator, altitude determines climate, which in turn determines a region's economy. Like Colombia to the north and Peru to the south, Ecuador is divided into three distinct regions.

On the west is the "costa," or Pacific

thousand feet high, which lifts them above the tropical heat to a comfortable year-round spring-like climate.

Most of the Indian population lives here, mainly producing vegetables, grains and potatoes for local consumption. Once a region of huge haciendas worked by poor Indian peasants, land reform is breaking the large landholdings of the sierra into small family farms and cooperatives.

Ecuador's 30 volcanos are found in the sierra. Only three are active, including Cotopaxi, the world's highest active volcano. Most of the highest mountains are not topped with fire and smoke, but rather the exact opposite -- ice and snow. Although these mountains are almost on the equator, from

### The Stations

Broadcasting in Ecuador is a lot different from, say, broadcasting in Colombia, which is dominated by huge networks, or broadcasting in Peru, which in some parts of the country is still in its infancy (see "Peru, DXing the Land of the Incas," September 1989 Monitoring Times).

Two factors have influenced this. First, there's Ecuador's well-populated, compact size. Demographically, Ecuador can be seen as two large cities, Quito and Guayaquil, and a number of mid-sized provincial (state) capitals and other main towns closely surrounded by small villages. Secondly, there's Ecuador's stable diversified economy and the prosperity it has brought.

Because of Ecuador's size, stations can be located in relatively few principal towns. Unlike Peru, even the most remote areas are close to a provincial capital. Because Ecuador has a well-developed infrastructure including good transportation, cheap electrical power and a strong commercial base, radio stations are generally better established, more prosperous, more powerful and more professional.

The negative side to this, from the DXer's point of view, is that there is far less need to use shortwave. Many commercial stations get by fine without shortwave. Still, about a dozen of Ecuador's older and more important commercial broadcasters use shortwave to reach a national audience, and a few others use it to reach remote communities in the

There is, however, another sizable group of shortwave broadcasters in Ecuador -religious stations. The Catholic Church has a large network of stations throughout the country, many operated by the Franciscan Order. While some are aimed primarily at city dwellers, others broadcast to rural peasants, sometimes with programming in the Quechua Indian language. Most of the Catholic stations are affiliated with the liberal "Liberation Theology" wing of the Catholic Church which works to improve the lot of the peasants through education, so they can assume greater control over their own lives.

Aside from HCJB, Protestant churches haven't been very active. Radio Rio Amazonas, which broadcasts in Spanish and Indian languages to the oriente region, is the only other Protestant station. A tribe of former headhunters who once killed a group of missionaries from HCJB is one of its prime

target groups.

There is yet another religious station in Ecuador, and a very unique one at that. Ecuador is home to the only shortwave station in the world run by the Bahai faith. Called Radio Bahai, it is located in Otavalo, an Indian market town. Programs in Spanish and Quechua teach better health and sanitation practices and promote family togetherness.

# Going after the DX

Ecuadorian stations are well heard in North America in both the morning and evening. In the winter they begin fading in around 2300 UTC on the east coast, but come in best after 0100. In the morning, they can be heard starting at sign-on, which varies from 0900 to 1100. Thanks to their relatively higher powers and the short skywave distance, many Ecuadorian shortwave outlets can be well heard even in the summer, although for fewer hours.

Get started now, work through the summer, and knock off the easier ones. Then go after the harder ones when conditions improve again in the fall.

Programming on Ecuadorian stations follows the pattern seen in much of the Andes. Generally big city stations have set formats, while small town stations broadcast in program blocks, with an hour of folk music followed by an hour of rock, which in turn

may be followed by romantic music or even a soap opera.

The first program of the day is usually a folk music wake-up program aimed at the "campesinos" (peasant farmers). Most DXers should be familiar with this music from HCJB. If not, HCJB has a weekly 15 minute program called Musica del Ecuador that is tailor-made for the potential DXer of Ecuador.

Generally, programming is in Spanish. Andean Indians of Ecuador are more likely to understand Spanish than those of Peru or Bolivia. However, some religious stations have programs in Quechua. A few religious stations in the oriente, like Radio Rio Amazonas, broadcast in jungle tribal languages.

As elsewhere in Latin America, some Ecuadorian stations will turn off their shortwave transmitter for months or years at a time, then suddenly reappear again. Overall, though, the Ecuadorian broadcasting scene is very stable. A reference such as Passport to World Band Radio or the World Radio TV Handbook can be helpful with the one or two new stations that usually pop up each year.

my wife and I spent vagabonding in Ecuador. I remember one hot and humid afternoon when we hopped off the bus in Quevedo, a small banana city on the coastal plain. After finding a cheap "fleabag" hotel, we went out in search of the local shortwave station. After a few blocks, we stopped at a small fruit stand for a glass of chilled pineapple juice, then went to sit in the park.

Needing a shoeshine, Theresa called over one of the shoeshine boys, who brought along a dozen companions. Surrounded by curious boys between eight and fourteen years old and dressed in T-shirts, shorts and sneakers, we fielded questions.

So many questions they asked us! Where were we from? Did we come on a plane? Is it cold in the U.S.? Are there shoeshine boys in the U.S.? They were surprised to hear that there aren't. Obviously, if they were to become illegal immigrants, they would have to find a new line of employment.

Gradually the crowd around us grew as more children, and even a few adults, joined the group. The boys taught us some local



The San Francisco Church and monastery in downtown Quito are home to Radio Jesus de Gran Poder.

Still, keeping track of recent DX news will help you know which hard ones are being heard, and which inactive stations have turned their transmitters back on.

With a few exceptions, Ecuadorian stations are among the best verifiers in Latin America. Because the stations are more prosperous, staffs are larger, better paid, and more likely to have a little free time to answer mail. Several have their own OSL cards, and a few even send out pennants. Just be sure to write a good Spanish report, and include mint stamps or a U.S. dollar bill to cover return postage.

This theory was borne out during the time

Spanish slang, and then asked us about some words in English. Sadly, these boys, like so many in Latin America, had formed an image of the U.S. based on the movies they saw. Excessive violence and easy sex with everchanging partners were part of day-to-day life in the United States, as they saw it. As we said goodbye, I could only hope that we had given them another image of Americans.

Armed with simple instructions, we soon found our goal a few blocks down the street. A large wooden "Ondas Quevedanas" sign hung across the main street, with an arrow pointing up the adjoining side street. Around the corner and up three doors was an



Most SWLs have mailed a letter to HCJB at Box 691, Quito, Ecuador.

old neon station sign, which still listed the station's frequencies as 3308 and 635 kHz, which hadn't been used since the 1960s.

The huge double doors were open, so in we walked. When I explained to the secretary that I was a listener from the United States, she became very excited and, like her townsmen in the park, began asking us all sorts of questions. Moments later, the station's manager Maruja Jaramillo, joined us. She took us on a tour of their aged facilities.

Behind the offices was a small concrete-floored auditorium seating about a hundred on folding chairs. This was used for live programming, including open-mike talent shows every Sunday morning and evening. Beside the auditorium was a stairway leading up to the three studios. In addition to the main studio, where the DJ manned the console and spun his own disks, there was a separate studio for reading the news and a third studio for recording programs in advance. Also on the second floor was a plush carpeted conference room for about thirty persons, occasionally used to broadcast important local meetings.

Back downstairs we had another introduction to make. Station owner Humberto Alvarado had just arrived on his weekly visit from Guayaquil. At Don Humberto's instruction, Maruja took Theresa and I back upstairs and told the DJ to record an interview with us for later broadcast. He put an LP on the turntable to keep the listeners occupied, and plopped a cassette in the deck in the recording studio.

For the third time in little more than an hour, we found ourselves fielding questions on the U.S. and our visit to Ecuador. Being interviewed in Spanish for a radio broadcast wasn't quite so frightening this time since we had already rehearsed the answers to the questions twice.

Back downstairs again, Don Humberto asked us how the interview went, then invited us to spend the night in his Guayaquil home.

"Sure," we replied, hardly regretting the three dollars we had already spent on our ramshackle hotel. After picking up our luggage, Don Humberto drove to the town's outskirts to check on things at a luxurious secluded hotel he owned. Besides giving us our only glimpse of a first-class Ecuadorian

hotel, we were able to visit the neighboring Ondas Quevedanas transmitter site, planted among Don Humberto's grove of 2,000 citrus trees.

Then we had a three hour joy ride to Guayaquil. Along the way our host frequently stopped at familiar roadstands to sample unusual fruits, delicious charcoal roasted beef and frozen coconut milk popsicles. As we nibbled, he informed us that he also owned an FM station in Quevedo and a mediumwave station, Radio Novedades, in Guayaquil. In addition, he was a professor of journalism at the University of Guayaquil and vice-president of the Ecuadorian Press Federation.

He lived with his wife, six sons and a daughter in a spacious and beautiful apartment in downtown Guayaquil. The youngest child has just graduated from high school, but all the children still lived at home. We talked with family members, had a typically late (9 p.m.) supper, and then Don Humberto and his wife, Daisy, took us on a late night drive through Guayaquil.

A daytime tour of very modern and beautiful Guayaquil was taken the next morning. Daisy's press credentials were used to get us a tour of a banana boat. A lawyer and a painter, Daisy also took us to a gallery displaying some of her works.

Lunch at 2 p.m. was typically Ecuadorian. Besides delicious local food, another difference in eating with the Alvarado family was that they employed two young servant girls. As soon as a salad was finished, it was replaced by a bowl of soup. When the soup was gone, the bowl was whisked away in exchange for the main course, in turn replaced by dessert. Middle class Americans, we were not used to this kind of service in private homes.

After lunch we said goodbye to this

wonderful family. Don Humberto drove us to the bus station and bought our tickets to Ouito.

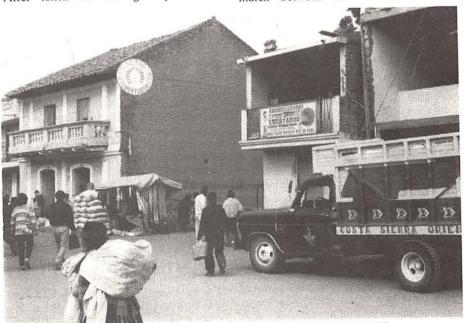
# Radio Quito

Ecuador's capital city is a door-to-door DXer's dream. There are nearly a dozen shortwave stations to visit. I was especially interested in visiting Radio Quito, as a good example of a large commercial station in Ecuador. The station is owned by "El Commercio," Ecuador's most important newspaper and is located in the newspaper's office building, just a half block from the main plaza in downtown Quito.

Soon I was knocking on station Vice-President Jose Almeida's door. Pleased to have a surprise visit to relieve the day's monotony, Senor Almeida graciously took me on a tour of the facilities. Radio Quito's spacious offices and modern studios occupy the building's entire fourth floor. He explained that this gives the engineers easy access to the rooftop FM and UHF antennas which relay programming to the main AM and shortwave antennas high on Mount Pichincha, overlooking Quito.

Befitting the station's ownership, thirteen out of nineteen daily programming hours are devoted to news and sports. In fact, Radio Quito is Ecuador's primary news station. Still, it is not a big station, and only employs about 25 people.

Radio Quito began transmissions in April 1940, making it one of the first stations to air in Ecuador. Five months later, on August 18, 1940, it was officially inaugurated in a ceremony conducted by then-president Julio E. Moreno. On July 20, 1941, Radio Quito became the first station in Ecuador to retransmit a broadcast from the U.S. when it picked up the world championship boxing match between Joe Louis and Chilean



Indians coming to market pass by La Voz de Saquisili.

challenger Arturo Godoy. During this event loudspeakers were hooked up in one of the plazas so even those without radios could listen. During these early years, Radio Quito was affiliated with CBS in the U.S. and also carried some BBC programming.

For the DXer, Radio Quito is one of the more easily heard of Ecuador's small broadcasters. It's also the country's best verifier, after HCJB. Every reception report is verified with a folding multi-lingual QSL card, a small pennant and a sticker. They even accept reception reports in English, French and Italian, as well as Spanish (although I still recommend using Spanish).

Word of Quito's generosity has gotten around. The station receives around twenty reception reports weekly -- an amazing number for such a small broadcaster. But they appreciate every report. After being verified, each one is neatly placed in a three ring binder, and placed in a cabinet.

#### Radio Pastaza

A few days later, Theresa and I had made our way to El Puyo, the center of development of Ecuador's Amazon frontier. El Puyo is a sizable town, almost a small city, but still very rough and wild, like the frontier town it is. The downtown is a collection of mud streets and hastily constructed rough-hewn wooden buildings painted in bright colors. Tropical music blares from the doorways of numerous cantinas. El Puyo is home to a very different example of an Ecuadorian commercial station, Radio Pastaza.

I still remember climbing up Radio Pastaza's narrow staircase to the third floor of a rare cement block building on El Puyo's main street. At the top of the stairs was a small waiting room with a few benches, which led into a sparse office mainly decorated by cheesecake and record promotion posters. Two small rooms opening onto the office served as record library and the station's only studio.

Only two announcers were present, one spinning discs, the other doing paperwork. The DJ on duty quickly put an LP on the turntable so he could talk to the visiting gringo without interruption. The main thing on their minds was whether sex in the United States was as easy as movies portray it.

After we got around their main topic of interest, the two announcers explained that Radio Pastaza is the main commercial broadcaster in the province. Its competition is two other commercial stations and the Protestant missionary station, Radio Rio Amazonas.

Radio Pastaza, they told me, is one of the few radio stations in Ecuador owned by a trade union, in this case, the El Puyo taxidrivers' union. The union president doubles as station manager, which is why he wasn't in the office. He was out driving his taxi around the muddy streets, honking his horn in the eternal search for passengers. The

announcers were kind enough to type me a QSL letter, so I had no complaints.

On shortwave, Radio Pastaza is one of those on-again, off-again Latin American broadcasters that unpredictably go off the air for months or more at a time, to return again just as unpredictably. After a lengthy inactive period, the station reactivated yet again in the fall of 1989. Unfortunately, Radio Pastaza is not a very reliable verifier, QSLs being as irregular as the broadcasts. Perhaps the double duty that many of the staff members have as taxi drivers accounts for this irregularity.

# Radio Paz y Bien

From Puyo we traveled to Ambato. Almost totally destroyed by an earthquake in 1948, the colonial character of this city of nearly 100,000 was wiped out. It was rebuilt as a modern city with many shops, bakeries and banks. An annual Fruit and Flower Festival, held the weekend before Lent, made our several day visit worthwhile. City schools filled with fruit and flower exhibits. Flower draped balconies, parades of people in gay

various times throughout the day, including the 1000 UTC sign-on. Several prayers are scheduled, and the Rosary is read three times daily. Every morning from 8:30-9 a.m., the padre presents "La Hora del Hogar" (The Home Hour) where he chats on various themes related to the family.

At many spots on the schedule there is an hour or a half-hour of "Pensamiento," or "thought," where instrumental music is played, occasionally interrupted by the announcer reading short thoughts for the day, such as, "It is not only lazy to do nothing, but you could do something better and don't," or "It is impossible to conceive what God is capable of doing with a soul, so leave the work to God."

We had just finished discussing the programming when Padre Enrique Pesantez walked in. We took to him immediately. When I mentioned I still had the letter he had written to me in 1974, he uttered a long-drawn-out "Caramba!" He peppers his conversation with "caramba!" and "puchica!", sort of Spanish equivalents of "wow!" and "how 'bout that!".

Here was an enthusiastic man, full of life



Radio Tarqui is one of the most important commercial broadcasters in Quito.

costumes, Ecuadorian folk music concerts and street dances completed the scene.

Ambato is home to Radio Paz y Bien (Radio Peace and Good), a common station in the mornings on 4820 kHz with its Ecuadorian folk music. I was especially interested in meeting Padre Enrique Pesantez, who had signed my 1974 verification letter. When Theresa and I arrived, the padre was out, but Rosa, who seemed to double as announcer and secretary, showed us around.

It is a very modern station, with new equipment purchased in 1980. There are separate studios for the fully automated FM service and MW/SW service, both independently programmed. Yet the station only employed six people!

Rosa gave us a good description of station programming. Ecuadorian music is on at and joy which he spreads to those in his presence, smiles popping up all around. Pure energy glowed from his short mediumbuilt body. Ecuadorian by birth and a priest of the Franciscan order, he founded the station on June 12, 1952. It is his life.

"Because many people do not come to church, we have to go to them via radio," he says. The station's objectives are faith and culture -- propagating the Christian faith and Ecuadorian culture.

He went to his office and brought out two reception reports, one each from Australia and New Zealand. "They write about the station. Caramba! People all over the world write me. They send all kinds of things, cassettes of the station." He knows no English, nor does anyone at the station, so he asked us to translate the reports, which were



Radio Paz y Bien is Padre Enrique's life work.

written in English. Going through the program details, he noted, "The morning program, they heard the morning program."

Then into his office where he hunted among piles of books and papers, finally coming up with the prize -- the two most recent cassettes, one from Italy and one from Sweden. The padre gets a kick out of all this. Not only does the station minister to the local community, but Radio Paz y Bien sends Ambato and Ecuador to the world and brings the whole world back again. He has a stack of verification cards to send to those wonderful people all over the world who wrote to him.

I asked him if I could take a picture of him by the sign over the front door. "Caramba!" he exclaimed, straightening up. He hurried around the station to who knows what purpose, save to tell those present that he was getting his picture taken. Below the sign he stood, full of pride, as I snapped two pictures.

"Come on in," he shouted, "Let's take one of the studio." Bustling around the somewhat confused young man in the AM/shortwave studio, he cleaned off the console for the picture, then stepped aside as it was taken. "Now the FM studio," and he hurried to get Rosa and Juanita, another young female employee of the station, in the picture. The women cleared off a knitting project one had left on the FM console and giddily posed for the picture. "Caramba!"

We should have been sad to say goodbye to Radio Paz y Bien, but in the company of such a man as Padre Enrique, it is impossible to be sad for a moment. It was a gem of a station visit, but then the padre is a gem among men.

Door-to-door DXing is always adventurous, always fun, always new. In the end, it always seems to be the people at each station, like Padre Enrique, that make each visit unique, worthwhile and memorable.

Well, it's time to see what else Ecuador has to offer. Turn on those radios, and buena sintonia!! (good listening!!)

# DXing ECUADOR

- 3220 HCJB, La Voz de los Andes. What's this one doing here? I thought we said HCJB was easy. Well, this is the hard way to log HCJB, via a 10 kW transmitter, with programs in the Quechua language. This is one of the easier signals to hear on 90 meters, so when it's in well, go looking for the rare ones.
- 3240 Radio Antena Libre. As its name implies, "Radio Liberated Antenna" is a Catholic Liberation Theology station. It is one of the most rarely logged Ecuadorians, but try for it evenings and mornings.
- Ecos del Oriente. Another rare one, this time from the oil region of the Oriente.
- Voz del Napo. Another La Catholic station, this is the best heard 90 meter Ecuadorian after HCJB. Its schedule is 1000-0300, although sign-off is occasionally
- 3286 La Voz del Rio Tarqui is one of the smallest and poorest stations in Cuenca. Usually heard with folk music.
- 3290 The newest Ecuadorian on the shortwave bands is Ambato's Radio Centro. It's not strong, but is frequently heard in the mornings.
- El Puvo's taxi-driver owned station, Radio Pastaza, is one of those onagain, off-again stations. Lately it's been "on," so look for it around 1000 sign-on or evenings to is 0400 sign-
- 3325 Quevedo's Ondas Quevedanas has been inactive for several years. But who knows, it's been inactive before and could reappear anytime.
- Santo Domingo's Radio Zaracay used to be much better heard, but a new directional antenna for the Galapagos Islands isn't sending much signal our way these days. Still, it is sometimes heard.
- Radio Nacional Espejo is another on-again, off-again station in the "on" mode. This is one of Quito's most popular folk music stations.
- La Voz de las Caras. Recently inactive, this is one of the few stations in the Ecuadorian coast.
- Cuenca's Radio Popular is one of the oldest SW stations in Ecuador. The best time to hear this one is during one of their occasional allnighters. It's usually covered by Guatemala.

- 4820 Padre Enrique Pesantez's Radio Paz y Bien can frequently be heard in the morning, before the Honduran station comes on.
- 4840 If Venezuela's Radio Valera is off the air, you might get lucky and log Ecuador's Radio Interoceanica, but it will take a lot of trying.
- Southern Ecuador's Catholic radio voice is Radio Luz y Vida, or "Radio Light and Life" in Loja. This one is better heard in the morning.
- 4870 Radio Rio Amazonas, Ecuador's other Protestant missionary station, is usually well heard at sign-on, which can vary from 1000 to 1100. Programming is in local Indian languages, and sometimes features some very unique music.
- 4890 Radio Centinela del Sur is Loja's onagain, off-again station. In one of its prouder moments, this station relayed the Apollo Moon landing via the Voice of America.
- 4900 La Voz de Saquisili occasionally pops up here, but it's off the air more than it's on.
- 4920 Look for Radio Quito here mornings and evenings. Most programming is news, sports and other talk.
- Radio Federacion is the Catholic equivalent to Radio Rio Amazonas. It also broadcasts in the Amazon Indian language and plays their unusual music. Try for it mornings, or early evenings. Sign-off is 0100.
- 4977 Radio Tarqui is so popular in Quito, that in 1985 its owner was elected mayor! Unfortunately, it's very irregular on SW.
- 5030 Radio Catolica Nacional is easy to hear when Costa Rican Radio Impacto isn't using this frequency.
- 5040 Another Catholic jungle station is La Voz del Upano, scheduled from 1100-0300.
- Radio Jesus del Gran Poder is run by Franciscan monks in downtown Quito. Usually easy around 1000 or
- Loja's Radio Nacional Progreso is irregular, but strong when it's on. The morning folk music and ad program at 1000 is a good time to try.
- The Ecuadorian Navy operates HD2IOA, the local equivalent to WWV. Try for the time pips and Spanish time announcements during the evening.

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Uniden Corporation of America has purchased the consumer products line of Regency Electronics Inc. for \$12,000,000. To celebrate this purchase, we're having our largest scanner sale in history! Use the coupon in this ad for big savings. Hurry...offer ends September 30, 1990.

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List price \$499.95/CE price \$254.95/SPECIAL 12-Bend, 100 Channel • Crystalless • AC/DC Frequencyrange: 29-54,118-174, 406-512, 808-956 MHz. Excludes 823.9875-849.0125 and 868.9875-894.0125 MHz. The Bearcat 760XLT has 100 programmable channels organized as five channel banks for easy use, and 12 bands of coverage including the 800 MHz. band. The *Bearcat* 760XLT mounts neatly under the dash and connects directly to fuse block or battery. The unit also has an AC adaptor, flip down stand and telescopic antenna for desk top use. 6-5/16" W x 1%" H x 7%" D. Model BC 590XLT-A is a similar version without the 800 MHz. band for only \$199.95. Order your scanner from CEI today.

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XE777S-A Uniden cordless speakerphone\$10	9.95
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KT280-A Uniden Family phone with 911 feature\$2	9.95
FF150-A Uniden Executive phone\$3	9.95

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List price \$587.50/CE price \$299.95/SPECIAL 16 Channel • 25 Watt Transceiver • Priority The RELM RH256B is a sixteen-channel VHF land mobile transceiver designed to cover any frequency between 150 to 162 MHz. Since this radio is synthesized, no expensive crystals are needed to store up to 16 frequencies without battery backup. All radios come with CTCSS tone and scanning capabilities. A monitor and night/day switch is also standard. This transceiver even has a priority function. The RH256 makes an ideal radio for any police or fire department volunteer because of its low cost and high performance. A 60 Watt VHF 150-162 MHz. version called the RH606B-A is available for \$429.95. A UHF 15 watt, 16 channel version of this radio called the RU156B-A is also available and covers 450-482 MHz. but the cost is \$454.95.

### \*\*\* Uniden CB Radios \*\*\*

The Uniden line of Citizens Band Radio transceivers is styled to compliment other mobile audio equipment. Uniden CB radios are so reliable that they have a two year limited warranty. From the feature packed PRO 810E to the 310E handheld, there is no better Citizens Band radio on the market today.

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RD90GT1-A Uniden remote mount radar detector...\$109.95
RD99GT-A Uniden remote mount radar detector...\$119.95 CARD-A Uniden credit card size radar detector.

Bearcat® 200XLT-A
List price \$509.95/CE price \$239.95/SPECIAL
12-Band, 200 Channel • 800 MHz. Handheld
Search • Limit • Hold • Priority • Lockout
Frequency range: 29-54, 118-174, 406-512, 806-956 MHz.
Excludes 823.9875-849.0125 and 868.9875-894.0125 MHz. The Bearcat 200XLT sets a new standard for handheld scanners in performance and dependability. This full featured unit has 200 programmable channels with 10 scanning banks and 12 band coverage. If you want a very similar model without the 800 MHz. band and 100 channels, order the BC 100XLT-A for only \$189.95. Includes antenna, carrying case with belt loop, ni-cad battery pack, AC adapter and earphone. Order your scanner now.

Bearcat® 800XLT-A

List price \$549.95/CE price \$239.95/SPECIAL 12-Band, 40 Channel . No-crystal scanner Priority control • Search/Scan • AC/DC Bands: 29-54, 118-174, 406-512, 806-912 MHz. Excludes 823.9875-849.0125 and 868.9875-894.0125 MHz. The Uniden 800XLT receives 40 channels in two banks. Scans 15 channels per second. Size 91/4" x 41/2" x 121/2. If you do not need the 800 MHz. band, a similar model called the BC 210XLT-A is available for \$178.95.

Bearcat® 145XL-A

List price \$189.95/CE price \$94.95/SPECIAL 10-Band, 16 Channel • No-crystal scanner
Priority control • Weather search • AC/DC
Bands: 29-54, 136-174, 406-512 MHz.
The Bearcat 145XL is a 16 channel, programmable

scanner covering ten frequency bands. The unit features a built-in delay function that adds a three second delay on all channels to prevent missed transmissions. A mobile version called the BC560XLT-A featuring priority, weather search, channel lockout and more is available for \$94.95. CEI's package price includes mobile mounting bracket and mobile power cord.

President® HR2510-A

List price \$499.95/CE price \$239.95/SPECIAL List price \$499.95/CE price \$239.95/\$PECIAL
10 Meter Mobile Transceiver • Digital VFO
Full Band Coverage • All-Mode Operation
Backlit liquid crystal display • Auto Squelch
RIT • Preprogrammed 10 KHz. Channels
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If you purchase a scanner, CB, radar detector or cordless phone from any store in the U.S. or Canada within the last 30 days, you can get up to four years of extended service contract from Warrantech. This service extension plan begins after the manufacturer's warranty expires. Warrantech will perform all necessary labor and will not charge for return shipping. Extended service contracts are not refundable and apply only to the original purchaser. Warrantech does not apply only to the original purchaser. Warrantect noes hot have an extended warranty plan for handheld scanners. For mobile or base scanners, CB radios or radar detectors a 1 year extended warranty is \$19.9, two years is \$39.99 and four years is \$59.99. Order your service contract today.

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FBE-A Frequency Directory for Eastern U.S.A.
FBW-A Frequency Directory for Western U.S.A.
FBU1-A MI, IL, IN, KY, OH, WI Frequency Directory.
RFD2-A CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT Directory.
RFD3-A DE, DC, MD, NJ, NY, PA, VA, WV Dir.
RFD4-A AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, PR, SC, TN, VI
RFD5-A AK, ID, IA, MN, MT, NE, ND, OR, SD, WA, WY \$14 95 \$14.95 \$14.95 \$14.95 \$14.95 \$14.95 RFD6-A CA, NV, UT, AZ, HI, GU Freq. Directory, RFD7-A CO, KS, MO, NM, OK, TX Freq. Directory \$14.95 \$14.95 ASD-A Airplane Scanner Directory.
SRF-A Survival Radio Frequency Directory
TSG-A "Top Secret" Registry of U.S. Govt. Freq.
TTC-A Tune in on telephone calls. \$14.95 \$14.95 \$14.95 \$14.95 CBH-A Big CB Handbook/AM/FM/Freeband....
TIC-A Techniques for Intercepting Communications \$14 95 \$14.95 \$14 95 \$14.95 CIE-A Covert Intelligence, Elect. Eavesdropping MFF-A Midwest Federal Frequency directory... \$14 95 \$14.95 A60-A Magnet mount mobile scanner antenna A70-A Base station scanner antenna \$34 95 USAMM-A Mag mount VHF ant. w/ 12' cable ... USAK-A %" hole mount VHF ant. w/ 17' cable ... \$39.95 Add \$4.00 shipping for all accessories ordered at the same time. Add \$12.00 shipping per radio and \$4.00 per antenna.

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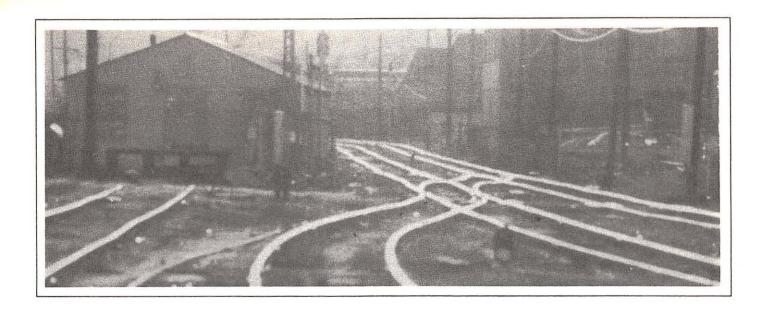
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# An Ear to the Rails

Story and photos by Bruce K. Heald

"We hit a bulldozer! We hit a bulldozer!" The frantic call of the engineer over the railroad dispatcher's frequency brought me right up out of my chair.

I was working a booth at an outdoor industrial show and had been aware of the sound of a freight train passing behind the show grounds. The train had been moving slowly when I heard the train brakes being

applied. And then came the engineer's frantic call over my scanner.

Railroading has come a long way since its beginnings early in the last century. Back then, a crude little wood-burning locomotive pulled two or three fourwheel cars along two wooden rails. Communication with a train wasn't really considered important. Each railroad only ran a few miles and only had one locomotive and a few cars. Ten miles an hour

was considered fast! After the train left its point of origin, it wasn't heard from again until it returned.

As time went on, business picked up and operating more than one train became necessary. Some way had to be developed to keep trains from running into each other and also to get them by one another. Some railroads built a side track at each station and erected a post half way between stations.

The first train to reach a half-way post had the right-of-way over any train they met from that point to the next station. The other train would have to back up to the last station and into the siding. This system produced some interesting confrontations and not a few

cracked headlights.

The coming of the telegraph to railroading in the 1850s brought the first real means of communication with trains. A centrally located train dispatcher would use Morse code to send instructions and messages to trackside stations over a wire strung along the track from station to station.

The station agent would copy the instructions on a form that to this day is called a "train order." He would then give this to the train crew when the train arrived at his station.

Trains could now be held for the arrival of other trains or instructed to meet a train at a station several miles down the track. All manner of instructions could now be passed along to stations or between stations. The same basic communications system remained in use on railroads for more than one hundred years.



Amtrack, Groton, CT

Potential problems such as a sticking brake can be detected by trackside or on-board sensors and the data transmitted directly to the crew, reducing the need for caboose or trackside employees.

As the number of trains and their speeds increased, so did the need to keep trains moving. Someone came up with the idea of putting the train orders and messages on the end of a stick and having the station agent stand beside the track and hold the stick up so the train crew could grab the orders without stopping the train.

The first sticks used on most roads were bamboo with the end curved around into a hoop so that the train crew could lean out of the train and snag the hoop end with an out-stretched arm. While the bamboo hoop was replaced over the years with forked sticks in the shape of a "Y," the term "hooping orders" is still used on railroads today.

From my own long experience I can tell you that standing beside a track holding a train order "hoop" high in the air as a huge train comes by takes nerves of steel and no small degree of skill. You have to be close enough so the engineer can reach the orders tied in a string held across the open end of the fork, yet far enough back so you won't get hit.

Now throw in two or more tracks, rain, snow, ice, fog, dark of night, and the train-wire dispatcher's phone ringing off the hook behind you (more orders).

In the early years of affirmative action, I remember one female new hire who, being sent out to hoop up orders to a train, took one look at that train thundering down upon her, dropped the stick, ran for her car and was never seen again.

The movement of thundering trains through all kinds of weather and conditions was and is an intricate choreography that leaves no room for mistakes. I worked stations where some trains were scheduled to pass on the half minute. It remains drama at its best.

Listening in on all the action years ago required a knowledge of Morse Code and many a boy learned it just hanging around the station. After all, that's where the action was in most towns.

Morse gave way to voice in the 1950s on most U.S. railroads and putting on the agent's headset and listening in on the "train wire" became the privileged way for a boy to hear what was happening up and down the railroad.

The coming of reliable radio technology brought profound changes to railroad communications and operations in the late 1970s and 1980s. In railroad-

Amtrak, New London, CT
In busy stations, there is no room for mistakes;
Radio has now largely replaced hand signals, flares,

or locomotive whistles for communication.

ing today, the dispatcher talks directly with the train crew by radio as the train moves along the track. The stations and those who manned them for the most part are gone. Where they remain, hoops and hand and lantern signals are no longer needed. One just keys the mike. The action has moved from the train wire to the radio.



Boston & Maine, Bellows Falls, VT

Requiring nerves of steel, a station agent hoops up orders to the rear end; 1962





Trackside electronic sensors monitor passing trains for defects and automatically transmit the results by radio (voice) to train crews, further reducing the need for trackside employees. On-train sensors transmit digital data (452/457.9375) over the length of long freight trains, eliminating the need for a caboose on most trains.

While members of a train crew used to communicate with each other by locomotive whistle, train line (air), and passing hand signals along the train with lantern and fuses (same as highway flares), now they generally just reach for the radio.

Today all the drama of the high iron is yours to hear on your scanner. Men and machines at their best, and sometimes worst, keep America and Canada rolling through all kinds of weather.

Mile-long freights pulled by 9,000 horsepower engines snake across the land. Intricate meets are made with faster or slower freight trains or fast passenger trains. Progress and problems are reported. Instructions given. Information traded. All by radio.

In large urban areas a constant stream of passenger trains move people in and out or through the city. Railroad stations and yards teem with activity. Trains come and go. Cars are switched in yards. The ever-present railroad police keep close eye on the activity with radios close at hand. Railroad managers communicate to assistants at trackside via telephone-radio patches (PBX). And you can hear it all!

Oh, yes, the bulldozer. Well, it turned out to be a front-end loader laying fiber optic cable along the main track for a subcontractor. The freight train was traveling at a train order

restricted 20 MPH through the work area.

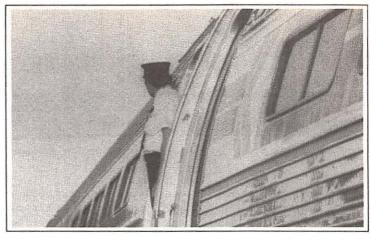
The front-end loader operator had returned early from lunch and, unknown to his employer, went back to work beside the main track. The railroad flagman normally there to protect him was, of course, still at lunch so he was working alone and unprotected. He did not see or hear the slowly approaching train and suddenly swung his bucket over the track

Vermont Rwy, Rutland, VT

Since operations have moved to railroad, you can hear it all; listen in as the workmen rerail a wayward car.

directly in front of the train.

The loader operator managed to jump clear upon impact injuring little more than his pride. The front end loader was less fortunate. Rail service was quickly restored to normal. How do I know all this? Railroad radio. You can tune in on the action, too.



Amtrak, Mystic, CT

Once, a half-way flag gave the first arrival right-of-way to the track. Railroad management is still a tricky business. Here, a train awaits the highball.

Happy Monitoring.

mt

Bruce K. Heald is a third generation railroad man, author of the railroad frequency directory <u>Heald's Scan Rail</u> (\$9.95 from Heald, 6886 Jefferson St., N. Branch, MI 48461) and operates Heald's Frequency Search Service, advertised regularly in <u>Monitoring Times</u>.

# TABLE I

A sampling of train dispatcher and train crew frequencies from major railroads across the U.S. and Canada:

- Burlington Northern
  - 161.10, 161.16;
- ConRail
- 160.80, 161.07;
- Amtrak in the northeast
  - 160.80, 161.07, 160.92;
- Norfolk Southern (in former Southern Railway territory) 160.95, 160.245, 160.83;
- Santa Fe

160.65, 160.56, 160.935.

In Alaska:

161.355, 161.385.

In Canada:

- Canadian National
   161.415, 161.205, 160.935,
   160.485, 159.81;
- Canadian Pacific 161.475, 161.115, 161.325, 161.535.



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- · 100dB Dynamic Range
- · All Mode AM, CW, SSB, FM (Opt)
- . Keyboard And Memory Entry
- 101 Programmable Memory Channels
- Tuning Steps -. 1, 1, 10 kHz
- Multiple-Action Scan Functions
- Frequency Voice Synthesizer (Opt)
- · Computer & Cris Compatible
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- Advanced Wide Range Circuitry
- Frequency Coverage Unbelievable
- 120 Programmable Memory Channels
- · AM, FM and FM Wide (TV-FM Sound)
- Multiple-Action Scan Functions
- Keyboard Entry Priority Channel · 24 Hour Clock/Timer-Power On-Off
- · Low Noise 15dB Preamplifier
- Tuning Steps (<.1-905 MHz) 1, 5, 8, 9, 10</li> 12.5, 20, 25 kHz. >905-12.5, 20, 25 kHz
- 3 Antenna Input Jacks
- · Power 13.8 VDC I AC Adapter (Opt)
- ANF—Noise Limiter
- 5.9(W) × 2(H) × 7.1(D) Inch 3.1 LBS
- Selectivity (-6dB) FM 15, FMW 180. AM 6 kHz

Sale Price And Delivery ... Call

### .1-1300 MHz

- New Compact HiTech Circuitry
- Unbelieveable Size 1.9W × 4.0H × 1.4D (Inch)
- . No Handheld Ever With This Coverage
- 100 Programmable Memory Channel
- . AM, FM, And FM Wide (TV-FM Sound)
- · Multi Scan-Programmed, Memory, Selected-More
- . Keyboard & Rotary Tuning (Not Found In Most Handhelds)
- . 11 Tuning Steps .5 To 50 kHz Dial Steps .1, 1, 10, 100 MHz
- Clock Timer 24 Hour Auto On/Off
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- 32 Programmable Memory Channels
- · Optional Filters, Voice, 12VDC, Computer Input
- . Many EEB Options Listed In Our 1990
- 117/220/234 VAC 13.8 VDC (Opt)
- 11.25W × 4.44 × 10.9D (Inch) 16.5 Lbs

EEB Discount Price \$849.95 + UPS

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# CLASSIC



## R7000 25-2000 MHz

- . VHF/UHF Classic Nothing Like It Under \$4000
- Triple Conversion Eliminates Images
- Tuning Steps .1,1,5,10,12.5,25 MHz Increments
- 99 Programmable Memory Channels
- Sensitivity Better Than .5μV (12dB) SINAD) FMN
- · Multimode AM, FM, FMN, FMW, **CW/SSB**
- Many EEB Options Listed In Our 1990 Catalog
- 117/220/234VAC 13.8VDC (Opt)
- 11.25W × 4.4H × 10.9D (Inch) 17.5 Lbs

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#### R9000 .1-2000 MHz

- . Never Has So Much Been Offered In One Receiver
- Covers Everything VLF (100 kHz) To Super UHF 2 GHz
- · Multimode AM, FM, FMN, FMW, CW, SSB, RTTY
- 1000 Programmable Memory Channels
- DDS (Direct Digital Synthesizer) Tuning
- CRT, Spectrum Analyzer, Multi Screen Readout
- Power 100-120VAC 220-240 12VDC(Opt)
- EEB Optional Power Supply And Filters
- 16.7W × 5.9H × 14.4D (Inch) 44.1 Lbs

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# Scanning the Military Madhouse

# by Laura Quarantiello

hey are areas not visible to the naked eye. If you were to stand on the shore and look out on radar screens, however, their boundaries are marked by green lines.

Military warning areas border the three coasts of the United States. These sectors lie

in international waters, meaning that by law no government can claim authority over them. The United States Navy, however, does provide the air traffic control, and flights transiting these areas must deal with a FACSFAC.

One of a million Navy acronyms, FACSFAC stands for Fleet Area Control and Surveillance Facility and if you happen to live near one, you will want to tune in to some of the most intense naval activity in the country.

The U.S. Navy's fighter pilot community has a motto: "Train Like You'll Fight." Nowhere is that motto more aptly demonstrated than in our country's offshore military warning areas. Here, the best of the best active duty fleet squadrons come to hone their skills at air combat maneuvering, bombing runs, simulated missile firings and fleet war games. On the water, too, destroyers perform live artillery exercises, combat drills, mine-sweeping, and search and rescue drills in combination with aircraft carriers, submarines and other ships.

The radio action for a scanner buff is second to none. It is not uncommon to hear F-14s, F/A-18s, A-6s, F-5s, F-16s E2-Cs and Navy and Marine Corp helicopters participating in round the clock fleet maneuvers.

Unlike military Prohibited and Restricted areas, which may be transited only with prior permission from the controlling agency involved, a Warning Area may be crossed without permission even though it is extremely hazardous. Aviation sectional charts depict warning areas by cross-hatched boundaries and call them Special Use Airspace. So, in addition to every breed imaginable of military jet, you may also hear civilian aircraft making their way through.

In the southwestern United States, the FACSFAC facility is located near San Diego, California, and run by the Flight Combat Training Center at Point Loma where naval radar operators and combat intercept operators are trained. A virtual hub of naval activity for the west coast, San Diego's warning areas handle thousands of flights

Also, a civilian company known as Flight International operates on contract for the

# Table 1

FACSFAC VHF/UHF FREQUENCIES

Eastern U.S.

Call sign "Giant Killer" Located on Virginia Coast

VHF: 127.65 135.875 135.725 135.225 UHF: 233.7 350.0 251.6 310.1 249.8 255.0 338.1 305.0

HF (USB): 2252 4373

### Southeastern U.S.

Call sign "Sealord"

Located near Jacksonville, FL; Beaufort,

SC; Patrick AFB, FL

VHF: 120.95 134.65 135.925 135.825 UHF: 267.5 274.5 313.7 369.9

ATIS: 265.2

#### Gulf of Mexico

Call sign "Seabreeze" Located near Pensacola, FL

VHF: 118.425

UHF: 313.2 275.6 303.4 280.7 383.8

274.2 306.8 346.5 353.2 385.2 382.0 362.8

HF (USB): 6835

#### Southwestern U.S.

Call sign "Beaver"

Located near San Diego, CA

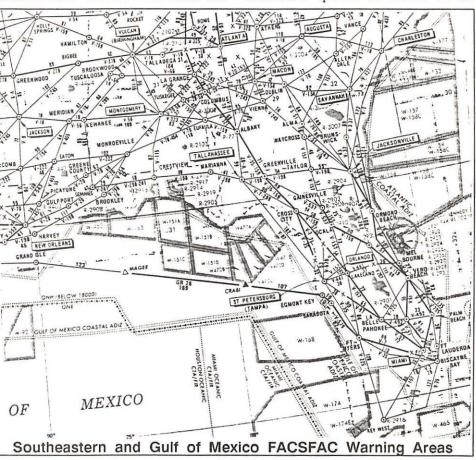
VHF: 118.65 120.85 UHF: 285.7 289.9 272.6 266.9 314.7

344.1 381... ATIS: 282.0

# Table 2

# PACIFIC COAST FIGHTER SQUADRON FREQUENCIES

263.7	VF-1	Wichita	
291.3	VF-2	Bullett	
265,3	VX-4	Vandy	
354.7	VC-12	Saint	
254.5	VF-51	Screaming	Eagles
250.2	VF-111	Old Nick	3
299.7	VF-114	Aardvark	
253.1	VF-124	Gunslinger	
275.5	VF-126	Bandit	
250.2	VF-213	Blacklions	
344.4	VF-301	Inferno	
323.5	VF-302	Stallion	
322.1	VF-24	Renegade	
261.9	VF-211	Nickel	



Navy, sending Leariets and Mitsubishi MU-2s into the warning areas of the southwest to act as radar "blips," tow targets for surface gunners, and simulated missile attack profiles, thereby saving the service twenty to thirty percent of what it would spend to send up a fighter pilot and his jet.

The FACSFAC frequencies are alive from early morning to very late most evenings as flights with call signs like Aardvark, Shooter, Dragnet and Gunslinger fly their missions. Procedure calls for a flight entering one of the warning areas to make immediate contact with a FACSFAC controller, who usually will have prior information on the type of aircraft in the flight and the mission profile.

A transponder code is assigned to allow the controller to track the flight by radar and the pilots are advised of any "hot areas" that will affect their route of flight. A hot area is usually a sector where live gunnery or missile exercises are taking place, often from the surface of

the ocean up to fifty thousand feet.

Once vectored to the area they will be working in, the flight is released to a tactical or discrete frequency and advised to keep a listening watch on primary for traffic calls and boundary advisories. It is common for pilots to unknowingly approach the fringes of their working areas in the hectic cockpit environment of air-to-air combat maneuvering.

Tuning in to the surface combatants working offshore can often complete the picture as ships and aircraft conduct war games in tandem. Either way, if you have a scanner and the inclination, it is a

show not to be missed.

# UTICA: ALBAN LLEAST TEXAS SOLBERG COLT Eastern U.S. FACSFAC Warning Areas

# Table 3 NAVAL AVIATION JARGON

Angels Bingo Cherubs Combat Spread Guard

Strangle your

Tallyho

VFR

Altitude expressed in thousands of feet Low on fuel

Altitude expressed in hundreds of feet Basic fighting position assumed by a flight Emergency radio frequency (121.5/243.0

Hard deck Preassigned altitude below which no aircraft

is authorized to descend during an

engagement

IFF Identification Friend or Foe

Klick Kilometer Mike Mile

No Joy Negative contact with target Nordo Aircraft with no radio

Vector to a specific point or destination **Pigeons** Popeye

In the clouds

Additional aircraft joining the exercise **Playmates** RTB

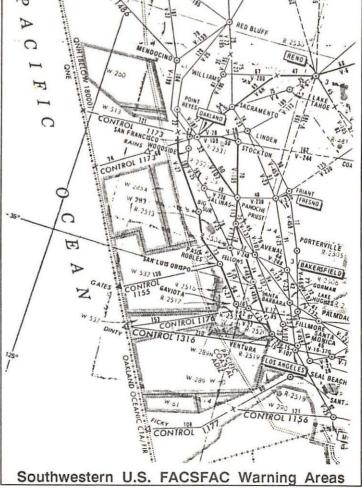
Return to Base

6 o'clock kill position behind an enemy Saddle Squawk

Activate radar transponder

Shut down radar transponder

parrots Sweet lock Good radar contact Visual contact Visual Flight Rules Winchester Out of ammunition



# The Night the Plane Came Down

# by Ed Hesse

I had fallen asleep early in the evening, but for some reason I became wakeful around 11 p.m. I reached over and turned on the bedside scanner. I'm a radio amateur, and the first "bank" of my PRO-2021 scanner is devoted to amateur radio repeater frequencies.

Even in the New York metropolitan area, 11 p.m. is not exactly "prime time" and it usually takes several minutes for the scanner to find an active QSO in progress. Not so this evening.

It stopped on 147.21, the repeater output frequency of the Larkfield Amateur Radio Club, a club of which I'm a member. There was a series of hurried transmissions, and at first it sounded like they were running an emergency drill.

Awful late for such a drill, I mused, and waited for the words that always popped up during such drills: "simulated emergency." It was quite a drill, I thought, about as realistic as an amateur's imagination could make it. They mentioned ambulances, fractures, bodies, and then a dreadful word -- triage. It sounded like Vietnam.



Of course, it wasn't simulated; it was real disaster. As the world knows, at about 9:34 that evening Avianca Airlines Flight 52 headed to John F. Kennedy International Airport from Colombia, and fell to earth in the sparsely settled, affluent community of Cove Neck, Long Island, about seven miles north of my home. It had run out of fuel.

At 9:45 p.m. -- eleven short minutes later -- a ham operator called in on the repeater with the first report that the plane had gone down. As luck would have it, the emergency coordinator for the Town of Huntington (Long Island), the home site of the repeater, was listening and immediately set the emergency radio network into action.

One ham took over as net control, one was dispatched to the crash site, and others were on their way to hospital posts. The years of drills were now being put to the acid test: a plane crash which ultimately would claim over 70 lives.

It was shortly after this that I awoke and tuned in to the real action. While AM radio broadcasts were giving brief reports that a plane had gone down on Long Island, scanner radio was bringing me to the site of the crash, to the area hospitals, to mobile volunteers frustrated by an immense traffic jam leading to the accident site, and to the homes of radio amateurs waiting to be called into action on the RACES and ARES services.

In relatively short time, hams were stationed at all area hospitals. The Larkfield repeater is in Suffolk County which adjoins Nassau County, the site of the crash. This caused no problem in that Nassau hams were quick to volunteer to staff Nassau hospitals while Suffolk hams did the same in their communities.

On-the-air reports came in one after

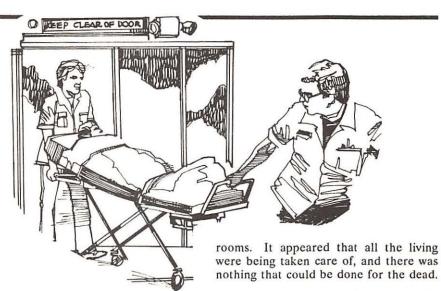


another that each hospital was ready, willing and able to take a specific number of casualties.

Meanwhile, at the site of the crash, a lone ham (WA2ZUO) who was the first on the scene, gave the listening world graphic reports of what was taking place in the aftermath of this horror. Jack would periodically call in the departure of ambulances, with number of casualties on board and their hospital destinations. Other hams at the hospitals would "roger" this information, with the assurance that hospital staffs literally at their elbows were waiting.

During one very brief quiet moment on 147.21, I let the scanner check other ham frequencies in the bank to see what was going on. It appeared that Larkfield, having been first on the air, was where the action was. Emergency coordinators on other repeaters were waiting for a call from civil authorities to activate, and this call never seemed to take place.

A quick scan of police and fire frequencies revealed activity, of course,



with an interesting development taking place: so many volunteers (paramedics, for example) were responding on their own that the roads leading to the disaster site were seriously clogged.

The village of Cove Neck is accessible by one small road, and along this road were hundreds, possibly thousands, of vehicles -- primarily emergency -- which just couldn't get through. The word went out quickly: as much as you'd like to help, don't come and add to the congestion. Those already on the scene would do what had to be done.

And so into the early hours of the morning I stayed tuned to 147.21. It was where the action was. Other frequencies could give bits and pieces -- from the viewpoints of police, fire, and so forth -- but only on the amateur repeater frequency could I hear it all tied together.

It was only amateur radio that could quickly put a unit in a certain area where it could help coordinate emergency activities. It was only amateur radio which could bridge the large number of county, town and departmental "turfs" with an eye to helping those involved in the disaster. It was only amateur radio which could work dependably in situations where other communications bogged down due to clogged frequencies, "open" microphones, and cellular fade-outs due to terrain.

At about 1 a.m. activity on the repeater started to wind down. A very tired net control operator gladly relinquished his duties to a fresher operator. Ambulances were rolling into hospital emergency

I lay back on my pillow, wondering what had caused me to awaken and to listen to my scanner. I'll never know, but I do know that thanks to my interest in monitoring, I had a ringside seat to what took place exactly as it happened. I heard the anxiety in the voices, I heard the frustration, I heard the emotions, I heard the despair when a body was found and the joy when a child was still alive.

Best of all, it renewed my confidence in mankind. When the chips are down, people respond and the best in them comes out.

mt

If you have a story of how radio has played a part in your life or the life of your community, send it to Monitoring Times. If accepted for publication, we'll send you \$50.00. Manuscripts should be approximately 1,000 words and include at least one clear photograph.



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# Shortwave Broadcasting

Glenn Hauser Box 44164-MT Tucson, AZ 85733

# SPECTRUM USAGE FEES HIT SHORTWAVE BROADCASTERS; Further Band Expansions Proposed

Without benefit of any public hearings, Congress has quietly established fees which the Federal Communications Commission must charge its licensees. International Broadcast Stations, previously exempt from fees, are now included. A new construction permit or facilities change will cost \$1705; a license \$385; license renewal \$95.

Now hold your hat for the clinker! The IBS have been selected to pay the first spectrum use fee levied for any FCC services, \$140 a year for each frequency-hour assigned or coordinated, totalling \$91,000 into the Treasury annually from all private stations, \$42,000 of which would come from WYFR's 300 frequency-hours daily alone. KNLS, with 10 frequency-hours daily, would pay \$1400 a

year, all of which must be paid in advance.

To add insult to injury, the fees will not contribute to improved effectiveness by the FCC, which will not receive the money. VOA and Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty are exempt. The FCC expects to implement this by May 21, 1990, after a rule making. Until then, American shortwave stations and the public have an opportunity to oppose these charges, which may be unConstitutional. I understand that the IBS has been chosen for this precedent because we are so few in number, and probably without the required resources to carry the issue to the Supreme Court. If unchallenged, this could be used against other FCClicensed services as well. (George Jacobs, P.E.)

George Jacobs has also proposed to the FCC the following further expansions in world-wide shortwave broadcast allocations for consideration at the 1992 World Administrative Radio Conference, totalling a sesquimegahertz: 5850-5950, 7300-7750, 9350-9500, 11550-11650, 13800-13900, 15600-15700, 17450-17550,

18900-19300 kHz (World of Radio)

Now to this month's roundup of the most important DX and station news:

AFGHANISTAN Radio Afghanistan has expanded English to an hour at 1830 on 9635, 7215, 6020; also at 0930-1030 on 17720, 15250, 9635, 6085-variable, 4940 (BBC Monitoring)



WORLD CHRISTIAN BROADCASTING CORPORATION

ALASKA Some U.S. shortwave stations may have to cut back operations due to the FCC's new charges, but KNLS already reduced from 15 to 10 hours per day in order to install automation equipment. By September its "rather unique digital audio automation" should be in place. It's now on the air only between 0700 and 1700 UTC, with English cut from

four hours to two, at 0800 and (except Mondays) 1500 on 11715 and 9750 respectively, changing May 7 from 9750 to 11700. Special weekend programming on Saturdays and Sundays is now more upto-date, recorded during the prior week from a new center in Nashville, TN, replacing Canton, OH (Tim Coucke, KNLS)

AUSTRALIA Radio Australia has finally gone out-of-band (or into the expanded band areas): heard at 0700 on 21775, 17630 and 15465 (Dale Park, Honolulu, Hl, W.O.R.) 15465 operates from 2100 to past 0600 when QRMoscow starts (Bob Padula, Melbourne) Also at 0100-0900 on 17600 replacing 15395 (German reporter to Sweden Calling DXers)

BRAZIL Radio Bandeirantes found on 10061.31 kHz at 2344-0035 with full ID at 2359; good signal, but distorted; mentioned 6090 and 9645 but latter not heard (Terry Palmersheim, WA, Fine Tuning)

BYELORUSSIA Minsk-I heard on 7210 from 0300; local program from Grodno on 7140 at 0340 (Hans Johnson, GA, RCI

SWL Digest) Now maybe one hour earlier.

CANADA RCI's share of the CBC budget cut starting April 1 is C\$578,000, left with C\$15.5 million. Five to ten jobs will be cut through attrition, early retirement; no targets eliminated but some program changes. The 0500-0600 weekday broadcast to Africa/Mideast is dropped. SWL Digest rescheduled, no longer on the Austria relay, and still not on any of the Asian relays. German got another last-minute reprieve, since start-up of the new Arabic service has been delayed (Ian MacFarland, RCI) See KOREA SOUTH

**CHILE** Another guess on the name of the new station on 5825: Radio Yungay Evangelica (Henrik Klemetz, Play-DX)

COLOMBIA Radiofusora Nacional on new 11821.4 at 0259 past 0405, classical music after 0330 (Roland Schulze, Germany, RCI SWLD) Same here at 2200 to 0500 or so with AM transmitter, parallel 17865.2 USB; don't confuse with third harmonic of La Voz de los Centauros on 17864.94, heard one day at 2230-2330 when Nacional was absent (Ernie Behr, Ont., SWLD)

CUBA Radio Havana's DX program, UTC Sunday at 0240 and 0440 on 9710 and 11820, is hosted by amateur CO2KK, who seems to have good technical knowledge and is concerned about RHC signal quality. I suggest we send complaints about RHC spurs directly to him. He also mentioned that RHC has an official callsign: COCH plus the transmitter number (Ernie Behr, W.O.R.) The transmitters were made in Czechoslovakia; Cuba threw out the Radio Prague correspondent for suggesting that Cuba too would undergo political changes (BBC Monitoring)

Radio Rebelde on new 3383.7 around 1300, parallel 5035 (Chuck Bolland, FL, SWLD) And at 1100 (Kevin Atkins, AL, FT)

(non) La Voz de la Fundacion got Radio Clarin, Dominican Republic, to move from 11700 to 9950, but Cuba complained to the ITU that it had prior rights to 9950! -- not so, since the ITU doesn't handle out-of-band registrations. But the Dominican government caved in and ordered Clarin to switch to 9850, which has lots of interference in the evenings. Fundacion may try using it at 1200 instead, or find a way back to 9950. Meanwhile, La Voz de la Fundacion has started using the much more reliable WHRI, Indiana, at 1500-1600 (except Saturdays) on 15105, 21840; 0100-0200 on 7315, 9495 (Jeff White, FL, Radio-Enlace)

DENMARK (non) Radio
Denmark is paying Norway 10.25

RADIO DANMARK megacrowns Norwegian for relays, which is 5/11 of the total cost for transmissions. The agreement runs until 1993, when Denmark must decide whether to help pay for new Norwegian transmitters as the Fredriksstad site is closed down. Denmark may then build its own new station for 110 megacrowns Danish on the island of DANMARKS RADIO Acro.



Revised spring schedule of Denmark via Norway until 5 May: (\*=to North America) 0030 on 11865. 0130 on 15360, 9615\*. 0230 on 9560\*, 15360\*. 0430 on 15170, 11925. 0630 on 9590, 15175. 0730 on 21730, 15165. 0930 on 25730. 1030 on 21730, 25730, 15165\*. 1130 on 21640, 17780. 1230 on 21705\*, 15165\*. 1330 on 21710. 1530 on 15310\*, 17765\*. 1630 on 17765, 25730. 1730 on 9655, 15220. 2130 on 15165\*, 11790. 2230 on 15180, 17705, 11930\* (via Sven Ohlsson, Sweden, W.O.R.)

ECUADOR HCJB's English programming will undergo a major transformation Sunday, May 6, dropping some old programs, introducing new ones and retiming others. April's call-in is hosted by Musical Mailbag, on the 14th at 0730, 15th at 0200. Some DX Partyline topics: March 31/April 2, how two major stations report the news. April 7/9, KUSW and the RF-B65 portable. April 14/16, sunspots, Equatorial Guinea. April 21/23, Mississippi River station WJG, Arthur Cushen, Fred Vobbe. April 28/30, QSLing the Yemens, ANARC, EDXC, SPARC reports.

Ham Radio Today, Wednesdays 0800, 1030, 2130, UTC Thursdays 0200, 0600:

March 28, RF ground, refraction, magnetism. April 4, transmatching, highest possible frequency, inductance. April 11, microsats, ionograms, inductance. April 18, surge protection, MUF and LUF, DC circuit basics. April 25, packet radio, ionosondes, DC circuit basics (HCJB) *H.R.T.* host joked that a new slogan for HCJB, "Here Comes John Beck" was turned down; catch him operating as HC1QH, Sundays on 28652.

**GREECE** ERT has filled the former gap at 0150-0200 with a special feature in English on cultural affairs of Greece, on 7430, 9395, 9420, though announced as 9425 (John Babbis, MD, W.O.R.)

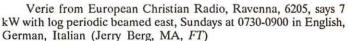
**HONDURAS** Super Radio heard on 2nd harmonic 2500.2 kHz at 0627-0702 (Mike Bolitho, Paul Routenburg, Niel Wolfish, Ont., FT) Strong past 1200 on 2500.24 from San Pedro Sula (Chuck Bolland, FL, DX Listening Digest)

**HUNGARY** Radio Budapest has started test broadcasts in new languages on 6110, 15 minutes each: Romanian at 0400, 1700; Russian at 0415, 1715; Slovak at 0500, 1830; Serbo-Croat at 0515, 1845 (SCDX)

**INDIA** The Northeast Service from Shillong should not be referred to as All India Radio, heard in English at 1530-1559, quite strong on 3255 (John Bryant and Nick Hall-Patch, B.C., FT)

**INTERNATIONAL VACUUM** Recent court rulings make C-SPAN now feel free to carry VOA on its cable audio service, starting with *Daybreak Africa* at 0600-0700 UTC weekdays on channel 1 (via Malcolm Kaufman, W.O.R.)

TALY Adventist World Radio plans to allocate \$7.5 million to build a powerful new station at Forli, replacing the present 10-kilowatt unit with 100 kW, and a second one later of 250 kW, perhaps with studios in San Marino. Buying time from RTE, Portugal, would no longer be necessary. AM transmitter would be added to reach Albania, and another on Sicily to reach Tunisia. After that, a new station in central Africa, and upgrading AWR in Costa Rica (Myron Widmer, AWR, via C. Eric Staehling, N6TMZ, Ukiah)



JAPAN Radio Japan has returned to 11865 at 1400, 1500, 1700, 1900; at 0500 on 15195, 17825 (DX Corner) Rika Kobayashi, host of the show, says it's expanded from 19 minutes to 24 starting in April (Bruce MacGibbon, OR)

JORDAN Radio Jordan has started a fortnightly Electronic Dialogue series, chats by satellite with Arab Americans; unfortunately times are not definite; listen for announcements. Some specific programs, at least through March and perhaps continuing, on the English relays before 1315 on 13655 and after then on 9560: Jordan Weekly, after the 1200 news on Saturday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday. Arabs Outside the Arab World, Saturday 1800, Sunday 1500. Biographies of the Prophet, Friday 1800-1830. Comedy (probably from BBC), Monday 1230-1300. Science Report, Sunday 1230, Wednesday after the 1600 news. Jazz Hour, Friday 2000-2100. Classical Music, Saturday 1830-1900, Monday 1500, Friday 2100-2200. News Desk, Sun-Thu 1700-1730 (via John Carson, OK)

KOREA, SOUTH Relays via RCI, Sackville, start April 2; those concerned that RCI is trading out too much of its prime-evening transmitter time will be pleased to note that Radio Korea has agreed to use morning hours only: 1000-1030 Spanish and 1030-1100 English on 11715; 1100-1130 Korean on 6145, 9650 (Radio Japan DX Comer, which said English and Korean are for western North America -- middle of the night -- and SCDX which says eastern NAm) The 1100-1130 broadcast on 6145 is in English (Koji Yamada, DX Spread)

**MALTA** Radio Mediterranean, 6110, no longer exists, per telegram from station (Roland Paget, France, SCDX)

**MOLDAVIA** Moldavian Radio First Programme, Kishinev, is heard on 6075 from 0315 to 1905, then 15360 until 2200; perhaps one hour earlier during summer (BBC Monitoring)

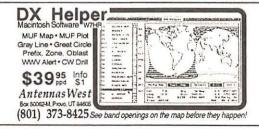
**MONTSERRAT** The Big RA, wiped out by Hurricane Hugo after Deutsche Welle had already decided to pull out, hopes to get back on 930 kHz as soon as possible, under the auspices of VOA by mid-1990, or of BBC which would take a year longer (Radio Netherlands *Media Network*) Nothing much said about reactivating the 50-kW shortwave transmitter.

Radio Antilles should be back by June thanks to the Montserrat government in cooperation with the Organisation of East Caribbean States (Carl Douglas, Trinidad, SCDX)

**NETHERLANDS** Some RN changes in English as of March 25: 0430 broadcast dropped. 0730 on 9630, 9715. 1130 on 21520. 0030 on 6020, 6165 and new 11740. 0330 on 6165 and 9590 (RNMN)

**NETHERLANDS ANTILLES** TWR's in-house nickname for its identification signal is "tingles" (Bonaire Wavelengths)





# Shortwave Broadcasting

**NEW ZEALAND** Despite its many published schedules, RNZ International operations have been quite variable, depending on cricket and other sports coverage; nominally on 17680 at 1700-2105, 2300-0105, 0300-0607; but one day closing at 1905 to return at 2100; Sunday opening at 1800. Sometimes stays on until 0700, and does not break when in the midst of cricket. New Zealand Calling, with Rudi Hill greeting various Pacific island countries, is heard weekdays after the 0400 news (Bruce MacGibbon, OR, W.O.R.)

Tony Cook's Mailbag program has resumed, including my DX news (Arthur Cushen) No time.

**NIGERIA** Voice of Nigeria plans to reactivate all its 500kW transmitters immediately (BBCM) Would you believe, eventually?

PERU New stations have been monitored: On 4195 variable, announced as 4150, Radio Emperiar (or Emberiar?), in Casma, at 2300-0330. On 4750, Radio Auto Mio, in Rioja at 1100-2300 testing, formerly Radio Imperio (Hirotsugu Nabeshima, Lima, Radio Nuevo Mundo)

PHILIPPINES Radio Veritas Asia has deleted its English services at 0130 and 1500, retimed south Asian languages (Alok Das Gupta, India, Radio Australia)

**POLAND** Radio Scandinavia's tests via Radio Polonia are to continue until mid-April, Saturdays at 1000-1100 on 9675; address is P O Box 14006, 20024 Malmoe, Sweden (RNMN and BBCM) Saturdays at 1000-1115 in Swedish and English (Dario Monferini, Italy, Play-DX)

SOMALIA A blatant extortion letter received from Radio Mogadishu, 6790, saying it would QSL only for a tape proving reception and a \$50 processing fee by Amex card!! (Steve Reinstein, DXSF via Play-DX)

SOUTH AFRICA Though covered live on U.S. TV networks, Pres. De Klerk's news conference announcing the imminent release of Nelson Mandela was not broadcast live on Radio RSA; after it was almost over, they did mention an important announcement was expected. Their act was more together the next day, however, simulcasting the

SABC-TV audio of the actual release (World of Radio)



Radio RSA in English until May 5: 1100-1200 on 25790, 11900, 11805. 1200-1300 on 21590, 11900, 11805. 1300-1400 on 21590, 17710, 11805. 1400-1600 on 25790, 21590, 21535 (to North America), 11925. 1800-1900 on 21535, 15230, 7230. 1900-2000 on 17765, 15230. 0200-0300 to North America on 15120, 11935, 9615, 9580.

**SPAIN** La Voz de las Canyas admitted it was a 100-watt pirate from Madrid, on 5067.9 kHz, once it had been directionfound to Spain by Henrik Klemetz, Sweden and Dario Monferini, Italy. The operators said the name came from a Spanish term for a mug of beer, since they came up with the idea while having a drink (W.O.R. and Radio-Enlace) And the station has supposedly closed down voluntarily, without being busted.

SRI LANKA Nidhas Handa (Voice of Freedom) on 5304 in Sinhala at 1330-1415, believed to be operated by the S.L. security forces, against the extremist rebel organisation JVP. Tamil National Broadcasting Station, 6740-variable, operated by the illegal Tamil national army in the northeast province, with connivance of Indian peace-keeping forces, 0130-0215, 1030-1115, sometimes also 1430-1515 (Sarath Weerakoon, Sri Lanka, Oz-DX)

SUDAN Radio Omdurman has been shadowing Radio

SPLA on 9550 and 11710 at 1300-1400; after 1400 Omdurman switches to 9540 to relay Radio Juba in English, into Arabic at 1430-1500 (BBCM)

USA With the resumption of DST April 1, look for World of Radio on WRNO one hour earlier by UTC: UTC Thursday 0030, 1530, 2300; Friday 0030; Saturday 0300, 2330; Sunday 2030, with some frequencies changed, chosen from: 15420, 13720, 11965,

April 1 was also the date chosen for VOA to drop six languages due to reduced funding: Greek, Turkish, Slovene, Uzbek, Laotian, Swahili, as announced VOA Director Richard Carlson, who nearly lost has job when his boss, USIA Director Bruce Gelb heard about it, and ordered budget savings to be made elsewhere.

Fifty-seven people would have lost their jobs, including Chittavoravong Saly, who escaped to freedom after being jailed in Laos (Ruth Sinai, AP)

KJES update: The station confirms it is not on the air; difficult to



VOA QSL from John Flake, NC

get the necessary personnel, don't have the right transmitter and there are other technical difficulties, but hopes to reactivate as soon as possible. The good news: God is in control! (via Bill Flynn, CA, DX Spread)

WLW, 700, Cincinnati, active some days via a narrowband FM relay on 26450 kHz, for a few hours after 1500 (Hauser, AZ)

Lots of stations have been showing up on second harmonics: 2920, WXRQ Mt. Pleasant TN. 2840, WAOC St. Augustine FL. 2820, WEGO Concord NC. 2760, WTVR Richmond VA. 2740, WLTC Gastonia NC. 2720, WMOV Ravenswood WV. 2680, WYCD Washington DC. 2660, WCVC Tallahassee FL. 2220, WBT Charlotte NC. And 1720, WOAY Oak Hill WV, mixing with Radio Clarin, Dominican Republic around 0200 (Don Moore, Big Rapids MI, W.O.R.)

USSR During unrest in Azerbaijan, an unnamed Soviet service in Azeri broadcasting Garbachof's speeches used up to eight frequencies at once, 23 hours a day at 0000-2300, including: 17835, 17700, 17665, 15480, 15470, 15180, 12045, 11690, 9715, 9615, 9540, 7350, 7340, 7295, 7255, 7210, 7200, 7105. (BBCM) Look for more such operations during eruptions of violence in Soviet republics.

Read much more about shortwave and other media in REVIEW OF INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING and DX LISTENING DIGEST. Samples in North America are \$2 each, elsewhere 7 IRCs or US\$3. Ten-issue subscriptions US\$21 each, or both for US\$40. Overseas airmail, US\$27, US\$29 or US\$31 depending on the distance; remittances must be in US\$ and on a US bank, or by postal money order, to Glenn Hauser, Box 44164-MT, Tuscon, AZ 85733, USA.

Also monitor Glenn's DX news reports weekdays on RCI SWL Digest; Fridays in Spanish on Radio Nederland's Radio-Enlace; contributions to Austrian Shortwave Panorama, Sunday mornings; and the weekly half-hour WORLD OF RADIO on WRNO (see USA), and on Radio for Peace International, Costa Rica: Friday 2000, 2330; Saturday 0315, 0645, 1930; Sunday approx. 0130, 0700; Tuesday 2230; Wednesday 0200, 0545, on one, two or three of: 7375, 13660, 21566, 25947.

# Broadcast Loggings

Let other readers know what you're enjoying. Send your loggings to Gayle Van Horn, c/o Monitoring Times. English broadcast unless otherwise noted.

0027 UTC on 17815

BRAZIL: Radio Cultura. Portuguese. Pops and instrumental music. ID and frequency quote at 0031 and 0102 UTC. Fair reception quality. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ) (Sam Wright, Biloxi, MS)

0045 UTC on 15575

SOUTH KOREA: Radio Korea. Commentary on trade relations with Japan and activity of U.S. forces stationed in South Korea. (Robert Hurley, Baltimore, MD) Audible on 9750 kHz at 1426 UTC. (John Carson, Norman,

O100 UTC on 11710

ARGENTINA: RAE. Spanish. Station ID, "Radio Nacionale de Argentina." News and Argentine music program. (Robert Hurley, Baltimore, MD) (Nick Terrence, Huntington, NY)

0100 UTC on 11820

CUBA: Radio Havana. "News Roundup" and "North American Landscape" shows. Announcer duo discusses the Cuban view of the Washington-Pan American Congress of the 1880s. (Robert Hurley, Baltimore, MD)

O105 UTC on 4820
HONDURAS: La Voz Evangelica. Spanish. Latin tune to canned station ID at 0108 UTC. Religious programming and commercials. (Nick Terrence,

0128 UTC on 11735

YUGOSLAVIA: Radio Yugoslavia. Special feature on leading Yugoslavian "Womens Magazine." (John Carson, Norman, OK)

0130 UTC on 11580

USA: VOA. Report on UNICEF and emphasizing the need for immunization against measles and tetanus in poor nations. (Robert Hurley, Baltimore, MD) (D.R. Media, Houston, TX)

0130 UTC on 7430
GREECE: Voice of Greece. Newscast followed by discussion on air pollution problems in Alhens. Station ID and Greek folk tunes. (John Carson,

Norman, OK) 0200 UTC on 9580

SOUTH AFRICA: Radio RSA. Special feature of recent current events and developments in South Africa. Parallel frequency 9615 kHz also audible with clear quality. (Keith Simon, Winnie, TX) (D.R. Media, Houston, TX)

0247 UTC on 5997

NICARAGUA: La Voz de Nicaragua. Spanish. Sandinista songs and comments on Panama, Orlega and Nicaragua. Moderate to good reception to 0305 UTC. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ) to 0305 UTC. (Rob 0300 UTC on 11695

Chinese students discuss their schooling in the U.S. CHINA: Radio Beijing. "Business Show" program and comments on the rise of computer crime in (Harry Johnson, Ocean City, MD) Monitored on 11840 kHz at 0520 (John Carson, Norman, OK)

0325 UTC on 3215
SOUTH AFRICA: Radio Oranje. Afrikaans. Pop music program featuring artists Teresa Brewer, John Denver and New Vaudeville Band. Fair quality with severe static! (Robert Hurley, Baltimore, MD)

TURKEY: Voice of Turkey. Featured programs, "Last Week" and "Masterpleces in Turkish Museums." Brief comments on the Turkish Aviation Institution, and folk music program (Keith Simon, Winnie, TX)

0455 UTC on 7370

TURKEY: Turkiye Polis Radyosu. Turkish. Station sign-on with interval signal, Turkish national anthem, and ID. Signal quality deteriorated rapidly during folk music program. Not heard often, last time noted on 6340 kHz.-

0500 UTC on 4765

"Govorit Moska" ID. "Moskovskoye vremya, vosim chasof" (Moscow time is eight hours). Newscast with main items on Gorbachev, an Aeroflot crash in the Urals, and a rocket attack at Kabul's airport. Heard on parallel 7400 kHz. (Garie Halstead, St. Albans, WV) Greatlog!-ed.

0509 UTC on 4890

GABON: Radio France Int'l relay. French. Program "Afrique Matin" (Africa Morning). First item about the mercenary, Bob Denard, and his work in the Comoros. Continued African news items and music to ID at 0513 UTC. (Garie Halstead, St. Albans, WV) (D.R. Media, Houston, TX)

NIGERIA: Voice of Nigeria. International news topics and commentary promoting good health. National news of Nigeria and station ID.

Carson, Norman, OK) (Sam Wright, Biloxi, MS)

0600 UTC on 4915

GHANA: GBC. Special message to the people of Ghana, delivered by the Deputy Foreign Minister of Afghanistan. Both countries hope Afghanistan will set up a Diplomatic Mission in Ghana. (Garie Halstead, St. Albans, WV)

0755 UTC on 7375
COSTA RICA: Radio for Peace Int'l. "Caribbean Magazine" features news from the U.N. and South Africa. Station ID and Hauser's DX show.

Witham, Keaau, HI) (John Carson, Norman, OK)

0815 UTC on 3235

PAPUA NEW GUINEA-New Britain. Radio West New Britain. Pidgin. Entertaining DJ segment with a great musical variety of local Island, country and western, rock, military, and bagpipe tunes. PNG local time check and commercials. (Jerry Witham, Keaau, HI)

0905 UTC on 6030

BRAZIL: Radio Globo. Portuguese. Globo promotional at tune-in and musical Jingles. Portuguese pop vocals and commercials.-ed.

0930 UTC on 3290

PERU: Radio Tayabamba. Spanish. Excellent South American music program with brief break for "Radio Tayabamba" ID at 0938. (Frank Mierzwinski, Mt. Penn, PA)

1120 UTC on 3378

AUSTRIA: SDOB. German. Austrian Army Training Network with easy-listening music. Male/female duo with newscast and station IDs. Signal quality plagued with Morse-code interference. (Frank Mierzwinski, Mt. Penn, PA) 1141 UTC on 17650

41 UTC on 17650
FRENCH GUIANA: Radio France Int'l relay. French. A program for mariners with North Atlantic weather conditions. Area of Gascogne mentioned several times and believed to be a reference to Le Golfe de Gascogne (or the Bay of Biscay). Lady closes program with "Bonne Journee" or "Good Day." (Garle Halstead, St. Albans, WV)

1150 UTC on 9960

VENEZUELA: Radio Rumbos. Spanish. Locally produced commercials with phone number. Signal chimes space ads and ID given as "Rumbos" at 1159 UTC. (Nick Terrence, Huntington, NY)

1151 UTC on 4875

CHINA: Voice of Jingling. Chinese. Lady with program text and classical violin music. Two-toned time pips at 1200 UTC, with ID in Chinese. Weak signal with moderate interference. (Nick Terrence, Huntington, NY)

1151 UTC on 3325

GUATEMALA: Radio Maya de Barillas. Spanish. Male announcer presents local music. "Radio Maya" ID and upcoming program details at 1200 UTC. (Frank Mierzwinski, Mt. Penn, PA)

1200 UTC on 9965

GUATEMALA: Radio Calman. Spanish. Signed on at 1200 UTC with tune of "The Angels Sing," and continued with "American Big Band Sound of the 1950s." "Calman" ID at 1206 UTC. (Nick Terrence, Huntington, NY)

GUATEMALA: La Voz de Nahuala. Spanish. Lady with religious music, station ID and featured religious programming. (Frank Mierzwinski, Mt. Penn, PA)

Penn, PA)

1400 UTC on 21530

PORTUGAL: Radio Liberty. Dari. Afghan Service starting with indigenous musical intro and ID. \*Inja Radio! Afghanistania azad ast.\* Opening musical intro and ID. "Inja Radioi Afghanistania azad ast." C announcement and brief Koran recitations, into talk on Azerbaijan, splatter from RSA on 21535 kHz. Audible on 17770 kHz. Precedinute program in Pashto. (Garie Halstead, St. Albans, WV)

1624 UTC on 25850

DENMARK: Radio Denmark. Danish/English. Choral music to multillingual IDs at 1625 UTC. Danish anthem and sign-off at 1626. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI) Monitored 1315-1327 kHz. (Frank Mierzwinski, Mt. Penn, PA) 2100 UTC on 17735

OMAN: Radio Oman. Arabic. Male announcer presents an Islamic talk from the Koran on the importance of prayer each day. Station ID in English. (Garie Halstead, St. Albans, WV)

2120 UTC on 4850
CAMEROON: Cameroon RTV Corp.-Yaounde. French. Native African music vocals to 2130 UTC. English pop tunes and highlife selections. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

2125 UTC on 4895

COLOMBIA: La Voz del Rio Arauca. Spanish. Extended local news and announcements. Spanish rap music to station promos at 2150 UTC. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

2125 UTC on 5004

EQUATORIAL GUINEA: Radio Nacional. Spanish. Editorial text to "Bata" ID at 2130 UTC. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI) (Robert Landau, Secaucus,

2150 UTC on 9385

ISRAEL: Rashuth Hashidur. Hebrew. Lady announcer presents easy-listening and North American popular hits. Station ID and newscast at 2200 UTC. (Frank Mierzwinski, Mt. Penn, PA)

2152 UTC on 4870

BENIN: ORT Du Benin. French. African highlife music to station ID. Station commentary to 2152 UTC. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

2223 UTC on 7416

PIRATE: Hope Radio. Banjo/bluegrass music program mixing with co-channel pirate. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

2235 UTC on 15154.6

INDONESIA-Java: Radio Republik Indonesia-Jakarta. Indonesian. Exercise show -- by radio! Announcements and featured interviews to interval signal at 2258 UTC. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ)

2348 UTC on 2390

MEXICO: Radio Huayacocotla. Spanish. Male/female announcer duo present Mexicana ballads and campesino music to announcement break. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI) Monitored from 0100-0120 UTC with IDs noted as "Radio Huayacocotla, la voz de los campesinos." (Sam Wright, Blloxi, MS)

# **Utility World**

# Larry Van Horn c/o MT, P.O. Box 98

Brasstown, NC 28902

I really do enjoy the thrill of listening to the shortwave Utility World bands and one of my favorite areas to listen to is the aeronautical frequencies. These areas of the HF ("High Frequency, another name for shortwave) spectrum can provide some of the most fascinating communications to be heard in the Utility World. Jetliners, private aircraft and even the military fly-boys can all be heard within the confines of the aeronautical bands.

I know I have said this before, but the aeronautical bands can also offer the hard core DXer some of the best DX to be heard in the shortwave spectrum. Most stations are even good verifiers.

So where do we get started? First, let's identify the spectrum of interest. Just where does all this flying and talking take place? Check out Table 1 for the answer.

Now I will be the first to admit, especially when you talk about military communications, that Table 1 does not represent the total picture. Military communications can pop up just about anywhere. The frequencies, however, in Table 1 represent assigned spectrum as defined by the international regulating body for communications, the ITU in Geneva, Switzerland.

What are you going to hear in these aero bands? The most common communications you will hear are ground stations controlling aircraft much like your local airport's control tower does.

The major difference between the two is that positive radar contact cannot be established so the ground stations rely on the aircraft to report their positions periodically. The ground stations can then keep track of all the aircraft within their airspace of responsibility and keep the aircraft from finding each other the hard way.

The world has been divided into Major World Air Route Areas (MWARA) for better control of aircraft. These areas are:

Caribbean	CAR	North Atlantic	NAT
Central East Pacific	CEP	North Central Asia	NCA
Central West Pacific	<b>CWP</b>	North Pacific	NP
East Asia	EA	South America	SAM
Europe	EUR	South Atlantic	SAT
Indian Ocean	INO	Southeast Asia	SEA
Middle East	MID	South Pacific	SP

Now whole families of frequencies are assigned to these NWARAs. Sometimes the area is so large that it is further divided into smaller areas and assigned its own family of

# TABLE 1 Utility World Aeronautical Bands

2850.0 -	3025.0	Civilian	10005.0 - 10096.0	Civilian
3025.0 -	3155.0	Military	11176.0 - 11270.0	Military
3400.0 -	3500.0	Civilian	11270.0 - 11400.0	Civilian
4650.0 -	4700.0	Civilian	13200.0 - 13260.0	Military
4700.0 -	4750.0	Military	13260.0 - 13360.0	Civilian
5489.0 -	5680.0	Civilian	15010.0 - 15100.0	Military
5680.0 -	5730.0	Military	17900.0 - 17970.0	Civilian
6525.0 -	6683.0	Civilian	17970.0 - 18030.0	Military
6683.0 -	6765.0	Military	21870.0 - 22000.0	Civilian
8815.0 -	8960.0	Civilian	23200.0 - 23350.0	Civilian/
8960.0 -	9040.0	Military		Military

frequencies. The North Atlantic and Africa are prime examples where this is done.

Listening to the North Atlantic communications is usually where most beginners start. These comms are usually the best heard and appear on a variety of frequencies throughout the spectrum. With a little good luck and favorable propagation, it is possible to follow a flight from the time it first passes the coast of the eastern United States and establishes HF ground communications to its last transmission before changing to VHF for Europe. Westbound flights can be heard in a like manner coming from Europe.

When you first start listening, things are going to sound a little strange and you probably won't understand a thing that is said. That's okay; stay on it for a while. You will get used to the flow of communications after a while and before you know it, you will become a North Atlantic pro.

The most common thing you will hear is position reports. Remember, earlier I said that there is no radar, so the controllers on the ground rely on the aircraft's reported position to keep track of all the aircraft. A typical report might sound something like this:

New York, Iberia 964 over 33 North 60 West at 0030. Estimating 34 North 40 West at 0130. 35 North 40 West

Flight level 350, Fuel remaining 54.3, Temperature -47 Celsius,

Winds 250 at 14.

Now just what was said? Well, Iberia Airlines 964 called New York ATC to report his present position of 33 north and 60 west. You can now go to a world map and over the Atlantic plot that position. At 0130 UTC he will be at 34 north 40 west. The reporting position after that will be at 35 north 40 west. The aircraft is at flight level 35,000 feet. The reference to fuel indicates that the aircraft has 54.3 tons of fuel remaining in his tanks. The outside air temperature as measured by the aircraft at that altitude was -47 degrees Celsius. Finally, the winds as measured by the aircraft at 35,000 feet were blowing from 250 degrees at 14 knots. Now that really wasn't hard, was it?

This is just one example of the types of communication you will hear on aero frequencies. One way to get used to it is to use a tape recorder; tape the comms for later playback. You can keep playing back those sections you don't understand repeatedly until you figure it out.

There is another great aid to help in listening to aero comms and that is Robert Evans' new book, *The Aeronautical Communications Handbook, HF edition*. This one book has it all. Major chapters cover all aspects of listening to HF comms including:

Commercial Aero Concepts (makes the technical easy) Commercial HF Communications

Flight Service Stations/ATC; LDOC Stations; VOLMET Stations

CW Aero Communications

RTTY Aero Communications

Noncommercial Aero Communications

CAP/Aero Flight Test/NOAA Hurricane Hunters; US Coast Guard Comms; DEA Comms; NASA Comms;

Military Flight Communications Aero QSLs and Reception Reports Master HF Voice Listing by Frequency City/Country Gazetteer

The best part of this book is that Robert has taken actual transmissions heard on the aero bands and explained each in detail. In fact, the comms I used preceding this came from Robert's book and is just one example of the many types he discusses that can be heard in the aero bands.

This book is a classic and no HF listeners who call themselves ute monitors should be without it in their shacks. The beginner as well as the old pro will find this book useful. I keep it right next to the radio and use it constantly. This one has it all on aero comms and has the Utility World seal of approval.

The book is available from DX Radio Supply, P.O. Box 360, Wagontown, PA 19376 for \$19.95 plus 1.55 book rate or 2.80 UPS. Now fly, don't walk, to get your copy of *The* 

Aeronautical Communications Handbook.

Oh, yeah, almost forgot, since I used an example of North Atlantic aero comms, let me give you the frequencies to listen in on so you can catch some of the action. Table 2 lists the North Atlantic family of aero channels and their stations.

If you are interested in seeing more of the MWARA worldwide list, drop me a line at P.O. Box 98, Brasstown. I will be happy to run a few more of these in the column if interest is there.

#### New Marine Coastal Stations

Faithful Monitoring Times Ute World reporter Geoff Halligey recently supplied some information on new coastal marine stations that have appeared since the start of the New Year. Geoff got the information from the British Admiralty List of Radio Signals. Many thanks, Geoff, and you might let us all know how to get hold of that useful marine band publication and the cost involved.

#### LSD 836 Argentina Radio: 34.38 S 58.28 W

USB transmits	4419.4	6521.9	8780.9	13162.8
	17294.9	22658.0	)	
SITOR A transmits	4350.5	4351.5	4352.5	6494.5
	6497.0	6501.5	8706.5	8707.5
	8708.0	13093.5	13094.0	13094.5
	17199.0	17217.0	17219	.0 22580.0
	22591.5	22583 0	)	

9PG23 Black Star, Tema, Ghana: 05.38 N 0.00 CW transmits 4344 8700 12755 16948 22522 SITOR A transmits 4350 8705 12970.5 16900.5 22592

 2PC Penta Comstation, NSW, Australia: 33.24 N
 151.24 E

 USB transmits
 2032 2182 2524 (pri) 4419.4

 4143.6 4483 (pri) 6221.6 6521.6

 8291.1 12429.2 16593.3

Thanks for the list, Geoff, and we'll be looking forward to more as new stations are addressed in the Admiralty List.

#### SELCAL List Revisited

Boy, get one address wrong, and the whole world writes. Seems as though I have won an award for the most inventive interpretation of a name and address. The mystery occurred in the December issue when one of our readers asked about a list of SELCAL used by aircraft. One of our readers sent in the information but these old eyes had some trouble with the handwriting. Our original reporter was none other than:

# TABLE 2 North Atlantic Aero Family of Frequencies

#### NAT-A

Covers ground stations and aircraft inflight across the south central part of the North Atlantic Ocean. Ground stations and the frequencies include:

Canaries, Canary Is	3016	5598	8825	13306	17946
Gander, Canada	3016	5598	8825	13306	
New York, NY USA	3016	5598	8825	13306	17946
Paramaribo, Surinam	3016	8825			
Santa Maria, Azores	3016	5598	8825	13306	
Shanwick, Ireland	3016	5598	8825	13306	17946

#### NAT-B

Covers ground stations and aircraft inflight across the North Atlantic Ocean registered west of 30 degrees west (North and South American registered aircraft). Ground stations and frequencies include:

Gander, Canada	2899	5616	8864	13291	
New York, NY USA	2899	5616	8864	13291	17946
Reykjavik, Iceland	2899	5616	8864	11279	13291
Santa Maria, Azores	2899	5616	8864	13291	
Shanwick, Ireland	2899	5616	8864	13291	17936

#### NAT-C

Covers ground stations and aircraft inflight across the North Atlantic Ocean registered east of 30 degrees east (Europe and Africa registered aircraft). Ground stations and frequencies include:

Gander, Canada	2872	5649	8879	13306	
Reykjavik, Iceland	2962	5649	8879	11279	13306
Shanwick, Ireland	2872	5649	8879	13306	17946

#### NATO

Covers ground stations and aircraft inflight across the North Atlantic polar regions. Ground stations and frequencies include:

Bodo, Norway	2971	4675	8891	11279	
Cambridge Bay, Canada	2971	4675	8891	11279	
Churchill, Canada	2971	4675	8891		
Gander, Canada	2971	4675	8891	13291	
Iqaluit, Canada	2971	4675	8891	11279	
Reykjavik, Iceland	2971	4675	8891	11279	13291
Shanwick, Ireland	2672	5649	8879	13306	17946

Graham Wickens; Rock Cottage London Road; Brimscombe, Stroud; Gloucestershire GL5 2QF; England

Even though I managed to mess up the address, one person did get some mail to Graham. The information that Graham provided concerned the book *High in the Sky* and it is available from:

The Aviation Hobby Shop; 4 Horton Parade; Horton Road, West Drayton; Middlesex UB7 8EA; England

The price is 4 pounds 25 surface and 6 pounds 30 airmail subject to the current exchange rate and UK inflation. The book lists 360 airlines, 73 pages of SELCALS, airline codes, RTTY flight plan decoding and frequencies for ATC, company and military aircraft, 136 pages total.

Many thanks to Ken Holliday, Mike Bennett and Mr. Joe Doe in London for their contributions towards solving the mystery. Now without further ado, let's check what some of you have been hearing in the Utility World this month . . . .

# **Utility World**

# Utility Loggings

Abbreviations used in this column

All times	UTO	C, fi	requencie	s in	kilohertz.	All	voice
transmiss	ions	are	English	unles	s otherwi	se i	noted.

AM	Amplitude modulation	ISB	Independent sideband
ARQ	SITOR	LSB	Lower sideband
CW	Morse code	RTTY	Radioteletype
FAX	Facsimile	UNID	Unidentified
FEC	Forward error correction	USB	Upper sideband
ID	Identification		The state of

- 2063.0 KLB-Seattle Radio, Washington, with CW marker at 0235. (Jim Ingram, Aromas, CA) Welcome to the column, Jim, please report often-ed.
- 2755.0 CKN-Canadian Forces Vancouver, BC, Canada with CW marker at 0230. (Ingram, CA)
- 4100.0 Female English 3/2-digit number station heard at 2315. (Robert Hurley, Baltimore, MD)
- 4390.0 Female English 3/2-digit number station heard at 2339. (Hurley, MD)
- 4501.0 Voice net with leader 6 Bravo 27 working 6 Bravo 1, 6 Bravo 30 and Charlie 3 in USB at 2230. (Hurley, MD)
- 4603.0 Red Robin #3 asked for Colonel Dickson to Red Robin #2 mobile at 0226 in USB. Who is this? (Thomas Nichols, Indianapolis, IN) Tom, that's the Michigan branch of the Civil Air Patrol.-ed.
- 4750.0 Male op working a 2nd male op calling Rebel 1, Rebel 1 over and Hardball 1, Hardball 1 over. All in USB at 1200. (Mierzwinski, PA)
- 5090.0 Female English 3/2-digit number station at 2225. (Dix, NY)
- 5180.0 Cape Radio Net heard at 2324 in USB conducting radio checks and getting tracking ships in position. (Richard Bradley, Tampa, FL) / can't offer a suggestion for a QSL address on this end, Rich. NASA has had a policy in the past of not verifying.-ed.
- 5259.0 FSIF de 9MF9 no QSV K-unid station in CW at 2230. (Dix, NY)
- 5496.8 PV2S de R5SA with CW marker unknown and unid stations at 1053. (Dix, NY)
- 5696.0 Bravo Bravo 232 receiving instructions to get back on schedule at 0025 in USB. (William Braghardt, Denville, NJ) This is no April fool joke, folks.
  - USCG CAMSPAC San Francisco calling Border Patrol, Vermont, at 0038 in USB. No reply heard, beats me! (Neal Purdue, Madison, AL) Beats me.-ed.
- 6395.0 TBA2/3-Izmir Turkish Naval Radio calling Ti3A at 0216 in CW. (Jack Dix, Yonkers, NY)
- 6518.8 NMF-USCG Boston, Massachusetts, working the coast guard cutter SENICA with a SAR in progress. (Ronald Bruckman, Hempstead, MA) Welcome to the column, Ron, please report often.-ed.
- 6788.0 Hershey with Woodpecker and Gangster in USB at 1130. (Frantz, GA)
- 6756.0 SAM 205 to Andrews at 1425 with a patch to Secretary Baker from Bernie. Told that all twelve hostages have been released by Salvadorian soldlers. (Bruchman, MD) Did I miss something here?-
- 6817.0 SAM 681 working Andrews AFB at 2025 and 1550 in USB. (Thomas Redder, Cincinnati, OH)
- 6820.0 Orion Control with unid aircraft. Arrival plans for Andrews AFB. (Frantz, GA) Probably through Andy, Bill.-ed.
- 6982.0 Another interesting one. NA4XAB (Missou? Harbor Master) with NA4XAP (National Barge Poseidon). Also NA4X3 and NA4XA3. Many radio checks and testing of transmitters and antennas. Can anyone tell me about these stations. (Frantz, GA) I think this has something to do with the Department of Energy, Bill.-ed.
- 6995.0 Female unid language five-digit number station at 0205. (Harry Johnson, Ocean City, MD) Welcome to the Utility World, Harry. Please report often.-ed.
- 7979.4 Y3K7-Potsdam Meteo, GDR with aviation weather at 0334, RTTY 425/100. (Sam Ricks, Philadelphia, PA)
- 7997.0 SOH299-Warsaw Meteo, Poland, with aviation weather at 0336. RTTY

- 425/50R. (Ricks, PA)
- 8442.0 SXA37-Piraeus Greek Naval Radio in CW sending a V marker at 0032. (Dix. NY)
- 8600.0 ROT-Moscow Naval Radio sending CQ CW marker at 0155. (Dix, NY)
- 8678.0 ZLP-Irirangi Naval Radio, New Zealand, at 0943 transmitting short naval drill messages in CW. (Dix, NY)
- 8694.0 PJC-Curacao Radio, Netherland Antilles, at 1105 sending CQ CW marker. (Dix, NY)
- 8698.0 9MG-Penang Radio, Malaysia, heard at 1109 sending CQ CW marker. (Dlx, NY)
- 8746.8 WOM-Ft. Lauderdale Radio, Florida, working 3EYK3 -- Holiday Cruise Ship (part of the Carnival Cruise line) with radio telephone traffic at 1652 in USB. (Ship heard on 8222.9) (G. Van Horn, LA)
- 8825.0 Canary Islands Aeradio working Air France 221 in USB exchanging flight info at 0058. (Dix, NY)
- 8855.0 Fishing fleets-Gulf of Mexico, at 1350 in USB. (Frantz, GA)
- 8867.0 Tahiti Aeradio working Air New Zealand One in USB at 1113 with flight information. (Dix, NY)
- 8939.0 Russian Air Volmet, Moscow, heard transmitting in Russian at 0116. (Dix, NY)
- 8967.0 Trouser working Showboat at 1800 in USB. QSYedc from 13207. Also wanted Fred on frequency. (Steve, NY)
- 8972.0 Stockholm Radio with phone patch for Federal Express 122 at 0226 in USB. (Bob Doyle, CT)
- 8973.0 One Tango Lima gave a coded message broadcast at 0847 in USB. Who is this? (Nichols, IN) Probably Navy, Tom.-ed.
- 8986.0 McClellan AFB, California, conducting radio checks with March 96 and phone patches with SAC stations at 1615 in USB. Very busy frequency. (Ken Richardson, Flagstaff, AZ) Normally is, Ken. Welcome to Ute World.-ed.
- 9008.0 This is one of the more interesting ones for me lately. "Project 889" (shore) with NADC 38 (ship) on this one and 9035 in USB at 1300. Comms about air drops of electronic buoys; placing buoys in the water; picking up other electronic devices and test units. Mentioned Magnavox devices and other "joint venture" electronics. Mentioned location as SW Gulf off Florida. 9035 was primary and 9088 was secondary. (Frantz, GA) I am at a loss, Bill. Readers?-ed.
- 9023.0 Sidecar working Quotion and Fred. Sidecar had a rough copy in green and Quotion said to use key 2091, but no copy. Quotion said NUCO is central document and Yeager is on line to go green and they would pass NUCO on to the 24th (NORAD HUNTRESS). Then Fred gave Quotion frequency Tango-20 and TALT H and PU is recorded in the tech op data and that he is E-3 primary. Quotion then told Fred via Sidecar that he would meet him on SATCOM frequency uplink 295.8 and 262.2 downlink. Heard at 1812 in USB. (Steve, NY)
- 9190.0 New York VOLMET heard at 1530 in USB. I haven't seen this listed anywhere before. (Hurley, MD) Neither have I, Bob, and I haven't heard them there either, may be an image or something.-ed.
- 10493.0 WGY-912 calling WGY-917 at 1545 in USB, no reply. Where is WGY-917? (Frantz, GA) Good question, Bill. Probably a VIP relocation site in Maryland. Readers?-ed.
- 10585.0 3 Kilo working Sierra Bravo at 2040 in USB. (Frantz, GA)
- 10722.0 Unid station sending the letters "PTBT" continuously in CW at 0237. (Dix, NY)
- 10773.0 GGJI calling XONN in CW. Said to QSY 39086 and 44985 at 0106. (Dix, NY)
- 10820.0 Female English four-digit number station heard at 0240. (Dix, NY)
- 10890.0 TOU with Duran-Duran. Only could hear TOU. Comm checks and passing autovon numbers at 1400 in USB. (Frantz, GA)
- 10895.0 Bookshelf with Kopek 41 and 43. Strong signal at 1210 in USB. Radio checks then went to UHF, weather updates. Called this channel Fox. (Frantz, GA)
- 11214.0 Challis Charlie working Trenton with patch to Oakgrove, talking about SATCOM channel 262.2. (Steve, NY)
- 11226.0 Several stations working each other at 1645 including Rankfile, Bluecall, Overgrown and Sunburst on Xray-905. Bluecall, a female op seemed to be net control. Also heard the next day WAR-46 working Maestro at 1658 and Hathaway working Mushroom (that's what I feel like sometimes-ed.) at 1707. All in USB. (Neal Purdue, Madison, AL)

- 11233.0 Locus working Edmonton on this one and 9006, and 13257 in USB, 0115 in USB. (Steve, NY)
- 11246.0 MacDill AFB heard in USB at 1737 working VIN. (Tom Nichols, Indianapolis, IN)
- 11267.0 9 Kilo Xray calling 1 Charlie Mike for radio check at 2150 in USB. US Army? (K. Kwan, NY) No, it's the US Navy HICOM, Kwan.-ed.
- 12222.0 Fishing fleets heard in LSB at 2145, no IDs. Weather conditions, parts, and repairs discussed. (Frantz, GA)
- 12329.0 OVG-Frederikshavn Danish Marine Radio sending V CW marker at 0248. (Dix, NY)
- 12524.9 EWWJ-Soviet Factory ship Arklika with weather report to Murmansk weather center, via Murmansk Radio at 0130. Located off Halifax, Nova Scotla. Vessel operates in US waters through a joint venture with US trawlers. RTTY 170/50. (Ricks, PA)
  - UISZ-Soviet tracking ship Akademik Sergei Korolev with tracking data and kriptogrammas for UIVZ-Komonaut V. Volkov
  - UZZV-Kosmonaut G. Dobrovolski and UZYY-Kosmonaut V. Patsayev during Kvant-2 rendezvous with MIR at 0312. RTTY 170/50. (Ricks, PA)
- 12659.5 9VG37-Singapore Radio, Singapore, sending CQ CW marker at 1114. (Dix, NY)
- 12730.0 UMN/UMV-Murmansk Radio, USSR at 0003 with a CW CW marker. (Dix, NY)
- 12860.0 UGF2-Unid Russian working 4LS at 0327 in Cw. (Dix, NY) Nothing listed in the ITU list, Jack, good question; anybody know who this is? My guess is a Russian Naval.-ed.
- 12869.0 XSV-Tlanjin Radio at 1136 sending CQ CW marker. (Dix, NY)
- 12888.0 DZK-Bulacan Radio, Philippines, sending a CQ CW marker at 1100. (Dlx, NY)
- 13047.5 UAI3-Nakhodka Radio, USSR, sending V CW marker at 1102. (Dix, NY)
- 13116.3 WOM-Ft. Lauderdale Radio, Florida, working Foot Loose with radio telephone traffic at 2324 in USB (ship on 12345.5) (G. Van Horn, LA)
- 13207.0 Fred working Primitive, Fred would check with Huntress about airspace and QSY to D-6. Also gave weather for Tinker and Pease. (Steve, NY)
- 13251.0 ICE 21 working MAC Center (McMurdo Station, Antarctica) and Auckland Center in USB at 0355-0410. (Frantz, GA) Nice catch, Bill.ed.
- 13399.0 DFZG-MFA Belgrade, Yugoslavia, at 1521 with traffic in Czech or Serbo-Croat. RTTY 425/75N. (Art Blair, San Francisco, CA) Welcome back, Art. How did you fare during the big shake and how about the Niners.-ed.
- 13524.0 YIO72-Baghdad, Iraq at 1551 with INA news in English. RTTY 350/50R. (Blair, CA)
- 13647.5 OLI5-Prague, Czechoslovakia, at 1545 with CETEKA news in French. RTTY 350/50N. (Blair, CA)
- 14441.5 NNNOCMB-USS Truett (FF-1095) working NNNOXEN with phone patches at 0025 in USB. (Gayle Van Horn, LA)
  - NNNOCRK-USS Ponce (LPD-15) working NNOCOZ-USS Forestal (CV-59) with a radio check in USB at 2252. (Gayle Van Horn, LA)
  - NNNOCWI-USS Wisconsin (BB-64) calling any stateside MARS station for 40 routine patches. No reply heard. (Gayle Van Horn, Gretna, LA) Do you blame any stateside for not answering, hi.-ed.
- 14470.0 NNNOCVZ-USS Mt. Whitney (LCC-29) working NNNOZTI with phone patches at 1945 in USB. (G. Van Horn, LA)
- 14497.0 CSY-AFTN Santa Maria, Azores, with NOTAMN reporting Eastern Test Range operations and Oceanic Stationary Airspace Reservation for Delta 2 launch from CApe Canaveral Air Force Station at 0245. RTTY 425/50. (Ricks, PA) Sam, Robert Evans new book goes into those types of broadcasts in detail.-ed.
- 14573.0 5AQ70-Tripoli, Libya, at 1638 with JANA news in Arabic. RTTY 425/50N (Blair, CA)
- 15935.0 SUA291-Cairo, Egypt, at 1555 with MENA news in French. RTTY 300/50R. (Blair, CA)
- 16192.7 Radio Moscow broadcast feeder in English LSB at 0633. (Brian Webb, Thousand Oaks, CA) Welcome to the column, Brian. Hope things are well for you and the wife in California.-ed.



# King of the QSLers!

That's just what you are if you succeed in obtaining a coveted utility verification! How about sharing some of your successes with us? Send your QSL or a good photocopy to the Van Horns or to the QSL editor; we'll copy the QSL(s) to be used wherever there's room, and return the original.

- 16669.5 UIQN-Soviet tanker Penteleymon Ponomarenko at 1645 working UDH in ARQ/TOR. (Blair, CA)
- 16691.0 ENUK-Soviet Bulk/Oil Carrier Akademik Sechenov at 1601 in ARQ/TOR working UAT. (Blair, CA)
- 16702.0 UMFW-Soviet Hydromet research ship Professor Zubov with upper level pressure, temperature, humidity and wind reports to RNO SAAMC (Soviet Arctic/Antarctic Meteo Center) Moscow at 0226. Reported unable to contact RUZU, Soviet research station at Molodezhnaya, Antarctica, after repeated attempts via satellite (wonder which satellite-ed.). Vessel was in the South Atlantic off Brazil. RTTY 170/50. (Ricks. PA)
- 16918.6 VIX-Sydney Radio, Australia, heard at 0044 sending CW V marker. (Dix, NY)
- 17005.9 ZRQ-Cape (Simonstown) Naval Radio, South Africa, in CW with V marker at 1428. (Webb, CA)
- 17007.2 PCH61-Scheveningen Radio, Netherlands, with CW DE marker at 0836. (Webb. CA)
- 17027.0 FFL8-St. Lys Radio, France, at 0516 with CQ CW marker. (Webb, CA)
- 17043.2 JCU-Choshi Radio, Japan, at 0552 with CQ CW marker. (Webb, CA)
- 17048.0 DAF-Norddeich Radio, West Germany, sending a V CW marker at 0141. (Webb, CA)
- 17052.5 JNA-Tokyo Naval Radio, Japan, at 1204 with V CW marker. (Webb, CA)
- 17057.2 SAB8-Goteborg Radio, Sweden, at 0536 with DE CW marker. (Webb, CA)
- 17074.5 PNK-Jayapura Radio, Indonesia, sending CQ CW marker at 1320. (Webb, CA)
- 17091.0 XSQ4-Guangzhou Radio, PRC at 1505 with V CW marker. (Webb, CA)
- 17360.0 RCF41-Moscow, USSR, at 1530 with TASS news in Arabic, RTTY 350/50R. (Blair, CA)
- 17525.0 OLV3-Prague, Czechoslovakia, at 1621 with CETEKA news in English. RTTY 350/50N. (Blair, CA)
- 19954.0 Soviet space station Salyut 7/Cosmos 1686 beacon frequency, CW mode at 1505, doppler shift effect characteristic of orbiting spacecraft, signal gets louder as it approaches, fades as it passes. (Ricks, PA) Was it CW, Sam, or a PDM burring telemetry?-ed.
- 20560.0 5AQ88-Tripoli, Libya, at 1617 with JANA news in English. RTTY 350/50R. (Blair, CA)
- 22386.0 JCT-Choshi Radio, Japan, at 2352 with CW marker. (Doyle, CT)
- 22409.0 JOR-Nagasaki Radio, Japan, at 2355 with CW marker. (Doyle, CT)
- 22481.0 Unid CW station, D7PS, D7OM, all starting with D7 at 0005. (Doyle CT) Probably Y5M-Rugen radio with a ship list, Bob.-ed.
- 22485.0 VIX-Sydney Radio, Australia, at 0046 with CW V marker. (Dix, NY)
- 22515.0 KFS-San Francisco Radio, California, at 0009 with CW marker. (Doyle, CT)
- 22524.0 JFA-Matsudo Radio, Japan, at 0048 with CW CQ marker. (Dix, NY)
- 22544.0 FUM-Papeete French Naval Radio, Society Island, sending the usual V marker at 0029 in CW. (Dix, NY)
- 22586.0 CQA4-Unid station heard here with CW marker for several minutes, then idler at 1407. Nothing pops in my ITU list. (L. Van Horn, LA)

Thanks to all for the contributions this month. See you all next month. SK de N5FPW.

# The Scanning Report

Bob Kay c/o MT, P.O. Box 98 Brasstown, NC 28902

# Spring Cleaning

Here in the northeast the warm breezes of April are an inspiration to begin our "Spring Cleaning." It is a time to open the windows, air out the house and organize our belongings.

As I sorted through your mail responses from previous columns, it became apparent that this would be an appropriate time to spring clean the popular Treasure Hunt.

Your answers to the Treasure Hunt clues are testimony to the fact that many of you thought that it was necessary to provide long and complex responses. Actually, your answers to any Treasure Hunt clue should never contain more than five words or a combination of five words and five numbers. Most of the time, each clue can be answered in one word.

Sure, some clues are tougher than others, but lengthy responses are not required. To prove my point, let's review the questions and answers for several of the past Treasure Hunts.

In the April 1989 Treasure Hunt, readers were asked to find a popular cordless phone frequency. The answer was 46.610 MHz. It was easy, and everyone got it right. It was also the beginning of the Treasure Hunt; we were off and running.

The August 1989 Treasure Hunt directed readers to review page 8 of the May 1989 issue of MT. That particular page featured a B-1 bomber and SR-71 recon aircraft. Players were asked to identify the emergency frequency of both aircraft.

As most of you realize, 243.000 megahertz is the frequency for military air emergencies. Since 243.000 MHz is merely a double of 121.500 MHz (civilian air emergency frequency), I accepted either response.

In the October 1989 Treasure Hunt, the second question asked for the original wording of the following MT ad: "The Pro's Subscribe, Shouldn't You?" Old time subscribers quickly remembered that the original wording was as follows: "The CIA subscribes, Shouldn't You?" New subscribers who included an SASE with their entry received the correct response via first class mail.

The fourth question asked for the actual color of the "black boxes" that are carried aboard commercial aircraft. The actual color is Orange. I also accepted International Red

We kicked off the January 1990 Treasure Hunt with a scanner radio from Ace Electronics. Since the prize was so popular, I made the clues a little tougher. Practically everyone knew that 165.375 was the nationwide command post frequency of the Secret Service. A few folks had trouble finding the engraving and printing frequencies, but,



Are photo speeding tickets a reality? Read the Scanning Report and decide for yourself!

for the most part, 171.385 and 172.275 were not that elusive. Naming a scanner radio with CTCSS tone option was another easy one -- the Bearcat BC 760 was the most popular unit mentioned.

Things got a lot tougher when one of my questions involved a math problem. Here's the question: "What image frequency would I enter into a Bearcat 800 XLT if I wanted to monitor 405.000 megahertz?" The IF frequency of the Bearcat 800 XLT can be 10.7 or 10.8. It varies between models. Multiply the IF x 2 and add the sum to the frequency. When 21.40 or 21.60 are added to 405.00, the answers are 425.40 and 426.60. I accepted either answer as being correct.

In that same issue I also asked if the cordless phone base unit transmitted a duplex signal. Approximately 50 percent of you said false. The remaining half said the statement was true. As half of you realize, the cordless phone base transmits a duplex signal. Since there was such a large division in your response, I did not disqualify anyone for providing the wrong answer.

Next month I'll explain the difference between simplex and duplex signals. And I promise to keep it very "simplex." In the meantime, I'll conclude my "Spring Cleaning" by providing a list of all the lucky Treasure Hunt winners.

Richard Kramer, Reading, PA Audio booster,

Joe Nooney, Valatie, NY

Karl Aver, Mequon, WI Discone antenna, Pr Warren Stehman, Mt. Joy, PA Frequency counter,

Pete Christie, Bartlett, TN

Gary Bills, Lynn Haven, FL

Audio booster,
Naval Electronics
Audio booster,
Naval Electronics
Discone antenna, Procom
Frequency counter,
Opto Electronics
Frequency counter,
Opto Electronics
Lamp, Littlite

Don Koblischke, Denver, CO Lamp, Littlite Scanner radio, Ace Electronics

#### MT Treasure Hunt

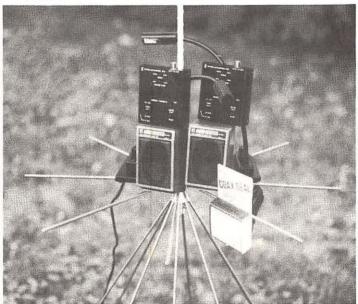
Hurry, folks. This is your last month to win the "ScanRecord" from Capri Electronics. As I told you last month, the ScanRecord is a tape saving device that connects between your scanner radio and a tape player. But unlike other tape savers, the ScanRecord is only four inches long, two inches wide, by two inches deep. It will easily fit into your pocket!

Best of all, the ScanRecord can be powered by a 9 volt battery, making it completely portable. With a hand-held scanner and battery operated tape player, you can make scanner recordings from any location.

The front panel includes a dial control for adjusting sensitivity, a red LED indicator, and a toggle switch for controlling the delay time. And when you are ready to review your tape, the A/B switch on the ScanRecord has eliminated the need to remove the control cable from your recorder. Simply flip the switch and the tape player is ready for instant playback.

I've got two of them, packaged and ready to send out. But you can't win if you don't play. Here are the clues:

- 1. In the December 1989 Scanning Report, name the fourth company listed in the "Christmas Wish List."
- Can cellular coverage be restored to Radio Shack's Pro-34? Yes or No.
- 3. What is the channel spacing on VHF low band?
- 4. In the November 1989 issue of MT, there is a hidden scanning article that is not mentioned in the index. What is the title of the article?



A few of the prizes that were given away in the 1989 Treasure Hunt.

5. For VHF/UHF monitoring, which cable exhibits the lowest loss per foot: RG58/U or RG-6?

Priced at \$47.00, the ScanRecord is an affordable unit that won't bust your wallet. At this price I'm thinking about ordering two -- one for the field, and one for my shack. To order your very own ScanRecord, contact Capri Electronics, 303-884-9084, 1238 Highway 160-B, Box 589, Bayfield, Colorado 81122.

To enter the contest, send your answers to the Treasure Hunt, c/o MT, P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902. And remember, multiple entries improve your chance of winning. Good luck.

# Frequency Exchange

Get on your mark, get ready -- GO! Welcome to the Boston Marathon. If you don't want to actually run the Race, Bill Miller has provided the following frequencies for your listening enjoyment:

#### BOSTON MARATHON

State Police 42.44 Main channel 158.970 Inner City

Boston Police

460.350 Channel 1

460.300 Channel 7 (tow requests)

Media

455.1125 WHDH helicopter 450.350 WBZ helicopter/camera 450.550 WBZ desk

455.2875 WCVB special events

HAM radio volunteers

145.230 Calls for Red Cross

147.360 Net control

Bill also pointed out that the following frequencies may be used in an emergency: Red Cross, 47.42 and 47.58; the Boston Medical Net on 155.280. Thanks, Bill.

Since we're running through the streets of Boston, let's stop and visit with the Boston branch of the FBI:

163.985 KCB 808 167.2375 KCB 801 167.3625 KCB 800 167.4625 KCB 801 167.6125 KCB 808 162.9750 KCB 801 167.2625 KCB 801

Actually, I've only printed a small portion of Arthur Heely's list. The original document contains call letters, transmitter locations and repeater frequencies. It is one of the most comprehensive one-page federal lists that I've seen for the New Haven and Boston FBI. Interested? If so, the list is free. Send an SASE to the Frequency Exchange, c/o MT, P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902. Come and get 'em while they're hot!

#### Antenna Madness

With the return of warmer weather, many of you have asked if I would supply a set of plans for do-it-yourself antennas. Upon considering the request, I realized that you didn't want ordinary sketches. You wanted a set of plans that were specifically designed for scanner buffs. Complicated formulas, complex math equations and pages of antenna theory were not wanted.

When I jokingly asked if there were any additional guidelines, you got real serious and told me that you didn't want to spend more than \$20.00 for a complete set of plans.

Although it was a tall order to fill, I designed a set of plans specifically for you -- the scanner buff. No math, no formulas, no theory. All the sketches are clearly drawn, with measurements in good old-fashioned feet and inches.

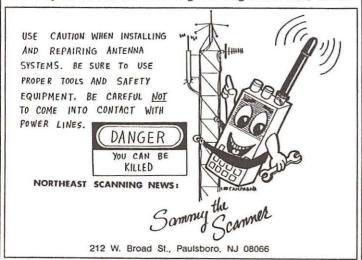
These plans show you how to do the following: Convert a standard television antenna into a VHF/UHF beam, convert a standard UHF Bow Tie antenna into a top performer on the military air and cellular frequencies, build a familiar and popular ground plane antenna, construct a long-wire cordless phone receiving antenna, and how to make a long wire antenna for scanning between 30 and 500 megahertz. If you purchased each antenna commercially, your cost would be over \$200.00.

After I had drawn the plans, there was another problem. I needed to have them printed. DX Radio Supply gave me the best deal in town. They agreed to print and mail the plans to your doorstep for only \$19.00.

Best of all, the plans are designed so that practically anyone can build the antennas. All you need are a few standard hand tools and a ruler. Ready to start building? If so, send your order to "Plans," Box 360, Wagontown, PA 19376.

# Looking for the All-Ohio Scanner Club

John A. Prevoynak recently asked where he could find the frequencies for the following Ohio agencies: FBI, Secret



Service, U.S. Marshal and DEA. John, the All-Ohio Scanner Club would be more than happy to help you. Membership dues are only \$15.00 per year and you can join by simply writing to Club Headquarters, 50 Villa Road, Springfield, Ohio 45003.

# Smiling for Connecticut Radar, Part III

In the October 1989 issue of MT I offered the locations of fixed speed monitoring devices in the state of Connecticut. The "boxes" were positioned along the roadside and they were thought to be cameras that photographed the license plates of speeding vehicles.

In the January 1990 issue I reported that the boxes seemed to be nothing more than some sort of traffic control device. A recent letter from a Road Maintenance Supervisor explained that the boxes occasionally contain devices that "count" the number of vehicles using a particular stretch of highway.

If you want personally to check out these mysterious "roadside boxes," I'll send you the complete list of locations for an SASE. Send your request to "Radar Locations," c/o MT, P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902.

## Smiling for Mississippi Radar, Part I

Trucker Angelo Warino recently received a photo speeding ticket from Mississippi. The ticket was mailed to his P.O. Box in Belle Chase, Louisiana. The ticket included a photo of the license plate on the rear of his trailer.

If you're interested in the exact location, simply send a SASE to "Photo Tickers," c/o MT, P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902.

# Top Guns in Wisconsin

The Volk field military base in Wisconsin has been given 37 million dollars to implement an "Aircraft Combat Maneuvering Course." According to the Air Force, the project will bring air-to-air, ground-to-air, and air-to-ground training similar to that in the movie "Top Gun." The project is expected to be completed by 1992.

Scanner buffs living in central Wisconsin should also begin to implement changes to their monitoring shacks. By 1992 a scanner radio that includes the military aircraft frequencies will be a definite necessity. (News clipping from Joe Sepuvado, Nekoosa, WI)

#### Next Month

More scanner frequencies, more free lists and more free prizes for the Treasure Hunt. In the meantime, check your expiration date and renew your subscription early. In our fast-paced world of scanning, you can't afford to miss a single issue!



THE INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE FOR THE HISPANIC RADIO AMATEUR

### Conozca el Interesante Contenido de Radioscan Magazine

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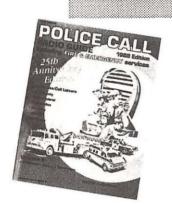


YES, we are reaching the Growing Hispanic Market in U.S.A and in 21 Countries.

# what's new?

GUIDE TO UTILITY STATIONS

Eighth Edition



### Public Safety Frequencies

or 25 years Police Call, edited by Gene Hughes, has been recognized as the leading source of public safety frequencies nationwide. Concentrating on police, fire and ambulance listings for state, local and federal agencies, these volumes have evolved to include forestry, aircraft and railroads as well.

Under constant computerbase revision, *Police Call* is conveniently organized alphabetically by state and city, then followed by a frequency cross-reference. An appendix of frequencies and allocations by the FCC is a handy, fingertip guide for understanding the spectrum.

Published in nine volumes, the concise format emphasizes listings in the 30-50, 151-174, 450-470 and now even the 806-861 MHz band, unaddressed in earlier editions.

The 1990 volumes are \$7.95 each plus \$2 shipping from Grove Enterprises, PO Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902 or phone 1-800-438-8155.

#### Guide to Utilities

esktop publishing has made it easy for just about anyone to put out a book with a credible print

job, but the proof is in the content -- and each new edition of Joerg Klingenfuss's *Utility Guide* verifies his continued leadership.

The new eighth is no exception. Hefty in size and content, the *Guide* includes not only voice and CW listings, but RTTY and FAX as well. Most files are cross-referenced by frequency and call sign; other tables offer schedules of press teletype and facsimile.

Appendices include common abbreviations, station country and address lists, the RTTY Z code, maritime frequency band plans, emission designators and many other useful references for the serious communications listener.

The *Guide to Utility* Stations is available for \$29.95 from various *MT* advertisers.

### Electronic Circuit Repair

R obert Goodman's bestselling all-in-one guide to electronic circuit repair is now in a revised second edition.

Each chapter has been updated with new material for working with circuitry both old and new -- from tubes to transistors to ICs and more -- and features professional techniques for diagnosing and repairing the circuitry used in virtually every popular electronic device, including TVs, stereos, CD players, VCRs, radios and more.

Troubleshooting and Repairing Electronic Circuits is designed for both hobbyists and technicians.

You can get the 320 page "Troubleshooting" for \$18.95 plus 1.90 book rate or 3.05 UPS from DX Radio Supply, P.O. Box 360, Wagontown, PA 19376.



### "Hands Free" 49 MHz Radios

onvenient

communications is what Midland's pair of new 49 MHz radios are all about. Using a headset with boom microphone and antenna, and a belt-mounted transmitter, these two-way radios are great for simple, short-range communications.

The microphone is voice activated, allowing operators to talk and listen without pressing any buttons. (The voice activated circuitry can be manually overridden.)

A dual conversion receiver provides crisp, clear sound. Model 75-108 offers a selection of five different channels; 75-107 is a single channel unit.

Additional information is available by writing to Midland International Corporation, Consumer Communications Division, 1690 N. Topping, Kansas City, MO 64120.

### Seeker-PC Computer-Aided Monitoring

F Systems has announced their newest computer-aided communications monitoring program. Intended to automate tuning and frequency retrieval in HF communications receivers, this newest version steps beyond the simple control by early Commodore C-64 computers and allows full IBM-compatible manipulation of both the R71A and Kenwood R5000 receivers.

For manual operation the SEEKER-PC is menu driven (see illustration); automated, it will scan, search, store, sample, log, and even sample up to six frequencies and modes with a built-in timer to look for the strongest signal, activating a tape recorder for the designated period.

Powerful programs like this one don't come cheap, but if you want the ultimate in shortwave monitoring command, the \$479 plus \$13.50 shipping cost is reasonable. An informational package and demonstration disk are available from AF Systems, PO Box 9145, Waukegan, IL 60079.



	1 - XVI - 146 - 50	y detup bEL		ARTO-RECORD
TIME/DATE UTC: 15:19:57	Friday	LOCAL: 10:1	9:57 Friday	10-06-1989
UFO A: 5.000.000 MEM # 26: 9.590.000			SIGNAL LEVEL: CUTOFF LEVEL:	
"STEPSIZE: 0.000.100				\$11,10,7E3
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Evaluator: 10690001	ly .			
AUIO-RECORD DAIABASE  STATUS: ACTIVE  DESC: Radio Metherlands, first daily broadcast to North America  ACTIVE DAYS (Y/N): SUN?Y MON?Y TUE?Y HED?Y THU?Y FRI?Y SAT?Y  IIMES - STARI; 88:38 END: 01:25 MINIMUM SIGNAL LEVEL (8-9): 7				
FREQ 1: 15.315.000	MODE 1: A MODE 3: A	FREQ 2: 6.16		MODE 2: A MODE 4:

#### Aero/Marine Beacon Guide

or the vast majority of shortwave listeners, the region below 500 kilohertz remains a mystery. A few stalwart enthusiasts monitor that range regularly; even fewer actually transmit signals in the license-free 160-190 kHz band.

One of these veterans is Ken Stryker whose laborious efforts at keeping track of who's down there are well respected by fellow "lowfers". Ken's frequency database is printed periodically and this latest edition is the biggest and best ever.

Listings include frequency, location, format and power for those navigational beacons heard beeping throughout the 191-535 and 1600-1745 kHz ranges. Crossreferenced by identifier and frequency, the signals are also discussed in several pages of informative text.

The 1990 Aero/Marine Beacon Guide is available for \$15 postpaid from Ken Stryker, 2856-G West Touhy Ave., Chicago, IL 60645.

#### AEA HF Antenna

A dvanced Electronics applications, Inc. has once again achieved a

significant engineering breakthrough..." reads the AEA press release. The "significant engineering breakthrough" is the new high-performance, low-profile "HF IsoLoop" antenna.

According to the company, "the IsoLoop is the ideal attic or balcony antenna." Its balanced feed system prevents feedline radiation which reduces the potential for television and other types of interference.

The HF IsoLoop tunes continuously from 14 to 30 MHz and is rated to 150 watts. It measures three feet per side and is square in shape.

The press release did not give a price. Regretfully, as it also did not give a company address or phone number, we can only suggest that you contact your local ham radio dealer should you require more information.

#### GMRS Repeater Guide

MRS or General Mobile Radio Service (formerly Class A Citizen's Radio), is one of the fastest-growing private land mobile radio services. It's also probably one of the best-kept secrets in radio.

Twenty-three frequencies, organized into two groups,

To have your new product or book considered for review in Monitoring Times, send it to Editor, 140 Dog Branch Road, Brasstown, NC 28902.

## RADIO BOOKS

The CITIZEN'S GUIDE TO SCANNING



Police and fire scanning are exciting, but how about eavesdropping as the Secret Service prepares for a Presidential visit? Or hearing the coach call the plays or your neighbors' phone calls? Bob Kay, popular MT columnist, makes scanning easy. Priced right, \$12.95.

#### AIR SCAN, 5th Edition

A unique and comprehensive guide to aeronautical comminucations. Covers from 2 to 30 MHz (shortwave), 30 to 50 MHz, 108 to 174 MHz and above 406 MHz. Frequencies arranged by state and city. Only \$14.95.

#### 1990 WORLD RADIO TV HANDBOOK



The 44th WRTVH is a "must have" resource for information on radio and TV around the world. Each station listing includes station address, phone numbers, personnel and broadcast skeds. Maps, propagation forecasts and receiver reviews, too. On SALE, \$15.95.

#### PASSPORT to WORLD BAND RADIO

Over 250 pages of station skeds by frequency of every station on the air from 2000 kHz to 30 MHz. Nothing is left out, station name, location, operation hours, language and more. Plus Larry Magne's tough receiver reviews. Just \$12.95.



Please send your check or money order to: (\$1.55 book rate shipping each book. PA residents add 6%.)

### DX RADIO SUPPLY

PO BOX 360 / WAGONTOWN, PA 19376

#### NATIONAL REPEATER GUIDE

are available for GMRS use. Communications are intended primarily for communications by mobile stations, either with other mobile stations, or with base stations. Communications between base stations is not permitted. A \$30.00 FCC license is required.

The National Repeater Guide, published by the Personal Radio Steering Group, tells all about GMRS and lists more than 1,100 GMRS repeater systems and monitoring watches in the United States and Puerto Rico.

The tutorial material in the

80 page booklet is enough to warrant its \$10.00 price tag; the repeater list is icing on the cake. To get your copy, send \$10.00 (postage paid) to Personal Radio Steering Group, P.O. Box 2851, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106.

#### Jupiter Now Available

the February, 1990, edition of *Monitoring Times*, we said that the bad news about the new 100-channel, wideband (25 to 1300 MHz) Jupiter II handheld scanner was that it wasn't available in the U.S.

Now comes word that ACE Communications (10707 E. 106th St., Indianapolis, IN 46256) is offering the radio for sale. There is no word on price or availability of the unit.

The Jupiter II would be the first portable of its kind on the U.S. market to offer 225-400 MHz AM coverage.

## Going on the Road

How does that old saying go? "Spring has sprung, the grass has riz, I wonder where the birdies is." For most radio hobbyists, it is time to come up out of the basement, squint into the sunshine, head outside and let the stink blow off. (Nicely put, Uncle Skip. -- Editor)

The winter was a great time to huddle over the dials and log a whole mess of new stuff. But as the weather continues to warm, for most folks, other pursuits begin to enter the life of the radio monitor. We even begin to plan our summer vacations with an eye toward rest and relaxation far from the hustle and bustle of the real world.

#### You're rambling again, Uncle Skip!

Well, pal, it may be rambling to some folks but I like to think of it as my annual call to take our respective radio acts on the road. It's time to make plans to achieve maximum enjoyment of our hobby whilst we wander the land in search of fun and adventure. Fellow radio monitors! Without further ado, I give you . . .

### UNCLE SKIP'S GUIDE TO PORTABLE DXing

Goin' portable can be as simple as sticking a Panasonic RF-B10 in your shirt pocket or as complicated as "shock-mounting" an ICOM R-9000 in your Fourwheel Drive. For the purpose of vacation planning, we will assume a setup in the light luggable category.

Comedian George Carlin once said that "Your house is all your stuff with a cover over it. When you travel you take a smaller version of your stuff with you." For the traveling radio monitor, truer words were seldom spoken. While we would love to take all of our radio gear in our respective portmanteaus, we must come up with that "smaller version of our stuff" to assure that our vacation does not become too much like work.

A good rule of thumb for most folks would be to plan to take only what can be carried in one bag or case. Barring breakthroughs in micro-miniaturization between deadline and publication of this column, that would limit you to one receiver and some support equipment. With that said, let's take a look at some of the equipment you might want to use.

#### Teeny Weeny Radios

Shortwave listeners used to be limited to the SONY ICF-2001 when seeking a high-

performance portable. Now there are dozens of portable shortwave rigs out there including about half a dozen high-performance radios.

Also, many companies have come out with little bitty "pocket rocket" receivers that trade off some performance for size. But don't rule any of these receivers just because their performance figures don't mimic those of a Japan Radio NRD-525. Low cost and portability might just win the day when you are planning on light recreational listening between other pursuits while on vacation.

VHF enthusiasts can choose from catalogs full of handheld scanners. In this realm, it would seem you pretty much get what you pay for. The more bucks you have to spend, the more features and performance you will acquire. For traveling listening, programmable scanners become a must.

One word of caution. Several states (New Jersey, for example) take a very dim view of people carrying scanners in their cars. If you don't feel like spending part of your vacation arguing over who is going to get the top bunk in the county jail, you might want to check out applicable laws along your radio route.

Many amateur radio operators have made portable operations a specialty. Hams have managed to take their rigs into every imaginable environment, including outer space. (See the feature article in this issue!)

While there are multitudes of VHF transceivers designed for hand-held and portable use, HF gear for the road remains limited. But that only triggers the tenacity gland in radio amateurs. Homebrewing portable gear is almost as much fun as operating with it.

#### Lugging Luggage, or Keeping it all Together

If you were to peruse the catalogs of several shortwave equipment advertisers listed in the pages of *Monitoring Times*, you will discover that some folks carry cute little cases for transporting your portable receiver. These cases tend to be specific to particular rigs, limiting their general use.

A superior alternative designed just for the purpose of carrying around delicate equipment is the trusty old camera bag. Available in all shapes and sizes from dozens of sources, it should be fairly easy to locate a bag that moves your receiver and its accouterments in style.



There are several high performance portable receivers available for vacation and other trips.

My discount store special camera bag has survived through three different DX portables. Most of these bags also have many nooks, crannies and pockets to store all those little accessories you just can't live without.

Another alternative might be a briefcase. You might find it necessary to add some padding to keep everything from banging around. If you are into practical as opposed to pretty, you can use common household sponges to accomplish this purpose.

If you are planning on traveling by air, remember that we live in a very weird world. Make sure you pack and handle your equipment in a manner that won't get it mistaken for some sort of terrorist bomb. Also keep in mind that turning on your radio - even if it is only a receiver and not a transmitter -- inside a plane can cause several air marshalls to appear and wrestle you to the ground. Reportedly, their operation interferes with the plane's sensitive electronics systems.

#### Antenna Ideas

Most portable gear will work just fine using the antenna that comes attached. Some portable shortwave receivers go into terminal overload if you extend things beyond their whip. However, Old Uncle Skip remains convinced that many folks are in this hobby because they get a great deal of pleasure out of playing with antennas.

If you fall into this category and intend to assemble a traveling radio shack, please remember -- PORTABLE IS PORTABLE!! What's the point of getting your station crammed into a suitcase if you have to hire a Red Cap to carry your antenna system?

The KISS law applies here (Keep It Simple, Stupid). Limit your portable antenna antics to simple wire constructions. Ten meters of light-gauge insulated stranded wire should do the trick.

If you put a one ounce fishing weight on

one end, you can either lower the antenna out of an apartment window or sling it up into a tree. Just make sure you secure the weight well and watch where you are slinging it. Keep away from all powerlines or other power sources.

Scanner people should content themselves with taking vacations to high places. If you can't afford the penthouse suite, you might be able to discover the stairway up to the balcony. Higher is almost always better when you are chasing VHF.

One possibility would be to utilize a magnetic mount VHF auto antenna. This should be small enough to carry, and, with a little creativity, could be mounted in many locations.

Hams operating HF may want to content themselves with that same long wire the shortwave listener is using, or you might try cutting a few dedicated dipoles out of light wire and feeding them with RG58 or RG8X just to keep things really portable. Amateurs playing with VHF will probably lean towards working through nearby repeater systems. This will limit the need for complex antennas unless you are going "mountaintopping."

#### Read any Good Books Lately?

If you plan to be a traveling radio monitor, you must remember that you will be listening from different places under different conditions than you are used to. A trip of as little as 100 klicks can put a whole new bunch of signals through your receiver. Therefore, Compadre, you are going to require some data support.

A dedicated shortwave listener should never travel beyond the comforts of home without a copy of the World Radio TV Handbook. If your carrying bag does not have space for this tome, you will be missing more than half the fun.

Scanner jockeys are going to want to run into the local Radio Shack near vacation central and pick up the appropriate *Police Call Radio Guide* for the region.

Hams operating VHF portable or mobile over long distances should have the latest addition of the American Radio Relay League's Repeater Directory in their hip pocket.

Books such as these will serve to give you a general lay of the land so you can quickly concentrate on what you really want to listen to.

#### Logging on the Road

Some folks like to incorporate their vacation DX sessions into the body of their regular station log while others prefer to keep a separate book. It is six of one and a half dozen of the other, but, if you are on the road,

## The Best\* Just Got Better!

The Eavesdroppers™ now includes our new Zap Trapper™ Electronic Gas Tube Lightning Arrestors. Receive-only design shunts damaging transients to ground at only 1/7th the voltage buildup of the available 200 watt transmit-type arrestors, providing maximum solid state receiver protection.

Protect your investment - combine an excellent shortwave receiving antenna with the best receiver protection money can buy.

- Completely assembled and ready to use
- · Only 42' overall length
- 8 trap circuits permit reception on all shortwave bands, 11-90 meters
- All connections soldered and enclosed in ultrasonically-welded, hermetically-sealed trap covers
- Includes 50' of 450 lb. test nylon rope

Model T includes 100' twinlead feedline

Model C includes weatherproofed center connector for your coax & coax sealant

- Either model \$79.95
- UPS for lower 48 states \$4.00
- COD add \$3.00, IL add 7% sales tax
- Foreign shipping quoted

"The best...built like an antenna should be." -Larry Magne In World Radio TV Handbook
""Our best seller." -EEB In their recent ads and catalogs
"Now in use in 45 countries." -Gilfer Shortwave in 1983

#### **Antenna Supermarket**

PO Box 563 Palatine, IL 60078 Tel [708] 359-7092 Fax [708] 359-8161

At your dealer or direct • Visa & Mastercard accepted

you might prefer to maintain a tape log during your travels.

The price of microcassette recorders has dropped significantly in the last few years. Since you might have uses for one of these diminutive recorders for business or school, you might find you can extend the investment by using it to maintain your log while traveling around the countryside in search of fortune and glory.

If recording doesn't make any sense to you, you can always resort to good old pencil and paper. Why did I say pencil? Did you ever try to sharpen a ball point pen when you were on a camping trip?

#### Power to the People

For most radio folks, this problem is eliminated by using that magic stuff that comes out of the sockets in the walls. If you happen to be traveling outside of the U.S. of A. to a place using 240 volt mains, you may have to resort to a foreign AC power converter (273-1401 Radio Shack).

The real problem rears its ugly head when you plan to operate off batteries. You see, there is this basic law of marketing that states that you must charge three times the normal price for batteries in resort areas. To keep some of that cash in your pocket, it would behoove you to buy your batteries at your neighborhood discount store prior to

embarking on your adventures.

#### Self-Preservation

Just a couple of final thoughts before you hit the road, Sancho.

After you have carefully crammed radio, antenna, books and batteries into your bag or briefcase, you might want to toss in one more thing. Find room to squeeze in one standard-issue great big green trash bag. As sure as ants show up at a picnic, rain will show up on a vacation. Who knows, that little dream cabin on the lake might just leak like a sieve when the weather kicks up. You can protect your hobby investment by bagging it under such conditions. Who wants to listen to all those static crashes, anyway?

Last but most certainly not least -- SHOW RESPECT FOR YOUR FAMILY! Let's face facts here; your spouse and kids have to put up with your pursuit of the radio monitoring hobby for fifty weeks of the year. It's okay to bring a bit of it along on the family trek to paradise, but it is better for all concerned if you leave the radio turned off except for those few odd hours when you are not out playing with the kids or getting reacquainted with your significant other.

Remember, take nothing but pictures, leave nothing but footprints, and don't forget to send old Uncle Skip a postcard!



## I've got a little list ...

They whirl over our heads everyday. We never give them any thought. But believe me, they are there transmitting signals all over the VHF/UHF spectrum and above. What are they? Satellites, of

What makes me bring this up? Well, Bob Grove dropped me a line and asked me what orbiting satellite is transmitting on 131.575 MHz. While I am not a Larry Van Horn expert on this subject, I do have his Communications Satellites book, and I can read. Yep, a quick check confirms no listing for that frequency.

Now Bob also said that another signal was present during this reception of 131.575 on 149.980 MHz. Again, another quick check with Larry's book and we can quickly see that frequency area is rich

with US satellite frequencies.

Looking at Larry's book again, I can see several frequencies within the federal frequency spectrum (this column deals with those sorts of things). Some of you folks might want to give these frequencies a try and let us know what you hear. Table 1 is a list of some of these frequencies.

Now, folks, don't expect to turn on your scanner and have it filled with satellite signals from the above list. Give this some time. All the above listed satellites orbit the earth at least once a day so some time during a day's worth of listening, you should hear something.

Also, don't expect good results from an indoor antenna or rubber duckie. Even though they are in orbit high above the earth, they don't put out a lot of power. An outside antenna might be the best suggestion to hear some of these satellites.

If you would like more information on satellite monitoring, give Larry Van Horn's book, Communication Satellites, a try.

#### Satellite Freq List within the Federal Bands Table I

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#### Denver, Colorado, Fed Frequencies Table II

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### Listening to the Feds in Bronco Land

J. Pringle out in the Denver area submits the nice list of Denver area frequencies in Table II for our listeners.

I would like to thank Mr. Pringle for sending that great list and look forward to hearing from you again. Now some of the rest of you out there, we would like to hear from you.

#### VHF/UHF and HF Go Together

Randy Ballard has jumped into radio listening in a big way. A year ago Randy bought a used DX-400 at a local pawn shop for \$35.00. Now Randy is using an ICOM R-71A, IC-R-7000, ICOM-751A and Yaesu FT-1012D ham rigs. Sure you don't own some ICOM stock, Randy?

Anyway, Randy has discovered radio and the UHF military aircraft band in particular. He says that he is monitoring 295.7 and 275.8 MHz to catch SAC aircraft at Barksdale AFB preparing for their missions. Randy says that he lives about three minutes from Barksdale and regularly monitors a variety of call signs that utilize the base. Some of those call signs include:

Doom 61, 62, 63, etc: B-52 bombers Super 73, 74, 75, etc: KC-135 tankers Elite 11, 12, 13, etc: KC-10 tankers

According to Randy, the base operations UHF frequency is on SAC primary channel 311.0, and the call sign heard for Barksdale is "Mudbug Control." Wonder how many of you know what a Mudbug is? Louisiana folks - no fair telling anybody the answer to that one.

By using his R-7000 and R-71A together for monitoring, Randy has been able to hear flights leave Barksdale on military aircraft frequencies and follow the flights via SAC's HF network on the R-71A.

This brings me to a very important point. A well-equipped federal monitoring station should include as part of that station a shortwave receiver. A lot of times activity that you hear on VHF/UHF is also using the shortwave spectrum for communications.

By using this method, a better understanding of your favorite agency on shortwave and VHF/UHF will result and you won't miss any of the action once the activity leaves your VHF/UHF range.

Thanks for the tips, Randy, and we'll be looking for more reports from you in the Pelican State of Louisiana.

#### Crazy About Military Aircraft

Well, folks, I have finally found a person as crazy as I am about military aircraft and the

military aircraft band. That honor belongs to Mark Holmes in College Park, Georgia. Mark says he listens to VHF/UHF/shortwave aircraft two-way radio communications; however, military aircraft on UHF/HF is far more intriguing to him.

Mark says his obsession is identifying military aircraft call signs. Mark's list that covered several months of listening to the bands was forwarded to me and I condensed some of the call signs list he provided into the list I have presented in Table III.

Now this list only reflects the USAF call signs that Mark provided us. It is by no means complete. But it does show some interesting information and tags quite a few call signs currently in use with the type of aircraft that is utilizing that call sign.

As a note to those who will use this list, the \*\* following the name indicates a two digit number that shows the flight number. It helps personnel involved with the flight keep missions from the same unit from being confused. Thus, Doom 61 is different from, say, Doom 62, etc.

Mark, thanks a bunch for the list and I am looking forward to hearing from you again with more of your valuable intercepts.

And that brings to a close another month of the federal file. Think I'll stroll to the kitchen for a cubo or two, would you believe three?

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#### USAF CALL SIGNS Table III

April **	KC-135	Griff **	B-52	Pawn **	KC-135
Arter **	C-130	Gull **	WC-130	Pearl **	KC-135
Backy **	KC-10	Gumby **	B-52	Petro **	KC-10
Bake **	C-130	Guss **	KC-135	Razor **	FB-111
Belga **	C-130	Нарру **	KC-135	Reena **	C-130
Bobcat **	T-43	Havoc **	B-52	Rhett **	KC-135
Bode **	KC-135	Heat **	FB-111	Rough **	T-37
Boxer **	C-21	Hifi **	KC-135	Sentry **	E-3
Chill **	B-52	Hobby **	C-130	Shamu **	KC-10
Cody **	C-130	Hoist **	KC-10	Shiva **	B-52
Coho **	KC-135	Impact **	C-130	Silky **	KC-135
Coty 4*	C-130	Jambo **	B-52	Silo **	C-130
Coty 9*	C-141	King **	C-130	Soda **	KC-135
Czar **	B-52	Lazer **	B-52	Steel **	RF-4
Decoy **	C-130	Luger **	B-52	Super **	KC-10
Demon **	C-130	May **	C-130	Swift **	C-12
Dixie **	RF-4	McCoy **	F-16	Tess **	C-130
Dog **	B-52	Mellow **	C-130	Toma **	A-7
Doom **	B-52	Moose **	KC-135	Treld **	KC-135
Dude **	KC-10	More **	C-141	Trend **	KC-135
Dusty **	C-130	Music **	C-130	Tribe **	KC-135
Elite **	KC-10	Nitro **	B-52	Trout **	C-21
Ethel **	KC-135	Nomad **	F-15	Tuff **	B-52
Exxon **	KC-10	Noose **	C-130	Ursa **	KC-135
Fallon **	T-37	Omni **	C-130	Wager **	KC-135
Fame **	C-21	Opec **	KC-10	Wise **	C-130
Fist **	KC-10	Pacer **	C-21	Zeus **	B-52

## 野 Berna Radio

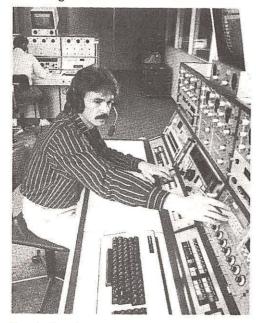
Berna Radio is a Long Distance Operational Control (LDOC) aeronautical ground station located in Berne, Switzerland. It's an integral part of Bern Radio, a division of the Swiss PTT (Post, Telegraph and Telephone), the national telecommunications authority.

According to the 1990 Bern Radio Manual, "The Swiss aeronautical ground station BERNA RADIO is open to all aircraft having or wishing an agreement with the Swiss PTT." Communications are handled in the HF (shortwave) bands utilizing USB.

Providing many of the same type of services as Houston Radio, Atlanta Flight Support, Rainbow Radio, UK Radio and others, this aeronautical mobile service handles air/ground communications for a large number of airlines, air rescue services, corporate aviation and private aircraft. Some of the services offered by Berna Radio include:

Operational Phone Patches -- These include conversations between an aircraft and a party on the ground; for example, between an aircraft and their company station.

Private Phone Patches -- Conversations between an aircraft and a private subscriber worldwide. These phone patches are handled on nonaeronautical frequencies, according to Berna Radio's instructions.



Operating Berna-Radio

Radiotelex -- Telex conversations between an aircraft and a subscriber on ground are available for all aircraft fitted with SITOR (ARQ) equipment.

OTACC -- Requests for hotel reservations are handled by Berna Radio, with subsequent confirmation by next call.

Medical Assistance -- Medical assistance is available by direct phone patch to the University Hospital (Zurich) or to a hospital requested by the caller.

Messages Air-Ground -- All messages from aircraft are accepted and relayed via SITA (a program-controlled message switching system), AFTN, ARINC, Telex, or telephone according to caller's instructions.

Weather Information -- TAF and METAR are available from most places in the world.

Frequencies utilized for watch and operational phone patches include the following:

Freq kHz

3010 Night frequency (on request)
4654 Night and short range frequency
(24 hours)

6643 Preferred night frequency (24 hours)

8936 Frequency for general use within European area (24 hours), worldwide range during night

10069 Frequency for general use within European area (24 hours), worldwide range during night

13205 Frequency for general use (24 hours)

15046 Frequency for general use (24 hours)

Long range frequency (24 hours)
 Preferred frequency for Middle
 East and Africa, during daytime
 in Switzerland

23285 Long range frequency, during daytime in Switzerland

25500 Long range frequency, during daytime in Switzerland (on request)

Additionally, the switching center in Berne is able to dial directly into the international telephone and telex networks. Up to six conversations, or the same number of message and meteorological reports, can be handled simultaneously.

All operator positions are equipped with selective calling facilities (SELCAL) to permit them to call an individual aircraft which has a receiving unit aboard. The station is also fitted with CALSEL decoders on all watch-frequencies. Aircraft equipped with respective coders may substitute their voice call which may enable them to be heard even in adverse radio conditions.

Berna Radio also operates a Maritime Mobile Service (as does Rainbow Radio and UK Radio), which handles maritime telecommunications needs in regard to phone calls, radiotelegrams, and radiotelex links on the HF bands on a worldwide basis.

There are 35 full and part time operators employed by Berna Radio. Out of this staff, 15 persons operate the aeronautical mobile service, with two operators on duty during the day and one working at night; the rest of the operators work the maritime radio services.

Berna Radio does verify reception reports; however, please remember to include an IRC with your report for return postage. Send your reception reports to the following address:

General Directorate of Swiss PTT Aeronautical Mobile Service p. o. K. Gast Radio Communications Operations Division Operations Management Branch, Mobile HF Radio Services Laupenstrasse 18 CH-3030 Berne, Switzerland

### The Feds Gang Up on 123.450

Roger West (Wisconsin) reports that the FAA and the FCC are starting to fine pilots in the state of Wisconsin who use the frequency 123.450 for air-to-air communications.

Plane Talk comment: As we all know, pilots, including airline pilots, from coast to coast use this frequency for air-to-air chitchat. One evening last week, I heard pilots from two different major airlines agree to establish contact on that very same frequency. What did they talk about? Weather conditions around the area to which one of the pilots was heading and the other participant in the conversation had just left.

It's true that pilots can receive the same info from their company stations, but what

harm can come from using 123.450 for the exchange of relevant information? That is, as long as it isn't too lengthy, and the conversation doesn't deteriorate into comparisons of the dates the pilots had the previous evening.

Anyway, the main question this writer has is how are the two agencies going to catch and identify all the pilots who use this

frequency? That remains to be seen!

#### Northwest Airlines Short Pilots

Roger also sent in a copy of an article from a local newspaper concerning Northwest Airlines' shortage of pilots. It was reported that the shortage was so severe that hundreds of flights have had to be canceled in recent months. To stem the costly cutbacks, the airline has halted pilot advancement training for the last 45 days of 1989, putting back into aircraft its pilot instructors and other pilots being trained for advancement, although the airline is still training newly-hired pilots.

Northwest has stepped up their pilot hiring; for 1990 there are plans to hire 780 pilots. An internal company projection said that just 43 pilots will retire next year, with as many as four more a

month leaving their jobs for other reasons.

Some employees believe that the pilot shortage will be hard to fix. For one thing, pilots advance on the basis of seniority, meaning each advancement triggers a series of new openings and the need for new training down through smaller aircraft types. Each of those advancements also sets off a series of other openings in pilot, co-pilot (first officer), and second officer jobs throughout the carrier's eight types of equipment (aircraft). Each crew member making a move must be trained anew. Eventually, room is made for newly hired pilots on the smallest jetliners.

Among the places that this airline needs pilots is in its new 747-400s, which the most senior pilots fly. The addition of a single 747-400 requires 14 captains and 14 first officers. Northwest will be getting four more of this type of aircraft by June, 1990. That means it needs at least 112 pilots by June, but it can train no more

than eight crews a month.

The situation is further complicated by Northwest's merged seniority list, which combines former Republic Airline crew members into a single list with Northwest crews. That creates new opportunities for the former Republic pilots to advance into better-paying jobs flying larger jets. However, it also will soon load up Northwest's training system with new demands in regard to an overloading of the present facilities utilized for training the

Comment: Northwest is not alone in their dilemma. Just about every major airline in the country is feeling the same crunch, due to the shortage of pilots. With the resurgence of interest in aviation in young people today, and the plethora of pilot training programs offered by many colleges and universities -- as well as the pilots coming from the armed services -- hopefully, this problem may be on the way to being solved.

#### **UFO Close Encounters**

William Webb (Kentucky) tells us that he monitored a recent transmission where the pilot of a major airline described a UFO that was with them for about 12-15 minutes. When the controller at Indy Center asked if they wanted to make a formal report of the sighting, the pilot got very quiet for a moment or two, then came back and said, "Not tonight, too much paperwork!"

This writer heard a similar occurrence a few years ago. After listening to the pilot's description of a possible UFO, the controller questioned, "Do you want to make a formal report to the



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authorities of what you saw? I saw a movie once where a controller said that to a pilot!"

The controller chuckled a bit after he said this, but the pilot who made the sighting didn't seem to see anything funny about the situation! He was dead serious about what he saw -- or thought he saw.

#### San Juan ARINC Off Line

It's official -- San Juan ARINC is no longer an operational air/ground station. Richard Covell, Air/Ground Operations Manager of ARINC, has confirmed that their San Juan Communications Center had ceased operations.

Covell tells Monitoring Times that Hurricane Hugo caused some problems; however, the FAA had planned to scale down their San Juan ATC Facilities on 11 January, 1990. Therefore, the hurricane provided reason to expedite things by both the FAA and ARINC. ARINC is keeping some shortwave equipment in place at San Juan, but it will be remotely controlled by the New York ARINC Communications Center. The following frequencies will be utilized:

NAT/A: 3016, 5598, 8825, 13306, 17946

CAR/A: 2887, 5550, 6577, 8846, 8918, 13396, 13297, 17907

That's it for this time. Coming up: A look at the nation's largest charter -- American Trans Air; High Frequency Aero Monitoring; Wind Shear and Microbursts, their effect on aircraft; the FAA Academy and lots of other goodies.

Until then, 73 and out.

MONITORING TIMES

# The No Code License is Coming!

Few things have galvanized the ham radio community more than the idea of a no Morse code license. To traditionalists, the very idea is enough to raise blood pressure and many an angry word has been exchanged both on the air and in print. Others point to the codeless license as a last hope for a dying hobby.

Either way, the no-code license concept took a major step forward with the formal proposal by the FCC of a Communicator ham license. The Communicator license, which would replace the current Novice and Technician class license and which would allow operators who hold the new license operating privileges on any ham band from 222 MHz and up, would not require any test of Morse code.

Communicator class operators would not be permitted to transmit on the 2 and 6 meter bands (below 30 MHz). Call signs will be issued from the D block.

According to the W5YI Report, the Communicator exam would consist of 30

Novice and 25 Technician questions and 5 new questions for a total of 60 written questions. The Communicator who wants full Technician privileges could obtain them by simply passing a 5 word per minute code test. In this way, the new license would conform to international regulations that require proficiency in Morse code for international operation below 30 MHz.

The FCC has requested comments on the new Communicator class license and would be interested in hearing from you. Be sure to mention both the document number -- PR Docket 90-55. Their address is 1919 M Street N.W., Washington, DC 20554 -- and Monitoring Times.

Those of us who want to see amateur radio continue for many more years hope this action will be acted on promptly. A no-code license will certainly encourage more new comers; just how many more remains to be seen. I hope all of you will support this move.

support this move.

weekends and lunch hour. The station

operates on 80 through 10 meters.

They have a neat QSL and it's well worth the effort of working them.

#### Cycle 22 Peaks?

The experts are also disagreeing as to the status of the current sunspot cycle. As you may know, sunspots run on an 11 year cycle. When they are at their peak, radio reception is generally at its peak. Well, some observers feel we have passed the peak and are into the downswing. Others think there are still great things to come.

In recent months the flux numbers have steadily declined; so far in 1990 the highest number has been only 265. Highest numbers reached during the present cycle has been 327 back in June of 1989! During November of '89 a low of 138 was recorded.

If conditions continue to slack off with lower numbers, we can expect a down turn in the excellent conditions that we had on six and ten meters. Only time will tell!

#### World Bank on the Air

The World Bank, located in Washington, DC, has recently been issued the call sign 4U1WB. Operations by World Bank Amateur Radio Club members is mainly on

#### Walter Cronkite a Ham?

KB2GSD is none other than retired network TV newsman Walter Cronkite. I wonder what his QSL is like?

#### BY7WGL

Mainland China has a new amateur station in operation at Gullin. The station expects to be quite active on all shortwave amateur bands.

#### Fuji OSCAR 20

Fuji Oscar 20 was recently put into orbit by the Space Development Agency of Japan (NASDA). The satellite was launched by an H-1 booster from the Taneqashima Space center along with two other payloads: MOS-1B (a Marine Observation satellite) and DEBUT (experimental unit with deployable booms and an umbrella shaped antenna).

The 435.795 Morse code beacon was heard on the first orbit over Tokyo at 03:09 UTC. After the initial orbit many contacts were heard to take place on the new Oscar.

OF-20, as the new Oscar is called, operates in the following configurations. -- Mode J (uplink 145 MHz, downlink: 435 MHz with analog and digital transponders). Power is one watt. Uplink power required is about 100 watts EIRP.

The digital system (JD) functions as a mailbox using the AX.25 link level protocol.

JA beacon is on 435.795 MHz with output power of 100MW, CW or PSK.

JD telemetry is on 435.910 with one watt of power and packet in PSK.

#### Scholarships for Hams

With headquarters in Washington, DC, the Foundation for Amateur Radio plans to award thirty-three scholarships for the academic year 1990-91 to assist licensed radio Amateurs.

They may compete for these awards if they plan to pursue a full time course of studies beyond high school and are enrolled in or have been accepted for enrollment at an accredited university, college or technical school.

The awards range from \$500 to \$2,000 with preference given in some cases to residents of specified geographical areas (such as Florida, Maryland, Virginia and Wisconsin) or the pursuit of certain study programs.

Additional information and an application form can be requested by a letter or QSL card postmarked prior to May 31, 1990, from: FAR Scholarships, 6903 Rhode Island Ave, College Park, MD 20740.

#### DX NEWS

The 5 band DXCC is now endorsable for 17 and 12 meters, in addition to 160, 6 and 2 meters. These endorsements are available only for those who already have qualified for 5BDXCC on the basic 80, 40, 20, 15 and 10 meter bands. Send an SASE to ARRL HQ for endorsement application forms

The following operations are now being credited for DXCC, LU6ELF/D2 from Angola, and XW8CW, XW8DX, XW8KPL and XW8KPV from Laos.

All XV operations made by Vietnamese nationals last December or after, including XV2A and 3W8AA, are being credited for DXCC. Operations from Vietnam by foreigners may still need to submit documentation to the DXCC desk for accreditation. 3W8BR has done so and his card is acceptable for DXCC.

New Soviet callsigns have been issued for the following. 4K0 Floating Ice Islands, 4K1 Antarctica, 4K2 Franz Josef Land, 4K3 European Arctic Islands other than Franz Josef Land, and 4K4 for Asian Arctic Islands.

Dave, K8MN, (ex-J52US) is back in West Africa in Sierra Leone and is operating from 911SL (club station). Dave expects to have his own 9L1 call soon (possibly 9L1US).

LU6ELF/D2 Jorge, is back in Angola, look for him on 21335 kHz from 2230 to 2300Z, QSL via N4THW.

PA3CXC has a license for Ethiopia and expects to be active from ET in October!

Rumor has it that the HA group who activated 3W and XW8 will be in Burma in the near future. Keep your ears open for this rare one!

TJ/AH6JQ and TJ/N3CRH have been active from Cameroon on the DX net on 21355 kHz at about 2100 UTC.

FT5XA, FT5XH,FT5XI and FT4WB have been active from Kerguelen and Crozet. QSL FT5XA via FD6IT and QSL FT5XH via F2CW.

#### Think about it!

Everyday, someone complains that he needs a better antenna or rig to work more or better DX. Did you ever think about all the DX that is being worked by mobile stations with low power and antennas only four to 9 feet in length? Any antenna that can be made to take power will work (even very short antennas) and give you plenty of pleasure.

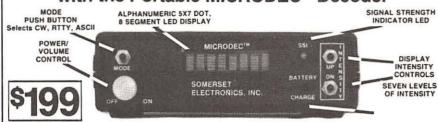
To be sure, bigger is better, but it is possible to do a lot with very short antennas and low power (100 watts or less).

#### Contacting Ike

When writing to me be sure to use the Brasstown address. I no longer live at the call book address and using it takes several weeks for mail to reach me.

73 - Ike, N3IK

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#### ANTIGUA

Deutsche Welle relay, 6085 kHz. No data QSL card with preprinted signer Peter Senger, and "Programmes and Technology" brochure. Received in 139 days for an English report. Station address: Postfach 10 04 44, D-5000 Koln 1, Federal Republic of Germany. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ)

#### BANGLADESH

Radio Bangladesh, 15195 kHz. No data color postcard QSL of typical countryside. Verification signer Masudul Hasan, Deputy Director, External Services. Also received "Bangladesh Calling" newsletter. Received in 33 days for a registered English report, three IRCs, and one US dollar. Station address: External Services, P.O. Box No. 2204, Dhaka, Bangladesh. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ)

#### CHINA

Radio Beijing, 9630 kHz. Full data "Silk Figurine" card and program schedule, without verification signer. Received in 23 days for an English report. Station address: Beijing 100866, China. (Darren White, New Augusta, MS)

#### FRENCH POLYNESIA

RFO Tahiti, 15170 kHz. Full data QSL card, without verification signer. Photocopies of map and radio-TV station list. Received in 62 days for a French report and three IRCs. Station address: Boite Postal 125, Papeete, Tahiti, French Polynesia. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ)

#### **GUATEMALA**

Radio Buenas Nuevas, 4800 kHz. Full data QSL card (small format of TGMI and quetzal) and station info sheet. Verification signer Israel Rodas M., Gerente. Received in 35 days for a Spanish report and two IRCs. Station address: San Sebastian H. 13020, Huehuetanango, Guatemala. (Robert Landau, Secaucus, NJ)

#### **HONDURAS**

La Voz Evangelica, 4820 kHz. Full data QSL letter and program schedule, without verification signer. QSL letter via Wheaton, Illinois, address, having been forwarded from Tegucigalpa. Received in 21 days for an English report. QSL address: P.O. Box 828, Wheaton, IL 60189. (Nick Terrence, Huntington, NY)

#### INDIA

All India Radio, 9950 kHz. Full data QSL, station decal, and two souvenir postcards, with verification signer. Received in 28 days for an English report. Station address: P.O. Box 500, New Delhi, India. (Nick Terrence, Huntington, NY)

#### ITALY

Adventist World Radio, 7125 kHz. Full data QSL card, station news letter, and report form, without verification signer. Received in 36 days for an English report and three IRCs. Station address: P.O. Box 383, 47100 Forli, Italy. (Darren White, New Augusta, MS)





HRVC, La Voz Evangelica, QSL from Mike Maxson of Toledo, Ohio

#### **PORTUGAL**

Radio Free Europe, 11725 kHz. Partial data QSL card, without verification signer. Received in 13 days for an English report and mint stamps. QSL address: 1775 Broadway, New York, NY 10019. (Darren White, New Augusta, MS)

#### SHIP TRAFFIC

HMAS Moresby # 73 (callsign unknown), 16462 kHz. Royal Australian Naval survey ship. Partial data prepared form card, ship's info fact sheet, two navy booklets, a sticker, and a lapel pin. Verification signer, Lt. Beard-Signal Communication Officer. Received in 48 days for an English utility report, a souvenir postcard and one US dollar for postage. Station address: c/o P.O. Box 228, Rockingham, W.A. 6168 Australia. (Richard Albright, Merced, CA)

M/S Woermann Sankura-DGBP, 16587 kHz (West German container ship). Full data prepared form card, stamped with the ship's stamp and a color photo of the ship. Verification signer, Radio Officer Helwig. Received in 42 days for a German utility report, a souvenir postcard, and one US dollar for postage. Ship address: c/o KS Projex Schiffahrtsgesellschaft mbH & Co., Postfach 11 14 29, 2000 Hamburg 11, Federal Republic of Germany. (Richard Albright, Merced, CA)

M/S St. Nikolai-DGTN, 16587 kHz (West German tanker). Full data prepared form card, radio equipment fact sheet, and a color photo of the ship. Verification signer, Peter Steinmetz, Radio Officer. Received in 43 days for a German utility report, souvenir postcard, and one US dollar for postage. ship address: c/o Columbus Line, 650 California St., San Francisco, CA 94108. (Richard Albright, Merced, CA)

Leda Maersk-OULU, 15665 kHz (container vessel). Full data prepared form card. Received in 19 days for a utility report and one US dollar. Ship address: c/o Moller a.P., Hammerensgadw 1, DK-

1291 Copenhagen K., Denmark. Danish ship # 90 QSLed! (Hank Holbrook, Dunkirk, MD)

Nurnburg Atlantic-DHNE, 15665 kHz (container vessel). Full data prepared form card. Received in 29 days for an English utility report and return postage. Ship address: Hapag-Lloyd Aktiengesell-schaft, Ballindamm 25, Postfach 102626, D-2000 I, Federal Republic of Germany. W. German ship # 160 QSLed! (Hank Holbrook, Dunkirk, MD)

Poseidon-SZRT, 15665 kHz (bulk carrier). Full data prepared form card. Received in nine days for a utility report and one US dollar. ship address: c/o Sea Star Navigation Co., Ltd., Veritas House, 27-31 Hadjikyrikou Street, 18538 Piraeus, Greece. Years since I've QSLed a Greek ship; this is # 68! (Hank Holbrook, Dunkirk, MD) No one QSLs the ships quite like Hank!-ed.

#### UNITED KINGDOM

Royal Air Force Volmet, 11200 kHz. Full data QSL letter. Verification signer, Jim Campbell. Received in 21 days for an English utility report and mint stamps. Station address: Porter's Way, Room 220, West Drayton, Middlesex UB7 9AX United Kingdom. (Fraser Bonnett, Kettering, OH)

#### UNITED STATES

KMOX-1120 kHz AM. Full data letter, postcard, and signal coverage map. Verification signer, Paul J. Grundhauser. Received in 15 days for an AM reception report. Station address: One Memorial Drive, St. Louis, MO 63102-2408. (Mike Hawk, Omaha, NE)

KTIV TV-4. Sioux City, Iowa. Full data QSL. Verification signer, Dale Russell, VP/Chief Engineer. Station motto is "Hello from Siouxland." Station address: 3155 Floyd Blvd., Sioux City, Iowa (sorry, no zip listed). (Craig Senfert, New Hampton, NH)

Traverse City Air Station, 5692.0 kHz. Full data prepared QSL card. Verification signer, C. Flowers. Received in eight days for an English utility report and US mint stamps. Station address: US Coast Guard Station, Traverse City, MI 49684. (Fraser Bonnett, Kettering, OH)

WKAR-870 kHz AM. Full data letter and signal coverage map. Verification signer, John Hawkins. Received in 12 days for an AM reception report. Station address: 283 Communication Arts, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824-1212. (Mike Hawk, Omaha, NE)

WCAW-680 kHz AM. Full data letter and signal coverage map. Verification signer, Dave Higgenbotham, Chief Engineer. Received in 7 days for an AM reception report, 25c, and a SASE. Station address: P.O. Box 4318, Charleston, WV 25304. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

WPTF-680 kHz AM. Partial data letter, schedule, and station sticker. Verification signer Bryan McIntyre, VP/General Manager. Received in 7 days for an AM reception report, 25c, and a SASE. Station address: 3012 Highwoods Blvd., P.O. Box 29521, Raleigh, NC 27626. (Harold Frodge, Midland, MI)

WMLK-9465 kHz. Full data letter and information letter. Verification signer, Jacob O. Meyer. Received in 44 days for an English report. Station address: WMLK, Bethel, PA 19507. (Darren White, New Augusta, MS)

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## Back to Basics

For the past six months we uncovered new data modes on shortwave. Some of my articles were high tech and caused some readers to remove their hats in order to scratch their heads in bewilderment.

It's time to get back to basics and with the rainy season upon us, it's a perfect time to grease up the old model 15 and copy some RTTY pictures on 40 meters. For me, a rainy day is a perfect time to reach into the mail bag and answer a few questions like "How come I can't find any RTTY signals outside the amateur bands?"

Usually the question is followed by, "I just purchased an old RTTY decoder and whenever I tune in a signal, I get nothing but gobbledygook on the screen."

A good reason for this is what I have been trying to say all along. There are new RTTY modes out there and the classic decoder is getting obsolete. Don't get me wrong. I'm not trying to discourage you. My point is, you have to do some searching to find copyable text, but when you find it, the results can be quite rewarding.

It seems that whenever I receive a letter from a *Monitoring Times* subscriber, they usually ask for a "News Wire Service" frequency list. The problem is most of the wire services QSYed (changed frequency) to the satellites.

Things aren't the way they used to be. Back in the sixties you could turn on the old model 15 and listen to the clanking while it typed the news, weather and sports. It was always there any time during the day or night just above the 40 meter band (around 7.430 MHz). But those days are gone.

I have a frequency list to offer but I can't guarantee its accuracy. Many of the services, in the past few years, may have moved to the satellites. Nevertheless, knock your socks off!

NNN

EER """"

.COUNCIL OF MINISTERS OF THE USSR--NUCLEAR POWER STATION.  $29/4\ \text{TASS}\ \text{V}\ 5-19$ 

MOSCOW APRIL 29 TASS — AS HAS ALREADY BEEN REPORTED IN THE PRESS, AN ACCIDENT HAS TAKEN PLACE AT THE CHERNOBYL NUCLEAR POWER STATION 130 KILOMETERS NORTH OF KIEV. A GOVERNMENT COMMISSION HEADED BY BORIS SCHERBINA, A DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE USSR COUNCIL OF MINISTERS, I TXZIW IN GHE LOCALITY, IT INCLUDES THE HEADS OF MINISTRIES AND DEPARTMENTS AND LEADING SCIENTISTS AND SPECIALISTS.

ACCORDING TO PRELIMINARY DATA, THE ACCIDENT TOOK PLACE IN ONE OF THE AREAS OF THE 4TH POWER-GENERATING UNIT AND RESULTED IN THE DESTRUCTION OF PART OF THE STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS OF THE BUILDING HOUSING THE REACTOR, ITS DAMAGE AND A CERTAIN LEAK OF RADIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES. THE THREE OTHER POWER-GENERATING UNITS HAVE BEEN SHUT DOWN, THEY ARE IN ORDER AND IN THE OPERATIONAL WRESERVE. TWO PERSONS WERE KILLED DURING THE ACCIDENT.

PRIORITY MEASURES HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO DEAL WITH THE EFFECTS OF THE ACCIDENT. THE RADIATION SITUATION AT THE ELECTRIC POWER STATION AND THE ADJACENT TERRITORY HAS NOW BEEN STABILIZED AND THE NECESEERY

ZEE CAAID IS BEING GIVEN TO THOSE AFFECTED. THE INHABITANTS OF THE NUCLEAR POWER STATIONS SETTLEMENT AND THREE NEARBY POPULATED LOCALITIES HAVE BEEN EVACUATED.

THE STATE OF THE RADIATION SITUATION AT THE CHERNYBYL NUCLEAR POWER STATION AND THE ADJACENT TERRITORY IS BEING MONITORED CONTINUOUSLY.

ITEM ENDS"""""

#### Intercepts from the Past

Even though the News Wire Services are hard to find on HF, you can always tune in TASS (the Soviet news agency) on 14,980 and snag a classic intercept like the one above.

#### News Wire Services

UTC F	FREQ	SHIFT	SPEED	SERVICE	CITY
0000 5	5460	425	100	VOA	Tangier
	5984	425	66	AP	London
	10880	425	100	VOA	Monrovia
	14974 15875	425 425	100	AP VOA	London Monrovia
	9349	425	66	AP	London
	9355	425	100	VOA	Tangler
0030 1	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	14974	425	66	AP	London
	3854	425	66	Reuters	London
	5984 9349	425 425	66 66	AP AP	London
	10880	425	100	VOA	Monrovia
	14526	425	100	VOA	Manilla
	10649	425	66	AP	London
0130 1	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	14516	425	66	Reuters	London
	5984	425	66	AP	London
	9349 10649	425 425	66 66	AP	London
	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	14516	425	66	Reuters	London
	14974	425	66	AP	London
	19520	425	66	UPI	Victoria Is.
	5984	425	66	AP	London
	9349	425	66	P	London
	10959 10961	425 425	66 66	Reuters	London
	14514	425	66	Reuters	London
	14974	425	66	AP HQ	London
0300 €	6984	425	66	AP	London
	9119	425	66	Reuters	London
	9349	425	66	AP	London
	9850 10649	170 425	100 66	TASS	Moscow
	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	4516	425	66	Reuters	London
	4570	425	66	KCNA	Pyongyang
	4974	425	66	AP	London
	9520	425	66	UPI	Victoria Is.
	5984 9349	425 425	66 66	AP AP	London London
	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	870	425	66	TASS	Moscow
0400 €	5984	425	66	AP	London
	9349	425	66	AP	London
	10649	425	66	AP	London
	10961 13580	425 425	66 66	Reuters	London
	13582	425	66	KCNA	Pyongyang Pyongyang
	3626	425	66	Reuters	London
0400 1	14974	425	66	AP	London
	19520	425	66	UPI	Victoria Is.
	9119	425	66	Reuters	London
	9362 10629	425 425	66 66	AP	tina Havana London
	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	13624	425	66	Reuters	London
	14516	425	66	Reuters	London
	6870	425	66	TASS	Moscow
	6984 9119	425 425	66 66	AP Reuters	London London
	9119	425	66	AP	London
	10959	425	66	Reuters	London
	17510	425	66	TASS	Moscow
0500 1	18385	425	66	TASS	Moscow
	22782	425	66	TASS	Moscow
	10645	425	66	AP	London
	12085 14700	425 425	66 66	TASS	Moscow
	14974	425	66	AP	London
	17570	425	66	TASS	Moscow

## Satellite Guide via Satellite

For the past several months we've been exploring the world of digital communications via satellite. This month we'll look at a unique product which serves the TVRO community utilizing computer and satellite technology.

It's only appropriate that there's a guide to satellite television programming which actually uses satellite technology as its method of circulation.

It's called SuperGuide, from Triple D Publications, and it's the electronic version of *Onsat Magazine* and *STR Guide* (a weekly and monthly respectively), and also Triple D products.

What sets SuperGuide apart from its brothers in print is essentially two fold: The nature of its electronic delivery via satellite makes up-to-date programming information available to the consumer in days, not weeks. Second, it uses the home dish owner's satellite system for recovery of the data and the consumer's TV set for the display.

#### Here's How It Works

SuperGuide is digitally transmitted data which is downlinked via G2 Xpnder 2 or S1 Xpnder 18 on a 5.22 MHz subcarrier at a rate of 4800 baud. After hooking the SuperGuide terminal unit to your satellite system and turning your dish to one of the two satellites, the SuperGuide receiver automatically loads the 256 K of information which is transmitted 24 hours a day back to back.

If you have the expanded memory option, you may load the full 512 K of SuperGuide information. The loading procedure takes about ten minutes and may be done once a week or, to catch any changes, twice a week. Each week approximately 400 changes are made in program information.

Once the data is loaded, you may access the text much the way you use a computer bulletin board. But with SuperGuide you use an infrared remote control to actually page through it as you would a printed guide.

#### Electronic Advantages

What sets this program apart from a paper one is its ability to tailor listings to one's own personal taste commanding it to leave out programming you're not interested in. It also has the ability to pass along up-to-date industry news. This information can be months old by the time it gets to the print subscriber. It's even cheaper than a subscription to a printed guide by about \$10 per year.

The convenience of the device is probably its big attraction. Paging through the guide



Stand-alone receiver with IR-RC for SuperGuide by Triple D Publishing. The electronic satellite guide is delivered to the customers' homes via satellite and displayed on any TV set or video monitor.

with the touch of a button on the IR RC has got to be a Sofa Spud's dream. And, finally, how often has your mail-delivered guide shown up well into the publication week?

#### More Accessible

Until now the biggest drawback to SuperGuide has been the cost of the initial installation. The basic SuperGuide (256 K memory) retails for around \$230. The optional 512 K memory brings the initial retail price to a little over \$300. Of course, once the basic hardware is paid for, you pay only the \$39 per year subscription fee.

Now even this problem has been taken care of by the integration of SuperGuide into the new Uniden 4800 IRD. For the first time, SuperGuide has been built into a satellite receiver which also has a VC II on board. This model also boasts automatic reprogramming of the guide and full color graphics. That makes the Uniden 4800 a pretty versatile receiver. Pay a visit to your local satellite dealer and check out the SuperGuide stand-alone or integrated system. Or call Triple D Publishing for more information.

For more information on any of the products mentioned, write: Triple D Publications, P.O. Box 167, Shelby, NC 28151-9903. Or call them at 800-234-0023.

#### MAIL BAG

My thanks to a number of *Monitoring Times* readers who were kind enough to send clippings from their local newspapers

regarding items of interest in the satellite TV business.

Ruth Hesch of Westchester, New York, sent a clipping from the New York *Times* on the task facing the BBC in the emerging era of European satellite television and the changing landscape of British radio. The accompanying photo of an ancient thatched roof cottage with a Ku band dish was interesting.

Roger West of Amery, Wisconsin, sent a clipping from the St. Paul Pioneer Press Dispatch. The article heralds the current growth of the TVRO industry and, while peppered with inaccuracies, the article's intentions are good.

A Mr. Kimmerle of Lexington, Kentucky, sent a clipping from the Computer Shopper which shows a PC based satellite receiver. The receiver plugs into the computer as would a modem card. The receiver is connected, not to a phone line but to a coax cable leading to an 18" Ku band satellite antenna mounted outdoors. The system, utilizing encrypted software is designed for Email for big customers such as retail store chains. It's a one-way system which allows a headquarters to send data and messages to affiliates.

#### The TVRO Net

Weldon Hogie, W0IHI, of Northfield, Minnesota, enjoys listening to the 20 meter TVRO net which meets each Sunday afternoon at 2:00 p.m. ET on 14.309 USB plus or minus a few kHz. He's in need of a schematic or service manual for a Scientific-

Atlanta Homesat 900 receiver.

Weldon, I checked with the S-A headquarters and they have apparently turned over the home satellite information and repairs to a company called RSI in Idaho. The chief of technicians is Olle Waterburg, and he may be reached at 208-523-5721. Good luck.

#### Servicing Old Equipment

Those of you who have older satellite receivers or components which were made by companies no longer in business need not despair. There are many companies which repair older equipment.

I have no way of judging their abilities or business practices. Their listing here does not constitute endorsement, but is provided for your information. Let me know what your experiences are or if you have information on others performing a similar

Electronic Analysis & Repair 2329 10th Street Greeley, CO 80631

Phone: 800-444-9594 Offers sales and service - free estimates -- a flat rate of \$39.95 plus parts.. Also offers free catalog.

Birdview Satellite Service 1407 E. Spruce Olathe, KS 66061 Phone 913-829-6240 Specializes in Birdview Brand equipment.

JJ National Satellite Sales & Service 2351 S. 2300W

Salt Lake City, UT 84119

Phone: 800-973-6090 or 800-445-9550 Repairs actuators, such as Saginaw, Von Weise and others.

Quality Controlled Electronics, Inc. Willow Run Airport Ypsilanti, MI 48198

Phone: (MI) 800-321-0208 Out of state 313-485-4242 Authorized factory service for Uniden, Panasonic and many more. Major repair \$65 + parts -minor repair \$50 + parts -- IRD \$80 + parts.

Southern Scientific, Inc. 300 Walnut Fulton, KY 42041

> Phone: 502-472-1406 or 472-3704 Service all manner of brands including Amplica.

#### TRANSPONDER NOTES

The BBC Six O'Clock News is now on W5,16 having moved from W5,15. Why such GALAXY ELECTRONICS

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with aircraft & 800 MHz. 10 priority channels, channel lockout, scan delay, automatic search, illuminated LCD display. snap-on battery pack, pro-\$289 grammable, track tuning, direct channel access, with AC adapter, leather carry case & earphone

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RZ-1 WIDEBAND SCANNING RECEIVER

500KHz - 905MHz

TS2 75 channels, 12 bands, Turbo-Scan, bank scan, Accu-Seek, Private Priority, Instant weather, digital display. (29-30, 30-50, 50-54, 118-136, 136-144, 144-148, 148-175, 406-440, 440-450, 806-950MHz)

#### REGENCY

#### SHORTWAVE RADIO

KEMWOOD	
R-5000 100khz-30mhz, Digital, 100 Memorys	\$849.00
R-2000 150khz-30mhz, Digital, 10 Memorys	\$649.00
SONY-2010 150khz-30mhz,76-108,118-136mhz	\$359.00
SONY-2003 150khz-30mhz, Scanning, Memorys	\$259.00
ICOM R-71A 100khz-30mhz,32 Memorys	\$849.00
	\$1049.00
	\$4795.00
	\$1159.00
FRG-9600 60-905mhz, Continuous, 100 Memorys	\$559.00
FRG-8800 150khz-30mhz Memorys, Scans	\$679.00
GRUNDIG-500 1.6-30mhz, Memorys, Scans	\$499.00
KENWOOD RZ-1 1mhz-905mhz, Continuous, 100 Memory	\$499.00
SANGEAN ATS-808 45 Memorys, LCD Display, More!	\$219.00

#### POLICE/FIRE SCANNERS

BEARCAI	
BC-200XLT 200ch, 29-54, 118-174, 406-512, 806-952	\$289.00
BC-760XLT 100ch,29-54,118-174,406-512,806-952	\$299.00
BC-600XLT 100ch,29-54,118-174,406-512, Service Search	\$229.00
BC-100XLT 100ch, 29-54, 118-174, 406-512, Handheld	\$209.00
BC-800XLT 400ch, 29-54, 118-174, 406-512, 806-912	\$269.00
BC-1000XLT Call For Specs and Availability	CALL
BC-210XLT 40ch,29-54,118-174,406-512mhz	\$219.00
REGENCY	
TS-2 75ch,29-54,118-174,406-512,806-950	\$289.00
TS-1 35ch, 29-54, 118-174, 406-512, Turbo Scan	\$199.00
INF-2 50ch, Pre-Programmed For All 50 States	\$189.00
INF-5 Pre-Programmed, AC Only, Digital	\$99.00
R-2060 60ch, 29-54, 136-174, 406-512mhz	\$129.00

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#### FREE SHIPPING & INSURANCE!!!

a seemingly unnecessary move is beyond me. It probably has to do with prior commitments on W5,15 which can't guarantee BBC the open transponder at the right time.

Jazz fans will welcome the return of jazz programming from the AM sister station of KKGO-FM Los Angeles. It's still at 5.58 MHz on F4.20. Classical music fans should note KSUR-FM of Monterey, California, at 5.76 also on F4,20.

Believe it or not, rumors persist about the return of the Caribbean Superstation. Informed sources say to watch W5 transponder 4. OK. Well, I'm still watching.

The Satellite Show, previously known as Saturday Night Satellite is now seen Thursday through Sunday from 6-7 p.m. ET on S1,18.

Other industry news can be heard daily on C-SAT (S3,9 6.8 MHz audio) Monday through Friday at 7:30 p.m. ET; Saturday at noon and 10 p.m. ET. The SBCA Information Net is heard Sunday through Thursday from 9-11 p.m. ET on the 6.8 MHz audio subcarrier of G1,18.



## Television Comes to Radio!

"Let's borrow a few ideas from television! Why can't our format be like "Good Morning America" or "The Today Show?" More and more listeners are hearing the excitement generated by Rod Arquette and his staff at KSL Radio 1160 in Salt Lake City, Utah.

"We have a very ambitious format. Other stations sound almost robotic in comparison. Our on-air hosts have more personality, and you can never predict what you will hear. Who said news and information can't be fun? Let's give it all to them, in shorter segments, and let's get into this magazine format."

Mornings on KSL are an amazing potpourri of fast-paced fascinating features. Rod knows that "you can't predict what our audience will

like." Bob Keeshan will be a guest talking about his days as Captain Kangaroo, followed by civil rights leader Ralph Abernathy, and the listener phone calls will continue to pour in.

"KSL is the kind of station that, if you don't check in several times a day, you'll really feel like you've missed something." As program and news director, Rod encourages his reporters to bring events alive for their listeners.

"We're going to continue to take our listeners outside to where news is happening." KSL has broadcast live from President Bush's inaugural in Washington, D.C., disaster scenes after the earthquake in San Francisco, and even Yellowstone National Park. Satellite delivery of programming can transport KSL listeners almost anywhere.

"If you want to call Lockerbie, Scotland, or Panama, or even send people there, go do it." Arquette is proud that "research shows when events happen, they tune to 1160."

Besides being the home of Brigham Young University Cougars football, KSL is also the place where Utah listens to "The Larry King Show." "I'm a big fan of Larry King," admits Arquette. Late nights on KSL, television literally comes to radio. From midnight to 2 a.m., they rebroadcast the audio of CBS TV's "Nightwatch" with Charlie Rose.

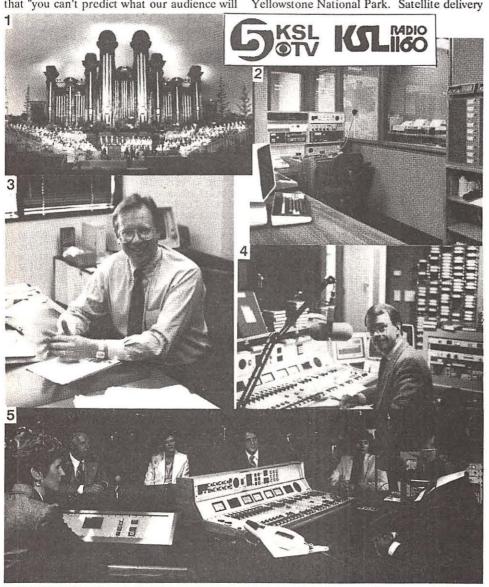
News and information are only part of the success of KSL radio. You'll see the station's call sign wherever you go in the Beehive State, and not just on bus sides and billboards. KSL underwrites performances of the Utah Symphony, The Pioneer Theatre Company, local ski competitions, and many other events. To raise money to buy shoes for needy children, KSL's "Quarters for Christmas" brings yuletide spirit to everyone.

Arquette has learned that "We have to look at the community and what it needs. We should provide quality broadcasting and quality events. Listeners come to us because we can deliver for them. We create an interdependence with the people of Salt Lake City.'

If you live west of the Mississippi River, chances are that you've heard KSL Radio. An enormous tower located on the shore of the Great Salt Lake sends their 50,000 watt signal to 100 counties in ten states during the day. At night their signal is beyond measurement, and has been heard by DXers in almost every continent.

KSL first went on the air in 1922 with a 250 watt transmitter, broadcasting from a tower atop the Deseret News Building in downtown Salt Lake City on 1130 kHz. Today's broadcasts originate at the new KSL Broadcast House which is also the home of KSL-TV. Channel 5. Both stations are CBS affiliates, and have been the flagship stations of Bonneville International Corporation, a worldwide telecommunications and financial group, since its inception.

KSL is also the home of the longest continuous broadcast in the free world. "Music and the Spoken Word" is heard weekly on the CBS Radio Network, bringing the voices of The Mormon Tabernacle Choir to listeners nationwide. Hosted by Spencer Kinard, the program has been on the air for 61 years, from historic Temple Square, the home of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints. The Nauvoo Bell, a symbol of the work of the women of the Mormon Church, chimes in just before the CBS hourly newscast.



1. The Mormon Tabernacle choir's "Music and the Spoken Word" is radio's longest running program. 2. WSL has 7 studios, 2 voice booths, and 6 news editor bays. 3. Rod Arquette, Program and News Director for KSL Radio 4.Bob Lee anchors KSL weekdays from noon to 3 pm. 5.Specially-engineered studios isolate each voice for perfect, concert-hall acoustics.

The future will be even more exciting, Rod claims. "FM is maxed out of formats. How many different versions of play and pay can you have? AM is becoming the place for alternatives and experimentation. We may be getting back to another golden age of radio on AM." KSL is a broadcast giant whose goals and ambitions are as big as its reputation. They are "The News Authority" for the Rocky Mountain West and beyond.

#### Bits and Pieces

✓ Get to know what's on SAP: The Secondary Audio Program. If you own a stereo TV

Be an American

radio in the local

28902.

BandScan Reporter.

See any stories about

paper? Send them to

Monitoring Times, P.O.

Box 98, Brasstown, NC

receiver or VCR, you'll probably hear some amazing alternative programming in the near future. Consult your owner's manual to find out how to hear the SAP channel.

Originally intended for providing bi-lingual soundtracks for programming, this channel is now the medium for descriptions of programs for the sightless,

talking book services, aural TV guides, previews of upcoming shows and uncensored movie soundtracks. SAP can also provide a rear third channel for surround-sound broadcasts, and retransmits AM radio stations in some areas. WNET, Channel 13 in New York City, is negotiating to carry The BBC World Service in full fidelity 24 hours a day via SAP. Learn how to hear SAPs today!

The New York State Thruway Authority is planning to install America's longest radio network. A large system of low-powered AM radio information stations is being planned to keep motorists informed of weather and traffic conditions as they travel on I-87 and I-90. Some stations will be part of the nationwide Traveler's Information Service, and others will be unlicensed under FCC Part 15.

#### Mailbag

Nocking news from Seattle! 50,000 watt KJR Radio broadcasts from towers on the Duwamish River very close to American President Lines' Terminal 5. This is a major site of loading and unloading freight containers for transport. The radio field strength from KJR's transmissions is so strong that longshoremen working with large cranes at the docks are constantly getting shocks.

"It feels like a sting or a bite. There were times when you could actually see it arc," claims dock worker Bob Rogers.

Electrical filters, insulated ladders, and a special paint that absorbs radio waves have been tried with limited success. The Port of Seattle, the owner of the property leased to KJR radio and APL, is now deciding what to do next with this electrifying problem. Hopefully,

reader Hugh Miller in Woodinville, Washington, will keep us up to date as the sparks fly.

WEW in St. Louis is finally moving out of Tom Besch's basement, but things will never be the same. Tom has been host to the station for four years since the original studios burned down. Although he hasn't been charging rent, WEW has filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection and will shortly move to Doug Huber's broadcasting school in Clayton. Gone will be the sounds of Tom's two sheepdogs barking, all the cars in his driveway, and female disk jockeys catching him in his underwear.

WEW will change its format, too. The

daytime-only station will transmit a satellite delivered program of show tunes and old-time performers instead of the big band sound St. Louis heard for years. Tom doesn't know what he'll do with his basement, but things will be a lot quieter. Thanks to Raymond Lisk of Richview, Illinois, for introducing us to Tom.

#### Station Grants

Coming soon to your radio dials are new stations in: Rosamond, CA 890; Silver Springs, FL 95.5; Reidsville, GA 104.1; Trion, GA 95.7; Nappanee, IN 95.7; North Fort Riley, KS 102.5; Rozel, KS 98.7; Midway, KY 107.9; Allegan, MI 92.3; Greenville, MS 104.7; Willard, MO 100.5; Lincoln, NE 105.3; Ocean Acres, NJ 98.5; Columbus, OH 107.5; McConnelsville, OH 100.9; Sioux Falls, SD 101.9; Killington, VT 105.3 and Pullman, WA 88.1. Courtesy of the M Street Journal.

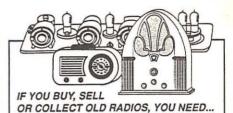
#### For Sale

Buy a part of an FM station in southwest Texas. All new equipment and a studio building with land are included. Contact: A. Moll at 512-496-0677.

Want something farther north? How about a Class A FM, the only station in its market, in southwest Oklahoma? The owner and operator is looking for someone to take over the payments of \$1426 a month at nine percent interest, and will take the best offer. Call R. Kerr at KRMK in Altus, Ok. 405-482-3966.

A fully equipped Mississippi AM station is for sale. For twenty years it's been the sole provider of broadcasting in this area. The studio, transmitter building and tower are all on the same property that rents for a low \$250 a month. The absentee owner has other interests and wants to sell now. Call J. Clinton at 601-268-7892.

A 1000 watt AM radio station is available in Albertville, Alabama, with a possible increase to 2500 watts likely. The owner is ill and wants to sell. Call Patsy King at 205-586-4160.



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#### International Bandscan

If you are visiting Belgium and find yourself yearning for a program in English, try BRT on 1512 kHz from 1830 to 1855 UTC. Czechoslovak Radio's Hvezda channel has been renamed Radio Station Czechoslovakia and given a new signature tune. Look for it on 270 kHz longwave.

Radio France will be expanding the hours of its Radio Bleu service for the over-50-year-old listener to 0600-1800 UTC daily. France Info, the all-news station, moves to nationwide coverage in 1990, and FIP in Paris will extend its hours from 2000 UTC to a sign-off at 2300 UTC

Radio One has begun broadcasting in Gambia from Banjul, their first FM station. It joins Radio Syd and government-run Radio Gambia, which are on the AM dials. Radio One will be playing nonstop Western and African music. There is very little to listen to if you are tuning the dials in Conakry, Guinea. Transmissions on 1404 kHz have ceased, leaving only 1295 kHz on the air.

Malaysia now has their first commercial FM outlet, Syarikat Mados, broadcasting from Jahor. It will compete with Radio Zoo on 101.6 FM from Batam, Indonesia, and Perfect 10 FM from Singapore. Radio Mediterranean has added an English broadcast from 2230 to 2330 UTC from Malta on 1557 kHz. Another Maltese station, The Voice of the Mediterranean also broadcasts in English on 1557 kHz from 0600 to 0700 UTC.

Credits: Many thanks to readers Hugh Miller, David K. Parsons, W.E. Doan, Kevin Carey, John Carson Jr., Herb Gezell, Tom Czaja, Allen Lesser, Garie Halstead, Raymond Lisk, John Gould, David Brown Jr., M.L. Cauthon III, Stephen Moore, and Ruth Hesch. Also thanks to *Radio World*, *FMedial*, the *M Street Journal*, The British DX Club and The Worldwide TV-FM DX Association. Until next month, happy trails!

P.O. Box 1116 Highland City, FL 33846

## What Happens When a Canned Pineapple Sings?

It is too early to tell, but the tune may not be to everyone's liking. At least that is what Pennsylvania's John Demmitt believes. Former Panamanian ruler Manual Noriega, in the course of his legal defense, could reveal matters that some folks would just as soon have go unsaid. Among other things, we should not be totally shocked if Noriega is linked to several of the numbers stations and even one American military frequency.

Noriega has been involved in just about everything, including the Contras, narcotics and more. Undoubtedly, people both north and south of the border may be losing some sleep these days. You may see more about this in the media, but at least one CBS correspondent in Panama had a big lead on this story and failed to follow up on it.

Meanwhile for those who want to do a little digging on their own, you might gather a few clues from the book, *Out of Control*, by Leslie Cockburn. Of course, first you will have to locate a copy. That may not be too easy. You will understand why if you find one.

#### Caroline Update

Is Caroline back on shortwave? Ary Boender in the Netherlands reports reception of a very weak signal on Caroline's old shortwave frequency of 6215. The station is playing music. No one knows what it really is, but Ary claims the most optimistic Caroline freaks are convinced it is the Lady herself.

Caroline continues to put in a good signal on 558 kHz mediumwave. On 6215 Ary reports transmissions of a maritime system called the "Future Maritime Distress and Safety System." Is this at least partly designed to deny Caroline future use of that frequency?

Meanwhile England's John Goodliffe reports that Britain's Radio Investigation Service was planning a second raid on Caroline. This time it intended to tow the station's ship, the Ross Revenge, into port.

However, there were so many complaints to members of parliament by Caroline supporters that the raid was called off. Caroline's lawyers add that the Radio Investigation Service will face charges of piracy!



If you are willing to pay for a trans-Atlantic call, John Goodliffe says you can call up Radio Caroline and get all the latest news about the station.

#### Elsewhere in Europe:

John notes that approximately thirty FM pirates are on the air in the London area every week, in spite of increased raids. One London Greek pirate was raided every day for months in an effort to shut it down. Sometimes it was raided twice in one day. Birmingham has about eight regular FM pirates.

An anonymous English contributor writes to say he has logged several of the Birmingham stations. Among his catches are PCRL, which has been raided over 100 times. He reports also hearing Power House, UK Radio, Supreme and a number of others.

Ary Boender says a few Irish pirates still continue. They include Radio Dublin (but not on shortwave at present), Radio Star County and North Side Radio. A few local stations have obtained licenses. They include Horizon Radio and International Commercial Channel Central Radio.

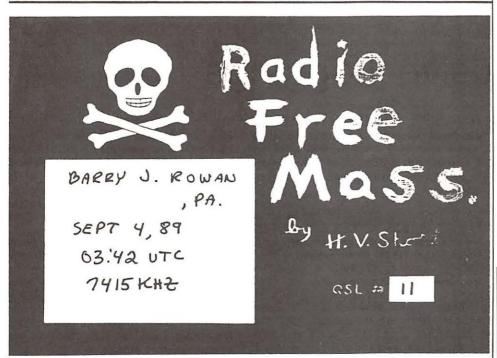
#### Closer to Home:

Everybody is hearing Hope Radio International these days. Among them are Gregg Doerschler of Massachusetts who found them on 7412 at 0400. This writer bagged them nearby on 7415 and also managed to get a QSL. In addition to the Slanesville, West Virginia, drop, Hope Radio announces an address of Box 495, Mossy Head, Florida 32434.

Kentucky's David Fields sent a very nice report on reception of Hope Radio and included details on their DX program. On 7414 kHz he found pirates WHBH and WRFI, the Voice of Radio Free Intelligence.

Up in Minnesota Alan Masyga came across one on 7415 that has to be considered a legendary broadcaster. This was the famous Voice of Laryngitis. If you catch a VOL program, you have a real treat in store. This gang does very creative stuff. Alan also caught Radio Free Indiana on 7416. It can be reached via Box 628, Slanesville, WV 25444.

We had heard a vague report that WENJ may have been closed down. If true, it is now back. Fraser Bonnett has logged them twice on 7415 from his Ohio location. Fraser seems to hear just about everything that is around. He monitored Radio Free Willy on 7415 at 0339 and WYOY on the same frequency.



Pennsylvania's Barry Rowan got this impressive QSL from Radio Free Massachusetts.

Nick Grace of Massachusetts deserves some sort of award for the tremendous number of catches he has had. Eskimo chants? Yes, he found them on WXZR Meontological Research Radio, which was using 7435 and 7425. He also heard Radio Mexico on 7485. Radio Mexico transmits in Spanish but appears to be an American pirate. It was doing a joint broadcast with WXZR.

Among other logs, Nick has Radio Garbanzo on 7486, WKND on 6240, and a transmission of Radio Free Willy on 7406 at 0443 which was also heard in California. He found East Coast Pirate Radio on 7485 at 0456.

This writer came across Pirate Radio UK on 15063 at 2047 sign-off and East Coast Pirate Radio on the same frequency with a 2057 sign-off another day. A PRUK report was QSLed with an ECPR QSL, so it appears ECPR either produces or relays PRUK. Voice of the North was found on 15047 at 1905, and Scotland's Weekend Music Radio made it in here again on 15043.

#### Clandestine Thoughts:

The anti-Castro program, "La Voz de la Fundacion," can currently be heard via WHRI between 0100 and 0200 on 7315 kHz.

California's Mike Fern is an outstanding clandestine DXer. Among his most intriguing catches is the Voice of

Democratic Kampuchea on 9440 between 0000 and 0030 UTC. This is the station of the Khmer Rouge insurgents who are trying to get rid of the Vietnamese-supported regime.

Mike has found five-digit cipher traffic on Radio Venceremos, but not the sixdigit traffic this writer reported in an earlier column. He suggests the six-digit material might be based on a dictionarytype code. The least suspicious place for a source of random numbers needed for this just might be the San Salvador phone book.

The Contras continue. Fraser Bonnett logged Radio Quince de Septiembre on 6215 at 0015. From Kansas, Richard Hankison inquired where he might send his recent reception report of anti-Castro La Voz del CID. Try Apartado 8130, San Jose 1000, Costa Rica. Many readers should get good signals on 9942 kHz from this one.

The strangest log of the month is probably the one contributed by Dave Fields. He heard a female voice on 7413 kHz in LSB. She repeated over and over again what sounded like the words "I see the rhapsody." Ideas, anyone?

Finally, reports indicate Cuba has all kinds of tricks up its sleeve if Washington goes ahead with the planned TV-Marti broadcasts. Monitoring the mediumwave bands could prove quite interesting when such transmissions begin.

#### Tune in the Pirates!

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## Elusive Loggings

When this column first began, the only lists of loggings readily available were my own. Now I am beginning to receive loggings from some readers.

Many times the reader is asking for help in identification of some of the beacons he has heard. I try to do what I can in this respect. Then I began to realize that there aren't many places where a DXer can find beacon loggings to see what is being heard.

Except for only a couple of clubs, beacon loggings will be few, if any, in most magazines and club bulletins. So I am starting to include some selected loggings to help you get a feeling for what is actually out there.

This month's loggings were drawn from a list sent in by Tom Humes of Mesa, Arizona. These were heard on a Kenwood R-2000, using a longwire antenna that was 15 feet high and 100 feet long. Judging from his list, both receiver and antenna were performing quite well.

All of these, plus others, were logged over a period of a week. There are more than a dozen states plus Mexico and Canada. This gives some idea of how you can reach out while DXing beacons. Like broadcast band DXing, you deal more in states and provinces than in countries. But this can be equally exciting.

Note the loggings for Fresno and Reno. They were heard with voice weather broadcasts. There used to be a lot of beacons with transcribed weather transmissions. But these are being discontinued in many locations. Logging a weather transmission these days is like taking a picture of an endangered species. You have to get them while you still can.

Tom noted that the L and the V alternated on 302. These are sequenced marine beacons. Point Loma is supposed to operate at minutes one and four of every six, while Point Vicente transmits during minutes two and five. A third beacon, "O," at Point Arguello operates at minutes three and six. Minute one starts at the hour and every sixth minute thereafter --06, 12, 18 past the hour, etc.

I was in the Los Angeles area recently and noted both L and V. The third beacon was never heard and the time sequences for the other two beacons wandered all over. At one stage, both were transmitting simultaneously with only a few seconds difference in their timing. Both beacons varied from the assigned times.

Notice the ID on 368 for the Mexican beacon. Actually, GYM is the proper ID for this beacon. Tom heard it with an E trailing the GYM after a short pause. This is used to indicate a secondary transmitter is being used.

Many times beacons are in more remote areas, several miles from the airport they serve. They serve as guides to a spot from which to make an approach to the airport. Thus, they are not necessarily visited unless they need maintenance. It is important to keep the beacon going, so, if the primary transmitter fails, a secondary transmitter automatically begins operating. The trailing E is part of the secondary transmitter ID and the airport now knows that the primary transmitter must be repaired.

Tom had trouble identifying the NY beacon on 350. He thought it had a third character; in this case it was a six-second tone. This is typical of Canadian beacons. The ID is followed by a long tone. It becomes a quick tip-off that what you are hearing is Canadian. This is frequently described as DAID or "dash after ID."

You may also see the description DA2ID or DA3ID, meaning that the dash,

or long tone, occurs after two or three IDs in a group. The U.S. marine beacons operate slightly differently. They send their ID for the first 50 seconds in each minute, followed by a long tone of 10 seconds duration. If the beacon is continuous, it then reverts back to the repetitive ID sequence at the start of the next minute.

The other beacon on 350 is a different problem. There is no official listing of a beacon with this ID on this or any other frequency in the U.S. However, NID is the airport identifier for the naval station at China Lake. There is no beacon listed for China Lake, so this could be the beacon for that airport.

Yuma is yet another situation. The current official listing of the Yuma beacon on 413 calls for the identifier to be LGF. The ID of OEG was used for Yuma in the past. They may be changing back to OEG; they may have used it temporarily for some specific reason; or it may have been a maintenance change by mistake. Time will establish the permanence of using OEG.

We won't always go into this much detail with individual loggings. This just seemed an excellent opportunity to illustrate some of the things you may find in beacon DXing. So, send in your loggings to show others what you are hearing and to see what other people are hearing. We all benefit that way.

#### mi

#### BEACON LOGGINGS

Į						
۱	224	SDL	Scottsdale, AZ	350	NID	China Lake, CA??
I	254	SPK	Reno, NV w/wx			Boise, ID
l	290	AOP	Rock Springs, WY	368	GYM-	-E Guaymas, MEX
I	294	BMC	Brigham City, UT			Great Falls, MT
l	302	L	Point Loma LS, CA			Nucla, CO
l	302	V	Point Vicente Light, CA			Brady, TX
I	311	BFE	Brownsville, TX	383	CNP	Chappell, NE
l	311	MVI	Monte Vista, CO			Selmer, TN
١	320	MTN	Miles City, MT	393	FBG	Ft. Bragg, NC
١	322	S	Point Sur, CA			Lovington, NM
١	326	MCY	Mercury, NV			Challis, ID
١	329	TAD	Trinidad, CO	400	LKO	Billings, MT
١	340	BDG	Blanding, UT			Ft. Huachuca, AZ
	344	FCH	Fresno, CA w/wx			?) Yuma, AZ
			Enderby, BC	417	RGB	Ŕifle, CÓ
			, X (0)			

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#### Sunday

#### April 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th

- 0030 BBC: Composer of the Month. Profiles of great composers and selections from their works
- 0037 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. News analysis from correspondents worldwide.
- 0040 HCJB (North America): Sounds of the Times.
  Ideas and opinions of North American young
  people.
- 0045 HCJB (North America): Focus 2000. A program about science and technology.
- 0052 Radio Netherlands: Over to You. A listener contact program with Barry O'Dwyer.
- 0101 BBC: Play of the Week. Hour-long drama selections.
- 0105 HCJB (North America): Discovery. A scientific exploration of the world.
- 0109 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. Opinion on current issues.
- 0113 Deutsche Welle: Sports Report. The latest news from the world of sports.
- 0117 Deutsche Welle: Mailbag/To the Top/Checkpoint. Listener letters, music, and features on a rotating basis.
- 0130 HCJB (North America): Family Foundations. Interviews and discussions about issues



Jorge Zambrano, producer/host of "Musica del Ecuador" on HCJB.

- affecting today's family.
- 0134 Deutsche Welle: German by Radio. An advanced German language course for English speakers.
- 0200 HCJB: Get Set. Interviews and features from the world of sports.
- 0209 BBC: British Press Review. Survey of editorial opinion in the British press.
- 0209 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109.
- 0213 Deutsche Welle: Sports Report. See S 0113. 0215 BBC: Feature. Programming on various subjects.
- 0215 HCJB: Lifelines. Muslc, drama, and a topical talk.
- 0216 Deutsche Welle: Asia in the German Press. A look at what German papers and weeklies have to say about Asia.
- 0223 Deutsche Welle: Mailbag Asia. Answers to listeners' queries, musical requests, and the club corner.
- 0230 BBC: The Ken Bruce Show. A mix of popular music and entertainment news.
- 0230 HCJB: Happiness Is. Interviews, books, travel logs, and more.
- 0305 HCJB: Hour of Decision. Billy Graham's radio evangelical program.
- 0309 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109.
- 0313 Deutsche Welle: Sports Report. See S 0113. 0315 BBC: From Our Own Correspondent. In-depth
- news stories from correspondent. In-depth news stories from correspondents worldwide. O317 Deutsche Welle; Mailbag/To the
- Top/Checkpoint. See S 0117.
  0330 BBC: Quiz. A quiz show of a topical nature.
  0330 HCJB: The King Is Coming. A religious
- program.
  0330 Deutsche Welle: German by Radio. See S
- 0330 Deutsche Welle: German by Radio, See 8 0134.
- 0330 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.0352 Radio Netherlands: Over to You. See S 0052.
- 0400 HCJB: Radio Reading Room. Readings from new Christian books.
- 0409 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109. 0413 Deutsche Welle: Sports Report. See S 0113.
- 0419 Deutsche Welle: International Talking Point. A round-table discussion on major trends and events.
- 0430 BBC: Feature. Programming on various subjects.
  - Radio Netherlands: Sunday Spotlight. A look at events and issues affecting Africa over the past week.
- 0434 Deutsche Welle: People and Places. A program for Africa with interviews, stories, and music.
- 0445 BBC: Personal View. A personal opinion on topical issues in British life.

### MT Program Team

#### Kannon Shanmugam, Program Manager

4412 Turnberry Circle Lawrence, KS 66047

Jim Frimmel
Willow Park, Texas

#### Dale Vanderpoel

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

- 0505 HCJB: Discovery. See S 0105.
- 0509 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. Analysis of the main news of the day.
- 0509 Deutsche Welle: Commentary, See S 0109, 0513 Deutsche Welle: Sports Report, See S 0113
- Deutsche Welle: Sports Report. See S 0113.
  Deutsche Welle: Mailbag/To the
- 0517 Deutsche Welle: Mailbag/To the Top/Checkpoint. See S 0117.
- 0530 BBC: Financial Review. A look back at the financial week.
- 0530 HCJB: Family Foundations. See S 0130.
- 0534 Deutsche Welle: German by Radio. See S 0134
- 0540 BBC: Words of Faith. People share how their
- scripture gives meaning to their lives.

  0545 BBC: Letter from America. Alistair Cooke's distinctly British view of America.
- 0600 HCJB: Get Set. See S 0200.
- 0609 Deutsche Welle: Commentary, See S 0109.
- 0613 Deutsche Welle: Sports Report. See S 0113.
- 0615 HCJB: Lifelines. See S 0215.
- 0619 Deutsche Welle: International Talking Point. See S 0419.
- 0630 BBC: Jazz for the Asking. A jazz music request show.
- 0630 HCJB: Open Door. Contemporary music and thoughts for teenagers.
- 0634 Deutsche Welle: People and Places. See S
- 0709 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.
- 0730 BBC: From Our Own Correspondent. See S 0315.
- 0730 Radio Netherlands: Happy Station. Tom Meyer's family entertainment program with music and letters.
- 0745 BBC: Book Choice. Short reviews of current or future best-sellers.
- 0750 BBC: Waveguide. How to hear the BBC better.
- 1100 HCJB: Music in the Night. Religious music and Inspiration.
- 1109 Deutsche Welle: Arts on the Air. Reports and interviews on major cultural events and developments.

#### LEGEND

- \* The first four digits of an entry are the program start time in UTC.
- \* The time is followed by the station name, program name, and a brief summary of the program's content.
- \* Some listings may be followed by "See X 0000." The letter stands for a day of the week:

S=Sunday M=Monday
T=Tuesday W=Wednesday
H=Thursday F=Friday
A=Saturday

The four digits stand for a time in UTC. Listeners should check back to that date and time to find out more about that particular program.

- \* All broadcasts are listed in chronological order, starting on Sunday at 0000 UTC and ending on Saturday at 2359 UTC.
- \* All days are in UTC. Remember that if you are listening in North

American prime time, it is actually the next morning UTC. For example, if you are listening to a program at 7:01 pm [EST] on your Thursday night, that's equal to 0001 UTC and therefore Friday morning UTC.

We suggest that you tune in to a program a few minutes before the schedule start time, as some stations have tentative schedules which may slightly vary. We invite listeners and stations to send program information to the program manager at the address above.

- 1115 BBC: From Our Own Correspondent. See S 0315.
- 1130 BBC: Composer of the Month. See S 0030. HCJB: Morning Song. Music and thoughts to 1130 start the day.
- Radio Netherlands: Happy Station. See S 1130 0730.
- Deutsche Welle: German by Radio. See S 1134
- 1200 HCJB: Urban Alternative. A program for Innercity America.
- BBC: Play of the Week. See S 0101. 1201
- 1230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
- HCJB: Mountain Meditations. Sunday 1300 thoughts from HCJB's president.
- BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 1309
- 1330 BBC: Sports Roundup. The day's sports
- HCJB: Telling the Truth. Stuart Briscoe 1330
- presents a religious program. 1345 BBC: Personal View. See S 0445.
- HCJB: Kids' Corner, Mr. Lizard and friends 1400 present a program for children.
- 1401 BBC: Feature. Programming on various subjects.
- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and 1406 Reports. News dispatches and analysis.
- Radio Peace and Progress: Music. Selections 1425 from various tunes.
- BBC: Anything Goes. Sounds from the BBC 1430 archives as requested by listeners.
- 1430 HCJB: Your Story Hour. Stories about character for children.
- 1430 Radio Netherlands: Happy Station. See S 0730.
- 1500 HCJB: Songtime. John DeBrine mixes music with a religious message.
- 1509 Deutsche Welle: Religion and Society. A roundup of news and developments concerning the world's major religions
- 1513 Deutsche Welle: Africa in the German Press. A look at what German papers and weeklies have to say about Africa.
- 1515 BBC: Concert Hall. Classical music performances from the world's great halls.
- 1530 HCJB: Let My People Think. A program addressing questions of today's thinker.
- Deutsche Welle: Pop from Germany. A look at the German pop music scene.
- 1600 HCJB: Unshackled. The melodramatic program about lives changed by religion.
- 1609 Deutsche Welle: Arts on the Air. See S 1109.
- BBC: Feature. Programming on various 1615 subjects
- 1630 Radio Netherlands: Happy Station, See S

- 1634 Deutsche Welle: German by Radio. See S
- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- 1645 BBC: Letter from America. See S 0545.



New kid on the block: Jonathan Izard is among the most recent additions to the BBC's news reading team.

- 1655 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425.
- 2305 BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540. 2310 BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745.
- BBC: Letter from America. See S 0545. 2315
- 2330 BBC: Feature. See S 1401.

#### Monday

#### April 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th

- 0030 BBC: In Praise of God. A half-hour program of worship.
- adio Netherlands: Happy Station. See S
- HCJB (North America): Answers. Answers to questions on science and the Bible.
- 0055 HCJB (North America): Sounds of the Times.

- See S 0040.
- HCJB (North America): HCJB Today. News 0100 about the ministries of HCJB.
- 0101 BBC: Feature. Programming on various
- subjects. 0109 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109.
- Deutsche Welle: Religion and Society. See S
- Deutsche Welle: Letter from Bonn/Berlin. The tale of two cities as seen by Deutsche Welle correspondents.
- Deutsche Welle: International Talking Point. 0126 See S 0419.
- 0135 HCJB (North America): Passport. News, music, and special features on Ecuador and the world.
- 0145 BBC: Musical Feature. A program on a musical topic (except April 2nd: Composer Cameos, a look at composers without reputations).
- HCJB: Musica del Ecuador. Andean music 0200 with Jorge Zambrano.
- 0209 BBC: British Press Review. See S 0209.
- Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. A magazine program with background information on major world events.
- BBC: Andy Kershaw's World of Music. Exolic 0215 and innovative music from the world over.
- 0230 BBC: Science in Action. The latest in scientific developments.
- 0230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
- Deutsche Welle: Science and Technology. 0234 New scientific and tech developments.
- HCJB: The Sower. Michael Guido presents 0300 music and inspiration.
- 0309 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109.
- BBC: Good Books. A recommendation of a 0315 book to read.
- HCJB: Youth Time Radio. Interviews and 0315 music for college students.
- Deutsche Welle: Religion and Society. See S 0316 1509
- 0322 Deutsche Welle: Letter from Bonn/Berlin. See M 0122.
- 0326 Deutsche Welle: International Talking Point. See S 0419.
- 0330 BBC: Anything Goes. See S 1430.
- HCJB: Hour of Freedom. A religious message 0330 presented by Howard Jones.
- 0330 Radio Netherlands: Happy Station. See S
- 0405 HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100.
- 0409 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M
- BBC: Off the Shelf. A reading selected from the best of world literature.

#### **NEWS GUIDE**

This is your guide to news broadcasts on the air. All broadcasts are daily unless otherwise noted by brackets. These brackets enclose day codes denoting days of broadcast. The codes are as follows:

- S= Sunday T= Tuesday
- M= Monday W= Wednesday
- H= Thursday F= Friday A= Saturday
- We invite listeners and stations to send program information to the program manager.

- 0000 BBC: Newsdesk 0000 Christian Science Monitor: News 0000 Kol Israel: News KVOH: UPI News [T-A] 0000
- 0000 Radio Australia: International Report
- 0000
- Radio Beijing: News Radio Canada Int'l:News[S-M];World at 6[T-A] 0000 0000 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'i News [M-A]
- Radio Moscow: News Radio New Zealand Int'l: News 0000 0000
- Radio Yugoslavia: News 0000 0000 Spanish National Radio: News
- Voice of America: News WWCR: USA Radio News [M-F] 0000 0000
- Radio Pyongyang: News 0000 0010
- Radio Beljing: News About China Christian Science Monitor: News [T-F] Radio Budapest: News 0030 0030
- 0030 Radio Canada Int'l: News [S-M] 0030 Radio Havana Cuba: Newsbreak [M-A] 0030
- Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief Radio Netherlands: News [T-S] 0030 Voice of America (Americas, E.Asia): News (Special English) [T-S] Voice of America (E.Asia): News (Special
  - English) [M]

- 0045 Radio Berlin Int'i; News 0051 Spanish National Radio: News Summary [S] 0055 KUSW: News [T-S] 0055 WRNO: ABC News [W-H, A]
- 0100 BBC: News Summary 0100 Belize Radio One: Network News 0100 Christian Science Monitor: News 0100 Deutsche Welle: World News
- 0100 Kol Israel: News
- 0100 KVOH: UPI Radio News [T-A] 0100 Radio Australia: World and Australian News 0100 Radio Canada Int'l: News [S-M]
- 0100 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A] 0100 Radio Japan: News
- 0100 Radio Moscow: News 0100 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
- 0100 Radio Prague: News 0100 Radiotelevisione Italiana: News 0100 Spanish National Radio: News
- 0100 Voice of America: News 0100 Voice of Indonesia: News WWCR: USA Radio News [T-S] 0100
- Radio Havana Cuba: Cuban Nat'l News [M-A] 0130 Christian Science Monitor: News [T-F]
- 0130 Radio Budapest: News 0130 Radio Havana Cuba: News [M-A]



Bush House at night; QSL from Ray Labrie of New Hampshire.

- Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. Reports and background to the news from correspondents. 0437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037. 0445 BBC: Talks. Short talks on various subjects. HCJB: Passport. See M 0135. 0505 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509 0509 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109. 0509 0516 Deutsche Welle: Religion and Society. See S 1509 0522 Deutsche Welle: Letter from Bonn/Berlin. See M 0122 0526 Deutsche Welle: International Talking Point. See S 0419. 0530 BBC: Waveguide. See S 0750. 0530 HCJB: Musica del Ecuador. See M 0200. 0540 BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540. 0545 BBC: Recording of the Week. A personal choice from the latest classical music releases 0600 HCJB: HCJB Today. See M 0100. 0609 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0630 BBC: Feature. See S 1401.
- 0730 BBC: Feature. See S 1615. 0737 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. Radio Netherlands: The Research File. A science and technology review, covering the latest discoveries and developments. HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100.

HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100.

BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.

Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434.

- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. A current 1109 affairs program with worldwide reports and a German press review
- BBC: Health Matters. New developments in 1115 the world of medical science and fitness.

- BBC: The Ken Bruce Show. See S 0230. HCJB: Insight for Living. Charles Swindoll
- applies the Bible to life today. Deutsche Welle: Hallo Africa. Musical requests and greetings to friends.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037.
- Deutsche Welle: Weekend Sport. A review of 1144 the major sporting events of the weekend.
- Radio Netherlands: The Research File, See M 1152 0752.
- HCJB: Sound Words. Gil Rugh presents 1200 religious advice.
- BBC: Quiz. A quiz show to be announced. 1215
- HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230. 1230 BBC: Sports Roundup. See S 1330. 1245
- HCJB: Stories of Great Christians. Dramatized 1300 stories about Christian leaders past and present.
- 1309 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.
- 1315 HCJB: Our Daily Bread. Devotions from the Bible.
- 1330 BBC: Feature. See S 1615.
- 1330 HCJB: Morning in the Mountains. A live show of music and thoughts.
- 1405 BBC: Outlook. Conversation, controversy, and color from Britain and the rest of the world.
- 1406 Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- 1425 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425.
- BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430.
- HCJB: Through the Bible. J. Vernon McGee presents a book-by-book study of the Bible.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: Feature. See S 0215. 1445
- Radio Netherlands: The Research File, See M 1452 0752.

- 1500 HCJB: Jonl and Friends. Help and advice, especially for the disabled, as offered by Joni Erickson-Tada.
- HCJB: Shalom. A search for true peace in today's complex world.
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.
- BBC: Feature (except April 2nd: Composer Cameos). See M 0101.
- HCJB: Psychiatry and You. Christian 1520 perspectives on dealing with personal problems.
- 1529 Deutsche Welle: Weekend Sport. See M 1144
- HCJB: Back to the Bible. A daily Bible study. 1530
- Deutsche Welle: Monday Special. An 1538 Interview or report on an event or development with special relevance for Africa.
- HCJB: Focus on the Family. A daily look at marriage, parenting, and social trends that affect the family.
- 1609 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.
- 1615 BBC: Good Books, See M 0315.
- 1630 BBC: Health Matters. See M 1115.
- 1634 Deutsche Welle: Asia-Pacific Report. Correspondents' reports, interviews, and background news from the Asia-Pacific region.
- 1636 Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: The World Today. News analysis on a selected location or event in the news.
- 1652 Radio Netherlands: The Research File. See M
- 1655 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425.
- 2305 BBC: Commentary. Background to the news from a wide range of specialists.
- BBC: Financial News. News of commodity prices and significant moves in currency and stock markets.
- 2315 BBC: Feature. Programming on various subjects.
- BBC: Multitrack 1. Tim Smith presents what's hot on the British pop music charts.

#### Tuesday

#### April 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th

- 0030 BBC: Megamix. A compendium of music, sport, fashion, health, travel, news and views for young people.
- 0037 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.

#### news guide cont'd from p.57

- 0130 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 0150 HCJB: News [T-A]
- 0151 Radio Veritas Asia: World News [M-F] 0151 Spanish National Radio: News Summary [S]
- 0155 HCJB: News [S] 0155 KUSW: News [T-S] 0155 Radio Veritas Asia: World News [A] 0155 Voice of Indonesia: News in Brief
- 0200 BBC; World News
  0200 Christian Science Monitor: News
  0200 Deutsche Welle; World News
  0200 HCJB; News [M]
- 0200 Kol Israel: News 0200 Radio Australia: International Report 0200 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 0200 Radio Bras, Brasilia: News 0200 Radio Bucharest: News
- 0200 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A] Radio Kiev: News
- 0200 Radio Moscow: News 0200 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News [A-S]
- Radio RSA: News 0200 RAE, Buenos Aires: News

- 0200 Swiss Radio Int'l: News 0200 Voice of Free China: News and Commentary
- 0200 WWCR: USA Radio News [T-A] 0215 Radio Cairo: News
- 0230 Christian Science Monitor(E.Africa): News [M] 0230 Christian Science Monitor: News [T-F] 0230 Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-A] 0230 Radio Havana Cuba: Newsbreak [M-A]
- Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 0230
- 0230 Radio Pakistan: News (Special English)
- 0230 Radio Portugal: News [T-A] 0230 Radio Tirana, Albania: News 0245 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 0255 KUSW: News [T-S] 0300 BBC: World News 0300 Belize Radio One: News
- 0300 Christian Science Monitor: News
- 0300 Deutsche Welle: World News
- 0300 HCJB: News [T-A] 0300 Radio Australia: World and Australian News Radio Beijing: News 0300
- 0300 Radio Canada Int'l: News [M-F] 0300 Radio for Peace Int'l: News [T,A] 0300 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]
- 0300 Radio Japan: News

- 0300 Radio Moscow: News 0300 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News [A-S] 0300 Radio Prague: News
- Voice of America: News Voice of Free China: News and Commentary 0300 0300 0300
- WRNO: ABC News [F] WWCR: USA Radio News [T-S] 0300
- 0309 BBC: News About Britain 0310 Radio Beijing: News About China 0315 Radio Cairo: News
- 0315 Radio France International: News
- 0315 Radio Havana Cuba; Cuban Nat'l News [M-A] 0330 Christian Science Monitor(E.Africa):News [M] 0330 Christian Science Monitor: News [T-F]
- Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 0330 Radio Havana Cuba: News [M-A] 0330 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 0330 Radio Netherlands: News [T-S]
- 0330 Radio Tirana, Albania: News 0330 UAE Radio, Dubal: News 0350 Radio Yerevan: News 0350 Radiotelevisione Italiana: News
- 0355 KUSW: News [T-S] 0400 BBC: Newsdesk 0400 Christian Science Monitor: News
  - 0400 Deutsche Welle: World News

0630

0634

0709

#### **BULLETIN BOARD**

A BANNER EVENT: The BBC's "Multitrack" pop music programs have featured much staff turnover since their inception in 1986.



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listeners.

"Multitrack 2," the program of newlyreleased singles and pop news and interviews, has found a permanent host.

Graham Bannerman provides a decidedly cheery look at the latest rock tunes, to

be heard on Wednesdays at 2330 UTC and Thursdays at 1215 UTC.

Tim Smith is no Paul Burnett, but he's quickly learning the ropes on "Multitrack 1,"

the top-twenty chart show on Mondays at

0040 HCJB (North America): Our Daily Bread. See M

evangelical program.

parts of the world.

BBC: Outlook. See M 1405.

BBC: Financial News. See M 2310.

HCJB: DX Party Line. See S 0200.

BBC: British Press Review. See S 0209.

HCJB (North America): Gateway to Joy. An

Radio Netherlands: The Research File. See M

HCJB (North America): Passport. See M 0135.

Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.

BBC: Short Story. Brief tales written by BBC

Deutsche Welle: Arts on the Air. See S 1109.

BBC: Europe's World. A magazine program

reflecting life in Europe and its links with other

Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M

BBC: Network UK. A look at the issues and events

that affect the lives of people throughout the UK.

2330 UTC and Tuesdays at 1215 UTC. And BBC fixture Sarah Ward brings her aesthetic, unique voice to "Multitrack 3," a look at alternative music on Fridays at 2330 UTC and Saturdays at 1215 UTC.

TOOLING AROUND: The BBC will present a four-part series on tools this month, to coincide with the twentieth anniversary of the first chainsaw. The program features hammers, saws, screwdrivers, and pliers, in its month-long run. The program, "Tools of the Trade," can be heard on Sundays at 0401 UTC.

And if you bought that, you've been fooled! April Fool's Day has come early... though the BBC might eventually run a program on power tools...

program on all topics relating to the environment in industrial and developing countries. HCJB: Guidelines for Family Living. Help for the

family from Harold Sala. Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109. 0309

0315 BBC: The World Today. See M 1645.

0315 HCJB: Rendezvous. Dick Saunders presents Bible study and evangelism.

BBC: John Peel. Tracks from newly released albums and singles from the contemporary music scene.

HCJB: Grace Worship Hour. See S 1300. Deutsche Welle: Arts on the Air. See S 1109. 0334 Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037.

0352 Radio Netherlands: The Research File. See M

HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 0405

0409 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0209

BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430.

0434 Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434. 0437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.

BBC: New Ideas. A radio shop window for new 0445

products and inventions.

0455 BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745.

0505 HCJB: Passport. See M 0505.

BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 0509 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109. BBC: Financial News. See M 2310. 0530

0534 Deutsche Welle: Arts on the Air. See S 1109.

0540 BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540. 0545 BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. 0600 HCJB: DX Party Line. See S 0200.

Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0609

0630 BBC: Musical Feature. A program on a musical topic.

0630 HCJB: Music in the Night, See S 1100. 0634

Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434. 0709 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.

BBC: Europe's World. See T 0145. 0730 Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037. BBC: Network UK. See T 0215. 0737

0745

Radio Netherlands: Images. A cultural magazine, highlighting film, theatre, opera, books, and serious music.

HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 1100

1109 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.

1115 BBC: Waveguide. See S 0750. 1125 BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745.

1130 BBC: Megamix. See T 0030. 1130 HCJB: Insight for Living. See M 1130.

1137 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.

Radio Netherlands: Images. See T 0752. 1200 HCJB: Sound Words. See M 1200.

BBC: Mullitrack 1: Top 20. See M 2330.

HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230. 1245 BBC: Sports Roundup. See S 1330.

1300 HCJB: Stories of Great Christians. See M 1300.

1309 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.

1315 HCJB: Our Daily Bread. See M 1315.

BBC: Network UK. See T 0215. 1330

HCJB: Guidelines for Living. See M 1330. 1330 BBC: Feature. See S 0430. 1345

HCJB: Insight. See M 1400. 1400

1405 BBC: Outlook, See M 1405. Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and 1406

Reports, See S 1406. Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425. 1425

BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430. 1430

HCJB: Through the Bible. See S 1430. 1430

1437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 1445 BBC: Musical Feature (except April 3rd:

Composer Cameos). See M 0145. 1452 Radio Netherlands: Images. See T 0752.

1500 HCJB: Joni and Friends. See M 1500.

1505 HCJB: Shalom, See M 1505.

Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109. 1509 1515 BBC: A Jolly Good Show. Dave Lee Travis

0230	BBC: Sports International. Feature program on a
0230	topic or person making sports headlines. HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
0234	나이지가 되었다면, 이 아이 아이를 되었다면 가 없어? 그렇게 하는데 그렇게 하는데 그렇게 하고 있다면 하는데 그렇게 하다니다.
0400	HCJB: News [M-A]
0400	Radio Australia: International Report
0400	Radio Beljing: News
	Radio Berlin Int'l: News
0400	Radio Bucharest: News
	Radio Canada Int'l: News [M-F]
0400	Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]
0400	Radio Moscow: News
0400	Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
0400	Radio RSA: News
0400	Radio Tanzania: News
0400	RAE, Buenos Aires: News
0400	Swiss Radio Int'I: News
0400	Voice of America: News
0400	Voice of Turkey: News
0400	WWCR: USA Radio News [M-A]
0405	Radio Pyongyang: News
0410	Radio Beijing: News About China
	Radiotelevisione Italiana: News
0430	Christian Science Monitor(E.Africa):News [M]
0430	Christian Science Monitor: News [T-F]

0430 Radio Havana Cuba: Newsbreak [M-A] 0430 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief

0430 Radio Netherlands: News [M-A] 0430 Radio Tirana, Albania: News 0445 Radio Berlin Int'l: News

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0455	KUSW: News [S, T-F]
0455	Radio Tanzania: News
0500	BBC: World News
0500	Christian Science Monitor; News
0500	Deutsche Welle: World News
0500	HCJB: News [S-M]; Latin American [T-A]
0500	Kol Israel: News
0500	Radio Australia: World and Australian News
0500	Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]
0500	Radio Japan: News
0500	Radio Moscow: News
0500	Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
0500	Spanish National Radio: News
	Voice of America: News
0500	WWCR: USA Radio NEws [T-A]
	Radio Havana Cuba: Cuban Nat'l News [M-A
0530	Christian Science Monitor(E.Africa): News [M]
0530	Christian Science Monitor: News [T-F]
0530	Radio Bucharest: News
	Radio Havana Cuba: News [M-A]
	Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief
	UAE Radio, Dubai: News
0550	HCJB: News [T-A]
0551	
0555	
0555	KUSW: News [S, T-F]

	152	presents listener record requests and dedications, and the UK's top ten albums. 0 HCJB: Psychiatry and You. See M 1520.	1
Ī		BBC: Newsdesk	
		Christian Science Monitor: News	
		Deutsche Welle: World News	
		HCJB: News [M]	
		Radio Australia: International Report	
		Radio Berlin Int'l: News	
		Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]	
		Radio Korea: News	
		Radio Moscow: News	
		Radio New Zealand Int'l: News Voice of America: News	
		Radio Pyongyang; News Radio Berlin Int'l; News	
		Radio Canada Int'l: News [M-F]	
		Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]	
		Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-A]	
	0630		
	0630		
		Radio Polonia: News	
	0630		
		Swiss Radio Int'l: News	
		Radio Bucharest: News	
		Radio Canada Int'l: News [M-F]	
		HCJB: News [M-A]	
		KUSW: News [S]	
		BBC: World News	
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## program ?

- 1530 HCJB: Back to the Bible. See M 1530.
- Deutsche Welle: Insight. An in-depth feature, 1534 giving the background to political events and international developments.
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1609 1109
- 1615 BBC: Omnibus, A half-hour program on practically any topic.
- Deutsche Welle: Asia-Pacific Report. See M 1634 1634
- 1636 Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- 1637 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. 1645
- Radio Netherlands: Images. See T 0752. 1652
- Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425
- 2305 BBC: Commentary. See M 2305.
- BBC: Financial News. See M 2310.
- BBC: Concert Hall, See S 1515.

#### Wednesday

#### April 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th

- BBC: Omnibus. See T 1615.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- 0040 HCJB (North America): Our Daily Bread. See M 1315.
- HCJB (North America): Gateway to Joy. See T 0045.
- 0052 Radio Netherlands: Images. See T 0752.
- 0100 HCJB (North America): Passport. See M 0135.
- BBC: Outlook. See M 1405. 0101
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 0109 1109.
- 0125 BBC: Financial News See M 2310.
- 0130 BBC: Feature. Programming on various subjects.
- Deutsche Welle: Science and Technology. 0134 See M 0234.
- 0145 BBC: Country Style. David Allan presents
- British country music. 0200 HCJB: Saludos Amigos. Ken MacHarg
- presents an "international friendship" program. 0209 BBC: British Press Review. See S 0209.
- 0209 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0209.
- BBC: Health Matters. See M 1115. 0215
- 0230 BBC: Musical Feature. A program on a musical topic.
- 0230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
- 0234 Deutsche Welle: Insight. See T 1534. 0305
- HCJB: Guidelines for Family Living. See T 0305.

Thomsen presents the George news on Deutsche Welle.

- 0309 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109
- 0315 BBC: The World Today, See M 1645.
- HCJB: Rendezvous. See T 0315. 0315
- BBC: Discovery. An In-depth look at scientific research.
- 0330 HCJB: Psychology for Living. Christian advice on issues of today.
- Deutsche Welle: Science and Technology. See M 0234.
- 0337 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- HCJB: Wonderful Words of Life. Messages 0345 from the Salvation Army.
- 0352 Radio Netherlands: Images. See T 0752. 0405
- HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 0409 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0209
- 0430 BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430.
- 0434 Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434. 0437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: Country Style. See W 0145. 0445
- 0500 HCJB: Passport. See M 0135.
- BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 0509
- 0509 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109
- 0530 BBC: Financial News. See M 2310.
- Deutsche Welle: Science and Technology. See M 0234.
  - BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540.
- 0545 BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. HCJB: Saludos Amigos. See W 0200.
- Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M

- 0209
- BBC: Meridian. The world of the arts, 0630 including music, drama, and books.
- 0630 HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100.
- 0634 Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434.
- 0709 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. BBC: Development '90. Ald and development
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- Radio Netherlands: Mind Your Own Business. 0752 Commerce, business, and finance - especially
- in Holland. HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 1100
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109 1109.
- BBC: Country Style. See W 0145. 1115
- 1130 BBC: Meridian, See W 0630,
- 1130 HCJB: Insight for Living. See M 1130.
- Radio Netherlands: Mind Your Own Business. 1152 See W 0752.
- 1200 HCJB: Sound Words. See M 1200.
- Radio Netherlands: Serious Music. Harry Kliphuis presents new Dutch compact disc recordings.
- BBC: Talk. A short sermonette on various subjects.
- BBC: The Farming World. Issues in agriculture.
- 1230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
- 1245 BBC: Sports Roundup, See S 1330.
- HCJB: Stories of Great Christians. See M 1300 1300
- BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 1309
- HCJB: Our Daily Bread. See M 1315. 1315
- 1330 BBC: Development '90. See W 0730.
- 1330 HCJB: Morning in the Mountains. See M
- 1330
- BBC: Outlook. See M 1405. 1405
- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and 1406 Reports. See S 1406.
- 1425 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S
- BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430 1430
- 1430 HCJB: Through the Bible. See M 1430.
- 1437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: Business Matters. See W 0430. 1445
- 1452 Radio Netherlands: Mind Your Own Business.
- See W 0752. HCJB: Joni and Friends. See M 1500.
- 1505 HCJB: Shalom. See M 1505.
- Radio Netherlands: Serious Music. See W 1506 1206. Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1509
- 1109. BBC: Feature. See M 2315. 1515
- HCJB: Psychiatry and You. See M 1520.

#### news guide cont'd from p.59

- 0700 BRT, Brussels: News [M-F]
- 0700 Christian Science Monitor: News 0700 Radio Australia; World and Australian News 0700 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]
- 0700 Radio Japan: News
- 0700 Radio Moscow: News 0700 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News [A-S]
- 0700 Radio New Zealand Int.: News [A-5]
  0700 Radio Tirana, Albania: News
  0700 Voice of Free China: News and Commentary
  0715 Radio Havana Cuba: Cuban Nat'l News [M-A]
  0730 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F] 0730 Radio Havana Cuba: News [M-A]
- 0730 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 0730 Radio Netherlands: News [M-A]
- 0755 KUSW: News [S] 0800 BBC: World News
- 0800 Christian Science Monitor: News 0800 Radio Australia: International Report 0800 Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-S]
- 0800 Radio Korea: News 0800 Radio Moscow (World Service): News 0800 Voice of Indonesia: News
- 0805 Radio Pyongyang: News 0830 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]

- 0830 Radio Finland; Northern Report [T-S]
  0830 Radio Moscow (World Service); News in Brief
  0830 Radio Netherlands; News [M-A] Swiss Radio Int'l: News
- Radio Berlin Int'l: News 0855 KUSW: News [S] 0855
- Voice of Indonesia: News in Brief BBC: World News BRT, Brussels: News [M-F] 0900
- 0900 0900
- Christian Science Monitor: News Deutsche Welle: World News Radio Australia: World and Australian News
- 0900 Radio Japan: News Radio Moscow (World Service): News Radio New Zealand Int'l: News ngnn 0900
- Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F] Deutsche Welle: African News [M-F] Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 0930
- 0930 0955 KUSW: News [S]
- **BBC: News Summary** 1000 1000 Christian Science Monitor: News Radio Australia: International Report 1000
- 1000 Radio Berlin Int'l: News Radio Moscow (World Service): News 1000 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News 1000 Radio Tanzania: News

- 1000 Swiss Radio Int'l: News 1000
- Voice of America: News Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 1030
- Radio Netherlands: News [M-A] UAE Radio, Dubai: News 1045
- Radio Berlin Int'l: News 1055 KUSW: News (S) 1100 BBC: World News
- Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F] 1100 Deutsche Welle: World News
- 1100 Kol Israel: News 1100 Radio Australia: World and Australian News
- 1100 Radio Beijing: News 1100 Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-F] 1100 Radio Japan: News 1100 Radio Korea: News
- 1100 Radio Moscow (World Service): News 1100 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
- Swiss Radio Int'l: News 1100 1100 Trans World Radio, Bonaire: News [M-F]
- 1100 Voice of America: News 1105 Radio Pakistan: News (Special English)
- 1105 Radio Pyongyang: News 1109 BBC: News About Britain
- 1110 Belize Radio One: News Summary [T-F]

- 1530 BBC: Comedy Show. Comedic programming on various subjects.
- HCJB: Back to the Bible. See M 1530. 1530
- Deutsche Welle: Living in Germany. The 1534 social scene in Germany.
- 1600 HCJB: Focus on the Family. See M 1600.
- 1609 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M
- BBC: Musical Feature. See T 0630.
- Deutsche Welle: Asia-Pacific Report. See M 1634
- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- 1645 BBC: The World Today. See M 1645.
- 1652 Radio Netherlands: Mind Your Own Business. See W 0752.
- Radio Peace & Progress: Music. See S 1425.
- 2305 BBC: Commentary. See M 2305 2310
- BBC: Financial News. See M 2310
- BBC: Good Books. See M 0315. 2315
- BBC: Multitrack 2. Graham Bannerman 2330 presents new pop music records, interviews, news, and competitions.

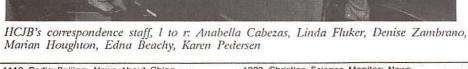
#### Thursday

#### April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th

- 0030 BBC: Comedy Show. See W 1530.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 0037
- HCJB (North America): Our Daily Bread. See 0040 M 1315
- HCJB (North America): Gateway to Joy. See 0045 T 0045
- Radio Netherlands: Mind Your Own Business. 0052 See W 0752
- HCJB (North America): Passport. See M 0135. 0100
- BBC: Outlook. See M 1405. 0101
- Radio Netherlands: Serious Music, See W 0106 1206
- 0109 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.
- BBC: Financial News. See M 2310. 0125
- 0130 BBC: Waveguide. See S 0750.
- 0134 Deutsche Welle: Living in Germany. See W 1534.
- 0140 BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745.
- BBC: Society Today. A weekly look at the

- 0545
  - 0600 HCJB: Ham Radio Today. See H 0200.
  - Deutsche Welle: Morning Mag. See M 0209. 0609 BBC: Talk. See W 1215. 0630

- BBC: The Farming World. See W 1225. BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.
- 0709
- Feeny reads listener letters, mainly on the



- 1110 Radio Beijing: News About China 1120 Belize Radio One: News Summary [A] 1125 Belize Radio One: News Summary [M]
- Christian Science Monitor: News
- 1130 Deutsche Welle: African News [M] 1130 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 1130 Radio Netherlands: News [M-A] 1152 Radio RSA: News in Brief

- 1155 KUSW: News [S] 1200 BBC: News Summary [S]: Newsreel [M-A] 1200 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
- 1200 Radio Australia: International Report
- 1200 Radio Beijing: News 1200 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 1200 Radio Bucharest: News 1200 Radio Canada Int'l: News
- 1200 Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-F] 1200 Radio Moscow (World Service): News 1200 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
- 1200 Radio Polonia: News
- 1200 Swiss Radio Int'l: News
- 1200 Voice of America: News
- 1210 Radio Beijing: News About China 1230 BRT, Brussels: News [M-S]
- 1200 Radio Tashkent: News 1200 Radio Yugoslavia: News

- 1230 Christian Science Monitor; News
- 1230 Radio Berlin Int'l: News 1230 Radio France Int'l: News
- Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief
- 1230 Radio Polonia: News 1230 Trans World Radio, Bonaire: News [M-A] 1300 BBC: World News 1230
- 1300 Belize Radio One: News 1300
- 1300
- Christian Science Monitor: News Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F] Radio Australia: World and Australian News 1300
- 1300 Radio Bucharest: News
- 1300 Radio Canada Int'l: World Report [M-F] 1300 Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-A]
- Radio Moscow (World Service): News 1300
- 1300 Radio RSA: News

- 1300 Radio Tanzania: News [A-S] 1300 Radio Tirana, Albania: News 1300 Trans World Radio, Bonaire: News [S]
- 1300 Voice of America: News
- 1300 WWCR: USA Radio News [M-F] 1305 Radio Pyongyang: News 1315 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 1325 HCJB: News [M-F] 1330 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
- 1330 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief

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- changes in Britain.
- 0200 HCJB: Ham Radio Today, John Beck presents a program about amateur radio.
- 0209 BBC: British Press Review, See S 0209.
- Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0209 0209
- 0215 BBC: Network UK. See T 0215.
- 0230 BBC: Assignment. Examinations of current topical issues.
- 0230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
- Deutsche Welle: Living in Germany. See W 1534
- 0305 HCJB: Guidelines for Family Living. See T 0305.
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M
- BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. 0315
- HCJB: Rendezvous. See T 0315. 0315
- 0330 BBC: Quiz. See M 1215.
- HCJB: Heaven and Home Hour. Christian messages of inspiration.
- 0334 Deutsche Welle: Living in Germany. See W 1534.
- 0337 Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037.
- 0352 Radio Netherlands: Mind Your Own Business. See W 0752.
- 0405 HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100.
- 0406 Radio Netherlands: Serious Music. See W 1206.
- 0409 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0209
- 0430 BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430.
- 0434 Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 0437
- BBC: Andy Kershaw's World of Music. See M 0445 0215
- 0500
- HCJB: Passport. See M 0135. BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M
- 0530 BBC: Financial News. See M 2310. 0534 Deutsche Welle: Living in Germany. See W
- 1534.
- BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540. BBC: The World Today. See M 1645.

- HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 0630
- Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434. 0634
- 0640
- BBC: Write On... . The irrepressible Paddy
  - topic of all those allowing Scottish
  - announcers on the BBC!
- 1330 Radio Tashkent: News 1330 Swiss Radio Int'l: News
- UAE Radio, Dubai: News 1330
- 1330 Voice of America: News (Special English) 1330 Voice of Turkey: News 1345 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- Radio RSA: News in Brief
- 1400 BBC: Summary [A-S]; Five-Minute News [M-F] 1400 Christian Science Monitor; News
- 1400 Radio Australia: International Report
- Radio Beijing: News 1400
- 1400 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 1400 Radio Canada Int'l: News [S] 1400 Radio France International: News
- Radio Japan: News 1400
- 1400 Radio Korea: News 1400 Radio Moscow (World Service): News
- 1400 Radio Peace and Progress: News
- 1400 Radio RSA: News
- 1400 Voice of America: News 1400 WWCR: USA Radio News [M-F]
- 1405 Radio Finland: Northern Report [T-A]
- Radio Pyongyang: News 1405
- 1410 Radio Beijing: News About China 1425 HCJB: News IM-FI
- 1430 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]

April 1990

- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: Network UK. See T 0215.
- Radio Netherlands: Media Network. A weekly survey of communications developments around the globe.
- HCJB: Music in the Night, See S 1100. 1100
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109 1109.
- BBC: New Ideas. See T 0445. 1115
- BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745. 1125
- BBC: Serial. A reading from a book of 1130 interest.
- HCJB: Insight for Living. See M 1130. 1130
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 1137
- Radio Netherlands: Media Network. See H 1152 0752
- 1200 HCJB: Sound Words. See M 1200.
- BBC: Multitrack 2. See W 1830. 1215
- 1230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230.
- 1245 BBC: Sports Roundup. See S 1330.
- 1300 HCJB: Stories of Great Christians. See M 1300.
- 1309 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.
- HCJB: Our Daily Bread. See M 1315. 1315
- BBC: Network UK. See T 0215. 1330
- HCJB: Morning in the Mountains. See M
- 1345 BBC: Folk in Britain or Jazz Scene UK. A look at folk or jazz music on the British Isles.
- BBC: Outlook. See M 1405.
- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and 1406 Reports. See S 1406.
- Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S
- BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430. 1430
- 1430 HCJB: Through the Bible. See M 1430.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 1437
- BBC: Write On... . See H 0730. 1445
- Radio Netherlands: Media Network. See H 1452 0752.
- 1500 HCJB: Jonl and Friends. See M 1500.
- HCJB: Shalom. See M 1505. 1505
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1509 1109.
- BBC: The Pleasure's Yours. Gordon Clyde 1515 presents classical music requests.
- 1520 HCJB: Psychiatry and You. See M 1520.
- HCJB: Back to the Bible. See M 1530. 1530
- Deutsche Welle: Spotlight on Sport. Background stories and coverage of important sporting events.
- 1600 HCJB: Focus on the Family. See M 1600.
- 1609 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.
- BBC: Assignment. See H 0230.
- 1634 Deutsche Welle: Asia-Pacific Report. See M

- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. 1645
- Radio Netherlands: Media Network. See H 1652 0752
- 1655 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425
- 2305 BBC: Commentary. See M 2305.
- BBC: Financial News. See M 2310. 2310
- BBC: Music Review, Classical music events 2315 and developments from around the world.

- 0125 BBC: Financial News. See M 2310.
- BBC: Folk in Britain or Jazz Scene UK. See H 1345.
- Deutsche Welle: Economic Notebook. A look at the economic scene in Germany and around the world.
- BBC: Feature. Programming on various topical subjects.
- HCJB: Musical Mailbag. Listener letters with music requests.
- BBC: British Press Review. See S 0209.
- Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine, See M 0209



Roy Forbes (right) conducts an interview at a tourist fair for the English Service of Deutsche Welle.

#### Friday

1530

1530

1530

1545

1600

#### April 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th

- BBC: Musical Feature. Programming on various musical subjects.
- 0037 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- HCJB (North America): Our Daily Bread. See 0040 M 1315
- HCJB (North America): Gateway to Joy. See 0045 T 0045.
- Radio Netherlands: Media Network. See H 0052 0752.
- 0100 HCJB (North America): Passport. See M 0135.

Deutsche Welle: African News [M-F] Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief

BBC: Outlook. See M 1405.

Radio Prague: News

Radio Korea: News

1530 Radio Tirana, Albania: News

Swiss Radio Int'l: News Radio Berlin Int'l: News

Radio Canada Int'l: News 1552 Radio RSA: News in Brief 1600 BBC: World News

Christian Science Monitor: News

1600 Deutsche Welle: World News 1600 Radio Australia: International Report 1600 Radio France International: News

Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 0109

- 0215 BBC: Seven Seas. A weekly program about ships and the sea.
- BBC: Serial. See H 1130. 0230
- HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230. 0230
- 0234 Deutsche Welle: Spotlight on Sport. See W 1534
- 0305 HCJB: Guidelines for Family Living. See T 0305.
- 0309 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109.
- BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. 0315
- 0315 HCJB: Rendezvous. See T 0315.
- 0330 BBC: Focus on Faith. Comment and discussion on the major issues in the worlds of faith.
- HCJB: Christian Brotherhood Hour. Christian messages of inspiration.
- Deutsche Welle: Economic Notebook. See F 0134.
- Radio Polonia: News 1630
- 1630 UAE Radio, Dubai: News
  - Voice of America(exc Africa): News(Spec Eng)
- 1645 Radio Berlin Int'l: News
- 1655 KUSW: News [M-F] 1700 BBC: World News [S-F]; News Summary [A] 1700 Belize Radio One: News [M-F]
- 1700 Christian Science Monitor; News 1700 Radio Australia: World and Australian News
- Radio Japan: News 1700
- Radio Moscow (World Service): News
- 1700 Voice of America: News 1705 Radio Pyongyang: News 1715 Radio Canada Int'l: News
- 1730 BRT, Brussels: News
- Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F] Radio Bucharest: News 1730
- 1730
- 1730 Radio Moscow (World Service): News In Brief
- 1730 Radio Prague: News 1730 RAE, Buenos Aires: News 1730 Swiss Radio Int'l: News
- KUSW: News [M-A]
- 1800 BBC: Newsdesk 1800 Belize Radio One: Headline News [M-A]
- Christian Science Monitor: News
- 1800 Kol Israel: News

- 1430 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 1430 Radio Netherlands: News [M-A]
- Radio Polonia: News 1430 Radio Prague: News 1445 Radio Berlin Int'l: News 1500 BBC: Newsreel
- 1500 Belize Radio One: News [M-A]
- 1500 Christian Science Monitor: News 1500 Deutsche Welle: World News 1500 Radio Australia: World and Australian News
- 1500 Radio Beijing: News 1500 Radio Bucharest: News 1500 Radio Japan: News
- 1500 Radio Moscow (World Service): News

- 1500 Radio Moscow (World Service): No. 1500 Radio RSA: News 1500 Voice of America: News 1500 WHRI: News [M-A] 1500 WWCR: USA Radio News 1505 Radio Pyongyang: News 1510 Radio Beijing: News About China 1525 HCJB: News [M-F]
- 1526 Radio Veritas Asia: World News [M-A]
- 1530 BRT, Brussels: News [M-S] 1530 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]



ings.



Brent Allred, Director, English Service; producer/host for "DX Partyline" on НСЈВ.

0337 Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037 0352 Radio Netherlands: Media Network, See H. 0405 HCJB: Music in the Night, See S 1100. 0409 Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M 0209 BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430. 0430 0434 Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434. 0437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 0445 BBC: Folk in Britain or Jazz Scene UK. See H 1345. 0500 HCJB: Passport. See M 0135. 0509 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 0509 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109 0530 BBC: Financial News. See T 0125. 0534 Deutsche Welle: Economic Notebook. See F 0134. 0540 BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540. 0545 BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. HCJB: Musical Mailbag. See F 0200. Deutsche Welle: Morning Magazine. See M BBC: Meridian. See W 0630. HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 0634 Deutsche Welle: Africa Report. See M 0434. BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 0709 BBC: Feature. Programming on various subjects, particularly of historical importance. 0730 0737 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.

Radio Netherlands: Rembrandt Express. A

magazine program with a "fresh dimension".

0752

show with interviews with newsmakers, press reviews, monthly guizzes and listener opinion. HCJB: Sound Words. See M 1200. 1200 BBC: Feature. See F 0730. 1215 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230. 1230 1245 BBC: Sports Roundup. See S 1330. 1300 HCJB: Stories of Great Christians. See M 1300. 1309 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 1315 HCJB: Our Daily Bread. See M 1315. BBC: John Peel. See T 0330. HCJB: Morning in the Mountains. See M 1405 BBC: Outlook. See M 1405. Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and 1406 Reports, See S 1406. Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425 1430 BBC: Off the Shelf. See M 0430. 1430 HCJB: Through the Bible. See M 1430. Radio Netherlands: Asiascan, See F 1137. 1437 BBC: Talks. See M 0445. 1445 HCJB: Joni and Friends. See M 1500. 1500 HCJB: Shalom. See M 1505. 1505 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne, See M 1509 1109 1515 BBC: Music Review. See H 2315. 1520 HCJB: Psychiatry and You. See M 1520. 1530 HCJB: Back to the Bible. See M 1530. 1534 Deutsche Welle: Economic Notebook. See F 0134. 1600 HCJB: Focus on the Family. See M 1600. 1609 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109. 1615 BBC: Science in Action. See M 0230. 1634 Deutsche Welle: Asia-Pacific Report. See M 1634. Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406. Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. Radio Netherlands: Airtime Africa. Music, discussion with studio guests, and analysis of the issues that concern both Europe and Africa. 1655 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425 2305 BBC: Commentary. See M 2305. 2310 BBC: Financial News. See M 2310. BBC: Worldbrief, A roundup of the week's 2315

1109

1115

1130

1130

1137

BBC: Feature. See F 0145.

BBC: Meridian. See W 0630.

HCJB: Insight for Living. See M 1130.

Radio Netherlands: Asiascan. A live magazine Saturday April 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th 0030 BBC: From the Weeklies. A review of the weekly British press. 0037 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037. 0040 HCJB (North America): Our Daily Bread. See M 1315. 0045 BBC: Recording of the Week. See M 0545. HCJB (North America): Gateway to Joy. See T 0045 0052 Radio Netherlands: Rembrandt Express. See HCJB (North America): Passport. See M 0135. 0101 BBC: Outlook, See M 1405. 0109 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109 BBC: Financial News. See M 2310. BBC: Feature. Programming on various 0130 subjects. 0134 Deutsche Welle: Random Selection, Larry Wayne takes a look at Germany from the lighter side BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745. BBC: New Ideas. See T 0445. 0145 0150 0200 HCJB: Sounds of Joy. Contemporary Christian music. BBC: British Press Review. See S 0209. 0209 0209 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109. 0215 BBC: Network UK. See T 0215. 0223 Deutsche Welle: Panorama. A review of the major news events of the week. 0230 BBC: People and Politics. Background to the British political scene. 0230 HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230. Deutsche Welle: Economic Notebook. See F 0134. HCJB: Guidelines for Family Living. See T ... 0305. 0309 Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 1109. BBC: The World Today. See M 1645. 0315 HCJB: Rendezvous. See T 0315. BBC: The Vintage Chart Show. Paul Burnett 0330 presents top ten hits from the music charts of vestervear. 0330 HCJB: Unshackled, See S 1600. 1955 KUSW: News [M-A] 2000 BBC: World News 2000 Christian Science Monitor; News 2000 Kol Israel; News

news headlines and human-interest happen-

BBC: Multitrack 3. Sarah Ward surveys the

British contemporary music scene.

2010	BBC. Worldbrief. A foundap of the week's
900	BBC: News Summary
1900	Christian Science Monitor: News
	Deutsche Welle: World News
1900	HCJB: Latin American News [M-F]
1900	Radio Australia: World and Australian News
1900	Radio Canada Int'l: News [M-F]
1900	Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]
1900	Radio Japan: News
1900	Radio Moscow (World Service): News
1900	Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
1900	Radio Portugal: News [M-F]
1900	Radio RSA: News
1900	Radio Tanzania: News
1900	Spanish National Radio: News
1900	Voice of America: News
1900	WWCR: USA Radio Radio News [M-F]
1930	Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
1930	Radio Berlin Int'l: News
1930	Radio Bucharest: News
	Radio Budapest: News
1930	Radio Canada Int'l: News [M-F]
1930	Radio Havana Cuba: Nat'l News [M-T]:

Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief

Newsbreak [W-A]

1950 HCJB: News [M-F]

1935

Radiotelevisione Italiana: News

2000	Radio Jordan: News
2000	Radio Moscow (World Service): News
2000	Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
2000	Radio Polonia: News
2000	Radio RSA: News
2000	Voice of America: News
2000	Voice of Indonesia: News
2005	Radio Pyongyang: News
2015	Radio Berlin Int'l: News
2025	Radio Havana Cuba: Cuban Nat'l News [M-A]
	Radiotelevisione Italiana: News
2030	Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
2030	Radio Havana Cuba: News [M-A]
2030	Radio Korea: News
2030	Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief
2030	Radio Netherlands: News [M-A]
2045	Radio Berlin Int'l: News
2052	Radio RSA: News in Brief
2055	KUSW: News [M-A]

2000 KVOH: UPI News [S]

2000 Radio Australia: International Report

2000 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A]

- 0334 Deutsche Welle: Random Selection, See A 0134
- 0337 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- 0352 Radio Netherlands: Rembrandt Express. See
- 0405 HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 0409 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109.
- Deutsche Welle: Panorama. See A 0223. 0423
- BBC: Here's Humph! All that jazz with 0430 Humphrey Lyttelton.
- Deutsche Welle: Man and Environment. See T 0234
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- 0445 BBC: Personal View. See S 0445.
- 0445 BBC: Worldbrief, See F 2315.
- HCJB: Passport. See M 0135. 0505
- BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 0509
- Deutsche Welle: Newsline Cologne. See M 0509 1109
- 0530 BBC: Financial News. See M 2310.
- 0534 Deutsche Welle: Random Selection. See A 0134
- 0540 BBC: Words of Faith. See S 0540.
- 0545 BBC: The World Today. See M 1645.
- 0600 HCJB: The Christian's Hour. Christian messages of inspiration.
- 0609 Deutsche Welle: Commentary. See S 0109.
- 0623 Deutsche Welle: Panorama. See A 0223.
- 0630 BBC: Meridian. See W 0630.
- 0630 HCJB: Music in the Night. See S 1100. 0634 Deutsche Welle: Man and Environment. See
- T 0234
- 0709 BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509.
- 0730 BBC: From the Weeklies. See F 2315.
- Radio Netherlands: Newsline, See S 0037. 0737

- 0745 BBC: Network UK. See T 0215.
- Radio Netherlands: Over To You. See S
- HCJB: Family Foundations. Details not 1100 available at press time.
- Deutsche Welle: Africa this Week. A review of trends and events on the African continent.
- BBC: Feature. See A 0130. 1115
- BBC: Meridian. See W 0630. 1130
- 1130 HCJB: Sounds of Joy. See A 0200.
- Deutsche Welle: Mailbag Africa. Listeners' 1134 questions, music requests, and the club
- 1137 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- Radio Netherlands: Over to You. See S 0052. 1152
- 1200 HCJB: Radio Reading Room. See S 0400.
- BBC: Multitrack 3. See F 2330. 1215
- HCJB: Happiness Is. See S 0230. 1230
- BBC: Sports Roundup. See S 1330. 1245
- HCJB: Adventures in Odyssey. Lively childrens' dramas from the 'Focus on the Family' team.
- BBC: Twenty-Four Hours. See S 0509. 1309
- 1330 BBC: Network UK. See T 0215.
- 1330 HCJB: Visit with Mrs. G. Mrs. G. presents Bible stories for children.
- 1345 HCJB: Adventure Club. A weekly adventure program on Christianity for children.
- 1400 HCJB: Children's Bible Hour. Songs and stories for children.
- 1401 BBC: The Ken Bruce Show. See S 0230.
- Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425

Radio Netherlands OSL from John Spencer Carson of Oklahoma

#### SUGGESTIONS? SOMETHING MISSING?

Let us know your corrections, additions, and suggestions of what you'd like to see to Program Manager Kannon Shanmugam at 4412 Turnberry Circle, Lawrence, Kansas 66047.

- 1430 BBC: Sportsworld. Saturday sports, including a preview of English and Scottish soccer matches.
- 1430 HCJB: We Kids. A fast-moving program for children.
- 1437 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- Radio Netherlands: Over to You. See S 0052. HCJB: Critter County. Christian Wyrtzen and
- her friendly critters present a children's program. (Yes, folks, it's no joke.)
- 1509 Deutsche Welle: Africa Highlight. A weekly feature on an Important topic concerning Africa.
- 1513 Deutsche Welle: Development Forum, Reports and interviews on projects and progress in Africa and Asia.
- BBC: Sportsworld. Saturday sports, including direct reports from more than a dozen key soccer contests.
- 1515 HCJB: The Word Today. A discussion of Biblical themes.
- HCJB: Moody Presents. Christian messages from the Moody Bible Institute.
- 1534 Deutsche Welle: Science and Technology. See M 0234.
- 1600 HCJB: Radio Reading Room. See S 0400.
- 1609 Deutsche Welle: International Talking Point. See S 0419. BBC: Sportsworld. Live commentary on an
- English or Scottish soccer match. Deutsche Welle: Development Forum. See A
- Deutsche Welle: Religion and Society. See S
- 1509. 1636 Radio Peace and Progress: Commentary and Reports. See S 1406.
- 1637 Radio Netherlands: Newsline. See S 0037.
- Radio Netherlands: Over to You. See S 0052. 1652
- 1655 Radio Peace and Progress: Music. See S 1425
- 2305 BBC: Words of Faith, See S 0540.
- BBC: Book Choice. See S 0745. 2310

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- 2055 Voice of Indonesia: News in Brief
- 2100 BBC: News Summary
- 2100 Belize Radio One: News [M-F]
- 2100 BRT, Brussels: News 2100 Christian Science Monitor: News 2100 Deutsche Welle: World News
- 2100 KVOH: UPI Radio News
- 2100 Radio Australia: World and Australian News
- 2100 Radio Bucharest: News
- 2100 Radio Finland: Northern Report [M-F]
- 2100 Radio Japan: News
- 2100 Radio Moscow (World Service): News 2100 Radio New Zealand Int'l: News
- 2100 Radio Peace and Progress: News 2100 Radio Yugoslavia: News 2100 Spanish National Radio: News
- 2100 Swiss Radio Int'l: News
- 2100 Voice of America: News Voice of Turkey: News
- 2100 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
- 2130 KVOH: UPI Headline News
- 2130 Radio Budapest: News Radio Canada Int'l: News
- 2130 Radio Moscow (World Service): News In Brief

- 2130 Swiss Radio Int'l: News 2155 KUSW: News [M-F]
- 2200 BBC: Newshour
- 2200 Christian Science Monitor: News
- KVOH: UPI Radio News 2200 Radio Australia: International Report 2200

- 2200 Radio Australia: International Report 2200 Radio Berlin Int'l: News 2200 Radio Canada Int'l (Asia): News 2200 Radio Canada Int'l (Western Europe): News [A-S]; The World at Six [M-F] 2200 Radio Havana Cuba: Int'l News [M-A] 2200 Radio Hevisione (World Service): News 2200 Radiotelevisione Italiana: News

- RAE, Buenos Aires: News
- 2200
- Voice of America: News Voice of Free China: News and Commentary 2200
- Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
- 2230
- 2230
- KOI Israel: News KVOH: UPI Headline News Radio Havana Cuba: Cuban Nat'l News [M-A] 2230
- Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief
- 2230 Radio Polonia: News 2230 Radio Tirana, Albania: News
- Voice of America: News (Special English)
- Radio Jamahirya, Libya: News Headlines 2245 Radio Berlin Int'l: News

- - 2255 KUSW: News [M-A] 2300 BBC: World [A-S]; Five-Minute News [M-F] 2300 Belize Radio One: News [M-F] 2300 Christian Science Monitor: News

  - KVOH: UPI Radio News 2300 Radio Australia: World and Australian News
  - Radio Canada Int'l: News Radio for Peace Int'l: News [F] 2300
  - 2300
  - Radio Japan: News 2300
  - 2300 Radio Moscow: News
  - 2300
  - Voice of America: News Voice of Turkey: News Radio Polonia: News 2300
  - 2305 Radio Pyongyang: News 2305
  - 2330 BRT, Brussels: News 2330 Christian Science Monitor: News [M-F]
  - KVOH: UPI Headline News
  - 2330 Radio for Peace Int'l: News [M]
  - 2330
  - Radio Jamahiriya, Libya: News Radio Kiev: News 2330
  - 2330 Radio Korea: News 2330 Radio Moscow (World Service): News in Brief 2330 Radio Tirana, Albania: News 2335 Voice of Greece: News [S]

  - 2355 KUSW; News [M-A] 2355 WRNO: ABC News [F]

#### MT Monitoring Team

#### Greg Jordan, Frequency Manager

7009 Brandemere Lane, #1 Winston-Salem NC 27106-2846

Richard A. Keen Colorado

Colin Miller Ontario, Canada

Larry Miller Pennsylvania

## frequency

0000-0100	FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines	15480			
0000-0100	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	15580			
0000-0100 T-A	KVOH, Rancho Simi, California	17775			
0000-0100	Radio Australia, Melbourne	15160	15240	15320	
		17750	17795	21740	
0000-0100	Radio Beijing, Beijing, China	15130	17715	17855	
0000-0100	Radio Havana Cuba	11820			
0000-0100	Radio Luxembourg, Junglinster	6090			
0000-0100	Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga	5030V	1		
0000-0100	Spanish National Radio, Madrid	9630	11880		
0000-0100	Voice of America-Americas Service	5995	9775	9815	11580
		11740	15205		
0000-0100	Voice of America-Caribbean Service	6130	9455	11695	
0000-0100	Voice of America-East Asia Service	7120	9770	11760	15185
	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	15290	17735	17820	
0000-0100	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	7315	9495		
0000-0100	WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvania	15145			
0000-0100	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	7355			
0000-0100	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	15690			
0000-0100	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida	5985	9505	15440	
0004-0015 S	Radio Nacional, Venezuela	5020	9540	11695	11850
0030-0045	BBC English by Radio, London, English	6195	7145	11945	15280
	CHARLES STATE OF THE STATE OF T	17875			
0030-0100	BBC World Service, London, England	d 5965	5975	6005	6175
		7325	9580	9590	9915
		11750	11955	15260	15360
0030-0100	Radio Moscow North American Serv	6000	6045	7115	7150
		7310	9685	12050	17700
0030-0035	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	6055	13715		
0030-0100	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador (alt. prog.)	15230			
0030-0100	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	6020	6165	15315	
0000-0100	Radio for Peace Int'l, Costa Rica	7375	(+136	60 2156	66 T-A
0035-0100	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	9745	11775	15155	
0050-0100	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	6150	9605	11780	

0100-0105	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	6150	9605	11780
0100-0115	All India Radio, New Delhi	9535	9910	
Section Williams		11715	11745	15110
0100-0125	RAI, Rome, Italy	9575	11800	
0100-0125	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	6020	6165	15315
0100-0130	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can	9625	(ML)	
0100-0130	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador (alt. prog.)	15230		

#### 0000 UTC [8:00 PM EDT/5:00 PM PDT]

0000-0030	M Radio Norway International, Oslo 15165	
0000-0030	BBC World Service, London, England 5965 5975 6005 617	75
	6195 7145 7325 958	30
	9590 9915 11750 1194	45
	11955 15260 15360 178	75
	17830	
0000-0050	Radio Pyongyang, North Korea 15115 15160	
0000-0055	Radio Beijing, China 9665 9770 11715	
0000-0100	SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4940	
0000-0100	Radio New Zealand, Wellington 17705 17680a 15485A	
0000-0100	Adventist World Radio, Costa Rica 9725 11870	
0000-0030	Kol Israel, Jerusalem 9435 11605 15640	
0000-0030	Radio Berlin International, GDR 13690 11890 6080	
0000-0030	Radio Moscow North American Serv 6000 6045 7115 715	50
	7310 9685 12050 1770	00
0000-0045	Radio Yugoslavia, Belgrade 6005 5980 11735	
0000-0100	Radio Moscow World Service 7135 17570 17655 1782	25
	17890 21635 21690 2179	90
0000-0100	Adventist World Radio-Asia, Guam 15125 15225	
0000-0100	All India Radio, New Delhi 9535 9910	
	11715 11745 15110	
0000-0100	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can 9625 (ML)	
0000-0100	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Can 6160	
0000-0100	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia 6160	
0000-0100	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada 6005	
0000-0100	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada 6030	
0000-0100	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada 6130	
0000-0100	Christian Science World Svc, Boston 7400 9850 13760	
0000-0100	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia 6080	
0000-0100	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada 6070	

#### LEGEND

- The first four digits of an entry are the broadcast start time in UTC. The second four digits represent the end time.
- In the space between the end time and the station name is the broadcast schedule.

S = Sunday M = Monday T=Tuesday W = Wednesday H=Thursday F=Friday A = Saturday

If there is no entry, the broadcasts are heard daily. If, for example, there is an entry of "M," the broadcast would be heard only on Mondays. An entry of "M,W,F" would mean Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays only. "M-F" would mean Mondays through Fridays. "TEN" indicates a tentative schedule and "TES" a test transmission.

The last entry on a line is the frequency. Several codes may be found after a frequency as follows:

- SSB indicates Single Sideband transmission.
- v after a frequency indicates that it varies
- Notations of USB and LSB (upper and lower sideband transmissions) usually refer only to the individual frequency after which they appear.
- [ML] after a frequency indicates a multi-lingual transmission containing English-language programs. All other frequencies may be assumed to be English language programs directed to various parts of the world.
- Listings followed by an asterisk (\*) are for English lessons and do not contain regularly scheduled programming.

We suggest that you begin with the lower frequencies that a station is broadcasting on and work your way up the dial. Remember that there is no guarantee that a station will be audible on any given day. Reception conditions can change rapidly, though, and if it is not audible one night, it may well be on another.

#### HOW TO USE THE PROPAGATION CHARTS

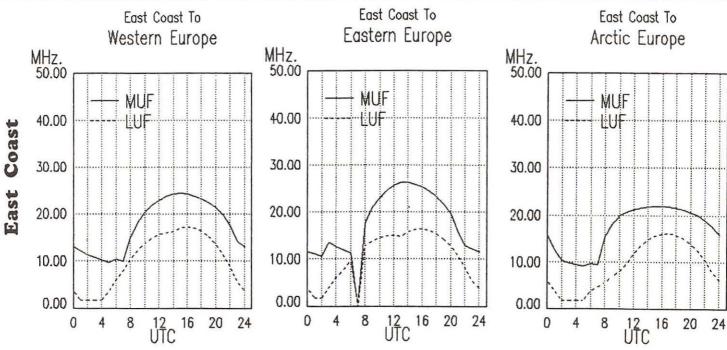
Propagation charts can be an invaluable aid to the DXer in determining which frequencies are likely to be open at a given time. To use the propagation charts, choose those for your location (they are divided into east coast, midwest and west coast of North America). Then look for the one most closely describing the geographic location of the station you want to hear.

Once you've located the correct charts, look along the horizontal axis of the graph for the time that you are listening. The top line of the graph shows the Maximum Useable Frequency [MUF] and the lower line the Lowest Useable Frequency [LUF] as indicated on the vertical axis of the graph.

While there are exceptions to every rule (especially those regarding shortwave listening), you should find the charts helpful in determining the best times to listen for particular regions of the world. Good luck!

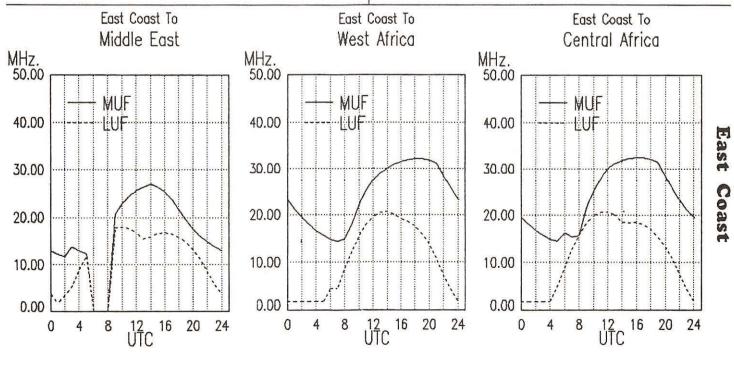
# frequency

0100-0130										
	Lao National Radio, Vientiane	7116v			0100-0200		630 1			
0100-0130	Radio Sweden, Stockholm	7225 9640			0100-0200			9775	9815	11580
0100-0125	Kol Israel, Jerusalem	9435 11605			NAME OF THE PARTY		740 1	C-0000127 47 L		
0100-0130	Radio Budapest, Hungary	6110 9520	9835	11910	0100-0200		130		240-000-00	
		15160			0100-0200		115		9740	11705
0100-0145	Radio Berlin International, GDR	13690 11890	6080				250 2			
0100-0200	Radio Moscow North American Serv			9685	0100-0200		755 1			
0100-0200	Radio Moscow World Service	7135 7370	17570	17590	0100-0200		315	9495		
0130-0200	Radio Budapest, Hungary	6110 9520	9835	11910	0100-0200	WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvania 15	145			
		15160			0100-0200	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana 7:	355			
0145-0200	Radio Berlin International, GDR	6080 11785	11890	15125	0100-0200	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee 15	690			
0100-0145	BBC World Service, London, Englar	nd 5965 5975	6005	6175	0100-0200	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida 5	985	9505	9680	15440
		7135 7325	9580	9590	0130-0140	M-A Voice of Greece, Athens 7			9420	
		9915 11750	11955	15260	0130-0200	Radio Austria International, Vienna 9	870	9875	13730	
		15360 21715	i.		0145-0200	BBC Alternative Programming, London 5	965	9580	11955	15380
0100-0150	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West German	y 6040 6145	9565		0145-0200	BBC World Service, London, England 5	975	6005	6175	7135
		9735 11865				7	325	9590	9915	11750
0100-0157	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	5930 7345	9540	11680		15	260 1	5360	21715	
		11990 13715			0155-0200	Vatican Radio, Vatican City 7	125	9645	11750	
0100-0200	M-F BBC (For China, Mongolia, Japan)	15280 21715								
	S,M Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	13720 11940	11845	9755			Seem -			- 00
	The American Committee Com	9535			0200 L	JTC [10:00 PM EDT/7:00 PM PD	T			
0100-0200	Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17705 17680	a 1548	5a						
0100-0200	SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka	4940								
0100-0200	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Ca	n 6160			0200-0215	Vatican Radio, Vatican City 7	125	9645	11750	
0100-0200		A PART OF THE PART								
	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			0200-0220	Radio Veritas-Asia, Philippines 15	220 1	5360		
0100-0200		6160 6005			0200-0220				15380	
0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada					BBC Alternative Programming, London 9			15380	
	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6005 6030			0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming, London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4	580 1 940		15380 6050	6110
0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005 6030 a 6130	13760		0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming,London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5	580 1 940 975	1955 6005		
0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850	13760		0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming,London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5 6	580 1 940 975 175	1955 6005 7135	6050	9590
0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotlia, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850 6080	13760		0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming,London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5 6	580 1 940 975 175 915 1	1955 6005 7135 1750	6050 7325	9590
0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotla, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850 6080 6070	13760		0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming,London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5 6 9	580 1 940 975 175 915 1	1955 6005 7135 1750	6050 7325 12095	9590
0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotla, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850 6080 6070 15480			0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming, London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5 6 9 M-F FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines 15	580 1 940 975 175 915 1 360 1	1955 6005 7135 1750	6050 7325 12095 21715	9590
0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotla, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850 6080 6070 15480 9745 11775			0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming, London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5 6 9 M-F FEBC Radio Int'I, Philippines 15 Voice of Ameerica 5	580 1 940 975 175 915 1 360 1 480 995	6005 7135 1750 15390	6050 7325 12095 21715	9590 15260
0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotlia, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines HCJB, Quito, Ecuador KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850 6080 6070 15480 9745 11775			0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230	BBC Alternative Programming, London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5 9 15 M-F FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines 15 Voice of Ameerica 5	580 1 940 975 175 915 1 360 1 480 995	1955 6005 7135 1750 15390 9775	6050 7325 12095 21715 9815	9590 15260 11580
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0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200 0100-0200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotla, Canad Christian Science World Svc, Bosto CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines HCJB, Quito, Ecuador KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah T-A KVOH, Rancho Simi, California T-A RAE, Buenos Aires, Argentina	6005 6030 a 6130 n 7400 9850 6080 6070 15480 9745 11775 15580 17775 (ML) 9690 11710 17630 21525 15395 17715	15155 i 15240		0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0230 0200-0250	BBC Alternative Programming, London 9 SLBC Domestic Service, Sri Lanka 4 BBC World Service, London, England 5  9  M-F FEBC Radio Int'I, Philippines 15 Voice of Ameerica 5 Swiss Radio International, Berne 6 Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germany 6	580 1 940 975 175 915 1 360 1 480 995 205 095 035 1 035 965 1	1955 6005 7135 1750 15390 9775 6135 17730 7285	6050 7325 12095 21715 9815 9725	9590 15260 11580 9885
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0200-0300	Radio Moscow N. American Service	6000	6045	7115	7150
	Alberta Maratan Maria Editoria and Decomposition	7310	9685	17700	12050
0200-0300	Radio Moscow World Service	7135	13715	17570	21690
0230-0300	Radio Berlin International, GDR	9730	13610	15240	
0200-0225	Kol Israel, Jerusalem	9435	11605	15640	
0200-0300	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can	9625	(ML)		
0200-0300	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Can	6160	20 1220		
0200-0300	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			
0200-0300	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005			
0200-0300	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030			
0200-0300	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada				
0200-0300	Christian Science World Svc, Boston		9850	13760	
0200-0300	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080			
0200-0300	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			
0200-0300	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	CARTON SCHOOL STATE	11775	15155	
0200-0300	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	15580	15010	17715	17750
0200-0300	Radio Australia, Melbourne		15240 21740		
		15320		15395	21525
0200 0200 T A	Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	9535		11845	11040
0200-0300 1-2	Radio Canada IIII i, Montreal	13720	1500 CE CE	11043	11940
0200-0300	Radio Bucharest, Romania	5990		9570	11830
0200-0000	nado Bacharest, nomania		6155		11000
0200-0300	Radio Cairo, Egypt	9475			
0200-0300	Radio Havana Cuba		11820		
0200-0300	Radio Luxembourg, Junglinster	6090			
0200-0300	Radio RSA, Johannesburg	100	11935	9580	9615
0200-0300	Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga	5030		3,00,70,00,00	
0200-0300	RAE, Buenos Aires, Argentina	9690	11710		
0200-0300	Voice of America-South Asia Service	7115	7205	9740	11705
		15250	21525		
0211-0230 IRF	R Voice of the Democratic Alliance of	Burma			
	(clandestine: Thai/Burmese border)	7137	V		
0200-0300	Voice of Free China, Taiwan	5950	12.00		11740
Card Manager engineering water	COLOROWOOD ANNOUNCES AND ANNOUNCES AND ANNUAL STREET	Control of the last of the	15345		
0200-0300	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	7315			
0200-0300	WRNO Worldwide, Louislana	7355			
0200-0300	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	7520			
0200-0300	WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvania	15145			
0200-0300	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida	5985		15440	
0215-0225	Radio Nepal, Katmandu	5005		(alt. 3	•
0230-0300	BBC World Service, London, England			NEWS TAR	6175 11750
		7135	7325 12095		and the second second
		21715		15260	15300
	Andrew Control	21/15			

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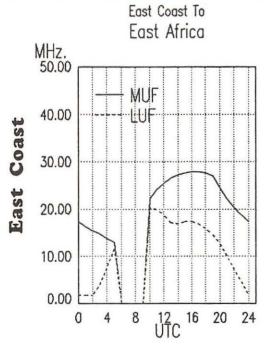


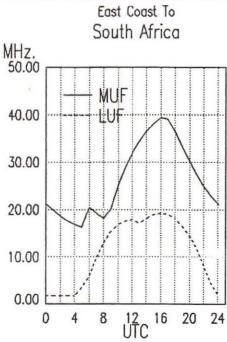
## frequency

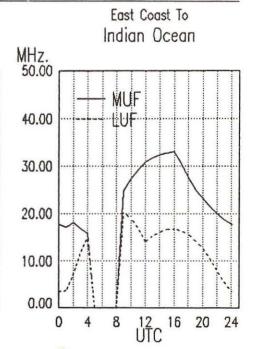
Radio	Portugal,	Lisbon		9600	9680	9705	11840
Radio	Sweden,	Stockholm		9695	11705		
Radio	Tirana, A	Jbania		9760			
Voice	of Eelam	(clandestine	: T	amil rebels			
		in	Sri	Lanka)7000			
Radio	Yerevan,	Armenia		7400	9765	15180	17690
				17665			
	Radio Radio Voice	Radio Sweden, Radio Tirana, A Voice of Eelam		Radio Sweden, Stockholm Radio Tirana, Albania Voice of Eelam (clandestine: T in Sri	Radio Sweden, Stockholm 9695 Radio Tirana, Albania 9760 Voice of Eelam (clandestine: Tamil rebels in Sri Lanka)7000 Radio Yerevan, Armenia 7400	Radio Sweden, Stockholm 9695 11705 Radio Tirana, Albania 9760 Voice of Eelam (clandestine: Tamil rebels in Sri Lanka)7000 Radio Yerevan, Armenia 7400 9765	Radio Sweden, Stockholm 9695 11705 Radio Tirana, Albania 9760 Voice of Eelam (clandestine: Tamil rebets in Sri Lanka)7000 Radio Yerevan, Armenia 7400 9765 15180

0300 UT	C [11:00 PM EDT/8:00 PM PDT]			
0300-0315	BBC English by Radio, London 11730	11740	15420	
0300-0315	BBC World Service, London, England 3255	5975	6005	6050
	6175	6190	6195	7135
	7325	9410	9600	9670
	9915	11750	11760	11845
	11955	12095	15220	15260
	15310	15420	17705	21715
0300-0330	Radio Cairo, Egypt 9475	9675		
0300-0330	Radio Japan, Tokyo 9645	17825	15325	
	17665			
0315-0330	Radio for Peace Int'l, Costa Rica 7375	USB		
0300-0350	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germany 6085	6120	9545	9605
0300-0355	Radio Beijing, China 9690	9770	11715	17855
0300-0357	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia 5930	7345	9540	11680
	11990	13715		
0300-0400	CBC, Northern Quebec Service, Can 9625	(ML)		
0300-0330	Radio Moscow North American Serv 9825	9895	11790	12050
0300-0345	Radio Berlin International, GDR 11785	15125		
0300-0400	Radio Moscow World Service 6000	7150	7310	21690
0300-0400		15310	11720	11765
	11735			
0300-0400	Voice of Turkey, Ankara 9445	17880		
0330-0400	Radio Moscow North American Serv 12050	11790	7230	9895
0345-0400	Radio Berlin International, GDR 11785	13690	15125	
0300-0400	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Can 6160			
0300-0400	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia 6160			
0300-0400	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada 6005			
0300-0400	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada 6030			
0300-0400	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada 6130			
0300-0400	Christian Science World Svc. Boston 9455		13760	
0300-0400	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia 6080			
0300-0400	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada 6070			
0300-0400	Faro del Caribe, San Jose, Costa Rica 5055			
0300-0400		15155		

0300-0400	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	9815			
0300-0400	Radio 5, Johannesburg, South Afr	rica 4880			
0300-0400	Radio Australia, Melbourne		15395	15240	15320
		17715	17750	17795	21740
		21525			100000000000000000000000000000000000000
0300-0400	Radio Cultural, Guatemala	3300			
0300-0400	Radio Havana Cuba	9710	11820		
0300-0400	Radio Japan, Tokyo	5960	11870	17810	
0300-0400	Radio Oranje, South Africa	3215			
0300-0400	RAE, Buenos Aires, Argentina	11710	9690		
0300-0400	Trans World Radio, Bonaire	9535	11930		
0300-0400	Voice of America-Africa Service	6035	7280	9525	9575
		11835			
0300-0400	Voice of Free China, Taiwan	5950	7445	9680	9765
		11745	15345		
0300-0400	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	7315	9495		
0300-0400	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	7355			
0300-0400	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	7520			
0300-0400	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida	6065	9505	15566	
0310-0325	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	11725			
0310-0327	Red Cross Boasting, Switzerland	6135	9725	9885	12035
	Tuesday and Friday after last Sur	nday of th	e mon	th.	
0315-0330	BBC World Service, London, Engl				6050
		6175	6190	6195	7135
		7325	9410	9600	9670
		9915	11750	11760	11845
		11955	12095	15220	15260
	¥	15310	17705		
0315-0345	Radio France International, Paris	3965	6045	7135	7175
		7280	9550	9745	9790
		9800	11705	11995	
0330-0400	BBC Alternative Programming, Lond	don 3255	6005	6190	9600
	Section 201 Section 2010 Sectio	11730	11845	15420	
0330-0400	BBC World Service, London, Eng.	land 5975	6175	6195	9410
	A Section 11	9670	9915	11760	11955
		12095	15310		
0330-0400	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	9590	11720		
0330-0400	Radio Tirana, Albania	9760			
0330-0400	United Arab Emirate Radio, Duba	1 11940	15400	15435	17890
0330-0340	All India Radio, New Delhi	3905	4860	9610	11830
		11870	11890	15305	
0340-0350	M-A Voice of Greece, Athens	7430	9395	9420	
0350-0400	RAI, Rome, Italy	11905	15330	17795	
		17690	17665		





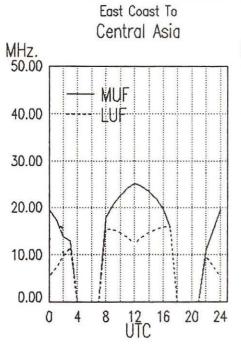


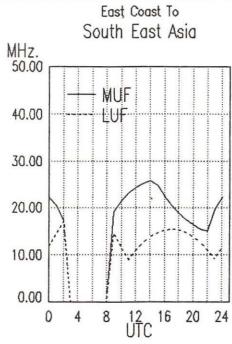
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0400 01	C [12:00 AM EDT/9:00 PM F	2.1	1 100	23	120/102
0400-0410 N	I-F Radio Zambia, Lusaka	4910			
0400-0410	RAI, Rome, Italy	11905	15330	17795	
0400-0415	Kol Israel, Jerusalem	9435	11605	11655	15640
0400-0425	Radio Cultural, Guatemala	3300			
0400-0425	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	9590	11720		
0400-0430	BBC World Service, London, England	3255	3955	5975	6005
		6175	6180	6190	6195
		7105	9410	9600	9610
		9670	9915	11760	11955
		12095	15070	15245	15280
		15310	15420	17885	21715
0400-0430	Radio Bucharest, Romania		9510		
	The second control of	11940	2000000		
0400-0430	Swiss Radio International, Berne	6135		9885	12035
0400-0430	Radio Moscow North American Serv				
0400-0430		11930		10100	5050
0400-0430		010000000000000000000000000000000000000	13690	15125	
0400-0500	[1889년 1882년 1971년 1월 1882년 1982년 - 1982년 1882년 1982년 19		21790		17600
0400-0500	Hadio Moscow World Service	7150	100 to 10		
0400-0430	Voice of America-Africa Service	6035		9525	
0400-0430		11835		3323	33/3
0400-0450	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germany			0765	9565
0400-0450			13790	9/05	9505
0400-0450			15180	17765	
0400-0455		11695	13100	17705	
0400-0433	CBC, Northern Quebec Service	9625	(NAL)		
0400-0500	Radio for Peace Int., Costa Rica	7375			
0400-0500	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Can		USB		
0400-0500	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			
0400-0500					
0400-0500	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6005			
		6030			
0400-0500	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada		0010	10700	47700
0400-0500	Christian Science World Svc, Boston		9840	13760	17780
0400-0500	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080			
0400-0500	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			
0400-0500			15155		
0400-0500	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	9815			
0400-0500	Radio 5, Johannesburg, South Africa				
0400-0500			21740		
			17715		17750
0400-0500			11840		
0400-0500	Radio Havana Cuba	5965	9710	11760	11820

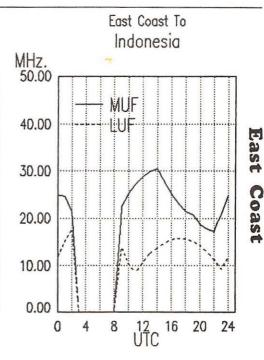
0400-0500 Radio Oranje, South Africa	3215			
0400-0500 M-AWMLK Bethel, Pennsylvania	9465			
0400-0500 Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga	5030v			
0400-0500 Voice of America-Middle East Serv	3980	5995	6040	6140
The companies of the control of the	7170	7200	11785	15205
0400-0500 TP Voice of Hope via KFBS, Guam	15225			1000000
0400-0500 Radio Canada International	15275			
0400-0500 WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	7315	9495		
0400-0500 WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185			
0400-0500 WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	7520			
0400-0500 WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida	6065	9505		
0425-0440 RAI, Rome, Italy	5990	7275		
0430-0455 Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	9815	13700		
0430-0500 Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17705	17680	a 1548	5a
0430-0500 Radio Moscow North American Ser	v 15180	11790	11770	9895
0430-0500 BBC Alternative Programming, London	n 6005	6190	9600	11940
	15400	15420		
0430-0500 BBC World Service, London, Engla	nd 3955	5975	6180	6195
Control of the Contro	9410	9915	12095	15070
	15245	15280	15310	21715
0430-0500 Radio for Peace, Costa Rica	7375	13660		
0430-0500 Radio Tirana, Albania	9480	11835		
0430-0500 Voice of America-Africa Service	6035	7280	9525	9575
0455-0500 Voice of Nigeria, Lagos	7255			
0500 UTC [1:00 AM EDT/10:00 PM	DDTI	. Supple		
0500 UTC [1:00 AM EDT/10:00 PM	FUI			
0500-0505 Radio Oranje, South Africa	3215			
Control of the Contro	17630			
0500-0515 M-F Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	6050	6150	7295	9750
	11775	17840		3.33
0500-0515 Vatican Radio, Vatican City	15190			
0500-0520 Radio 5, Johannesburg, South Africa				
0500-0600 Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
0500-0530 Voice of America-Middle East Serv	5995	6060	6140	7170
	7200	9670	9700	9740
	11925			
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		

BBC World Service, London, England 3955 5975





0500-0545



6005

7120

9600 11760 11940 12095 15070 15245 15280 15310 15400

6190

6195

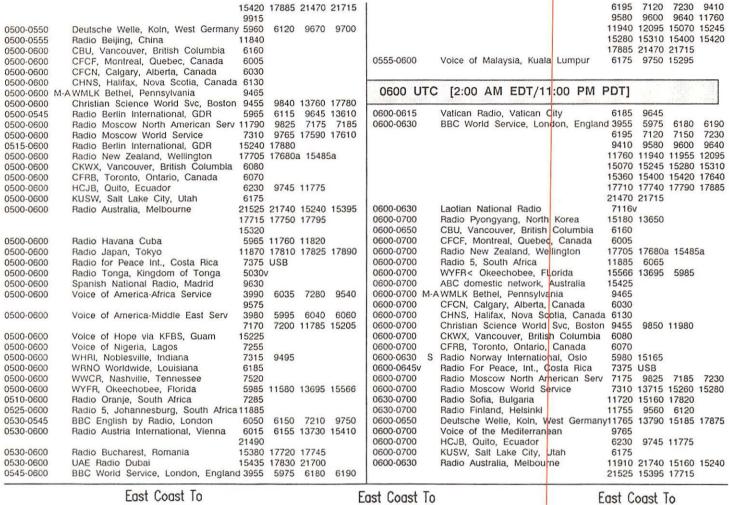
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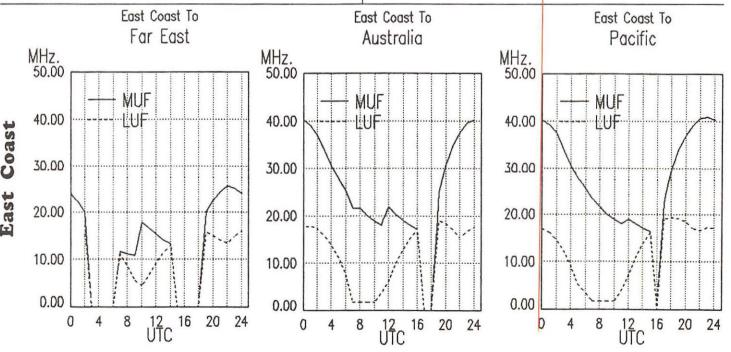
6180

7230

9640

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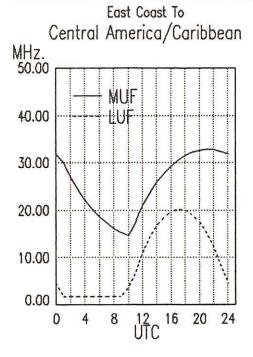


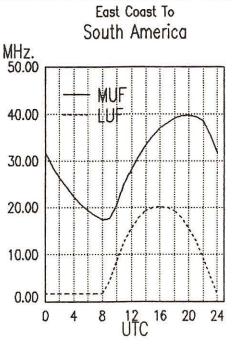


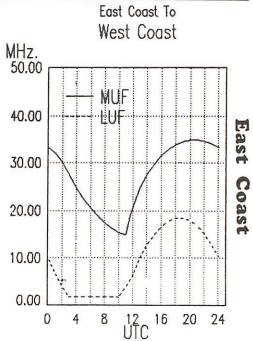
0000 0700						
0600-0700		Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
0600-0700 0600-0700		Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga Voice of America-Africa Service	5030v		0000	CADE
0600-0700		voice of America-Africa Service	3990	6035	6080	6125
			7280	9530	9540	9575
0600-0700		Voice of America-Middle East Serv	11915 3980	5965	5995	6060
0000-0700		voice of Afferica-Middle East Serv	6095	6140	7170	7200
			7325	Sec. 1000000	11785	
			11925	- 0	11700	11003
0600-0700		Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280	13133		
0600-0700	TP	Voice of Hope via KFBS, Guam	15225			
0600-0700	-	Voice of Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur	6175	9750	15295	
0600-0700	9	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185	3730	13233	
0615-0630	J	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	15190	17730		
0630-0700		Radio Australia, Melbourne		21525	17715	15395
0000 0100		riadio riaditalia, melbodilie	15240		17113	10000
0630-0700		BBC Alternative Programming, London	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		15400	17740
0630-0700		BBC World Service, London, Englan		5975	6180	6190
			6195	7120	7150	7230
			9410	9580	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	11760
			11955	12095	15070	15245
			15280	15310	15360	15420
			17640	17710	17885	17790
			21470	21715		
0630-0700		Radio Polonia, Warsaw, Poland	6135	7270	15120	9675
0630-0700		Swiss Radio International, Berne	12030	15430	17570	21520
0645-0700		BBC English by Radio, London	5875	7260	11945	
0645-0700	A	Radio for Peace Int., Costa Rica	7375	USB		
0645-0700		GBC Radio, Accra, Ghana	6130			
0645-0700		HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	9610	11835	(alt 60	50)
0645-0700		Radio Bucharest, Romania	21550	11940	15335	17720
			17805	15250		
			9760	11840		

0700 UT	C [3:00 AM EDT/12:00 AM	PDT			
0700-0715	Radio Bucharest, Romania	21550	11940	15335	17720
		17805	15250		
0700-0725	BRT Brussels, Belgium	21815	11695	6035	
0700-0730	BBC World Service, London, England	3955	5975	6180	6190
	War and the second	6195	7120	7150	7230
		7325	9410	9580	9600
		9640	11760	11940	11955
		12095	15070	15245	15280

		15360		
		17740		17790
		21660	21715	
0700-0800 A Radio for Peace Int'l, Costa Rica	7375			
0700-0750 Radio Pyongyang, North Korea		11335		
0700-0800 Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280			
0700-0800 CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			
0700-0800 CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005			
0700-0800 CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030			
0700-0800 CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada	a 6130			
0700-0800 Christian Science World Svc, Boston	9455	9840	11980	
0730-0800 Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17705	176808	15485	ā
0700-0800 Radio Moscow World Service	7310	12055	17655	21690
0700-0800 CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080			
0700-0800 CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			
0700-0800 GBC Radio, Accra, Ghana	6130			
0700-0800 HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	9610	11835	(alt. 6	3050)
0700-0800 KNLS, Anchor Point, Alaska	9785	2 1102.20	20020000	N. in Section 18
0700-0800 KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	6135			
0700-0730 Radio Australia, Melbourne	21740	9655	21525	15160
		17715		
0700-0800 Radio Japan, Tokyo		17765		17890
The state of the s	21690			
0700-0800 Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
0700-0800 Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga	5030	,		
0700-0800 Voice of Free China, Taiwan	6130	9745	11925	
0700-0800 TP Voice of Hope via KFBS, Guam	15225			
0700-0800 Voice of Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur	6175	9750	15295	
0700-0800 S WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185			
0710-0800 HCJB, Quito, Ecuador (S. Pacific St	v.) 6130	9745	11925	
0715-0730 BBC English by Radio, London	11860	15105		
0715-0730 Vatican Radio, Vatican City	15190	17730		
0715-0800 S FEBA, Mahe, Seychelles	15275	17820		
0730-0745 BBC English by Radio, London	3975	6010	7210	9825
0730-0800 ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310	(ML)		
0730-0800 Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia		17840	11685	
0730-0733 Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9505	7345		
0730-0800 ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485			
0730-0800 ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325	(ML)		
0730-0800 Radio Australia, Melbourne		17715	15395	15160
POSSENCE CONTRACTOR (INCIDENCE OF CONTRACTOR	9655	exception and the second		
0730-0800 BBC Alternative Prgramming, London		11860	15105	
0730-0800 BBC World Service, London, England		6190	7150	7325
	9410		11760	
		12095		
	St. Williams	2000 E	NEWSFIELDS	PERSONAL PROPERTY.





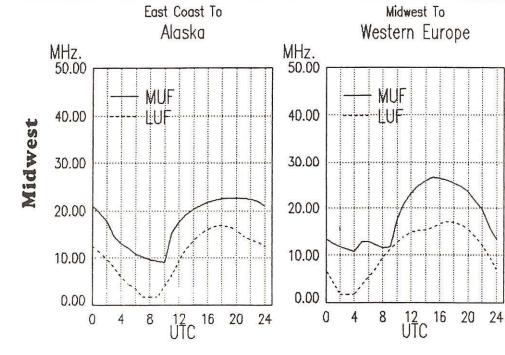


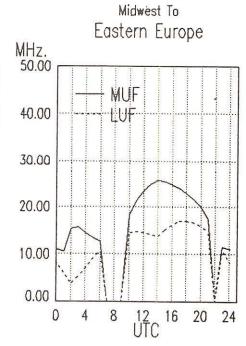
	15310	15360	15420	17640
	17710	17740	17790	21660
	21715			
0745-0800	Radio Berlin International, GDR 6040	6115	7185	9730
0730-0800	M-F BBC World Service, London, England 6180	17885	21470	15245
0730-0800	Radio Netherlands, Hilversum 9630	15560		
0730-0800	Swiss Radio Int'l European Service 3985	6165	9535	

0800 U	тс	: [4:00 AM EDT/ 1:00 AM	PDT]			
0800-0825		BRT Brussels, Belgium	9925			
0800-0825		Radio Finland, Helsinki	V. 22	21550		
0800-0825		Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum		15560		
0800-0825		Voice of Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur	6175		15295	
0800-0830		Radio Australia, Melbourne	9580		21525	
		6-5 M2 -20V V 75 V/20 75 FED 0		17750	15160	11930
0800-0830	S		15165			
0800-0830		Voice of Islam, Dhaka, Bangladesh		11705	7	
0800-0850		Radio Pyongyang, North Korea			11830	
0800-0900		Radio New Zealand, Wellington		- 5070000	a 1548	
0800-0900		Radio Moscow World Service	7130	100	12010	15580
0800-0900		ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310	(ML)		
0800-0900		ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485			
0800-0900		ABC, Perth, Australia	15425	120 2002		
0800-0900	07	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325			
0800-0900	Α	Radio for Peace Int., Costa Rica	7375	USB		
0800-0900		Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280			
0800-0900		CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Car				
0800-0900		CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			
0800-0900		CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005			
0800-0900		CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030			
0800-0900		CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada		47055		
0800-0900		Christian Science World Svc, Bostor		17855		
0800-0900		CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080			
0800-0900		CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			
0800-0900		HCJB, Quito, Ecuador(alt.S.Pac.Svc.)		44005		
0800-0900		HCJB, Quito, Ecuador (S. Pacific Sv		11925		
0800-0900		KNLS, Anchor Point, Alaska	7355			
0800-0900		KTWR, Agana, Guam	15200			
0800-0900		KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	6135			
0800-0900		Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
0800-0900		Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga	5030v			
0800-0900		Voice of Indonesia, Jakarta	11755	11788		
0000-0900		Voice of Nigeria, Lagos	7255			

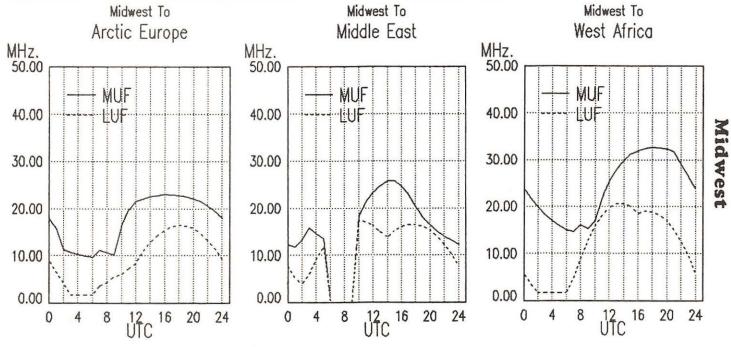
0800-0900	S WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185			
0810-0820	Bayerischer Rundfunk, Munich	6085			
0830-0833	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9505	7345	6055	
0830-0855	M-A Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	9770			
0830-0900	Radio Australia, Melbourne	21525	17750	17715	15395
		11930	11720	9655	9580
0830-0900	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	21705	17840	11685	
0830-0900	Radio Austria International, Vienna	6155	13730	15450	21490
0830-0900	Radio Beijing, China	11775	15440	17710	
0830-0900	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	17575	21485		
0830-0900	Radio Finland, Helsinki	15245	17800		
0830-0900	Swiss Radio International, Berne	9560	13685	17670	21695
0845-0900	KTWR, Agana, Guam	15210			
0850-0900	All India Radio, New Delhi	5960	5990	6010	6020
		6050	6065	6100	6140
		7110	7140	7150	7160
		7250	7280	7295	9610
		11850	15235	15250	17705

0900-0920	ABC, Perth, Australia	15425			
0900-0930	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	21705	17840	11685	
0900-0925	BRT Brussels, Belgium	21810	26050		
0900-0945	Radio Berlin International, GDR	11890			
0900-0915	Radio Budapest, Hungary	15160	15220	11925	9835
	THE STANDARD TO THE STANDARD TO STANDARD T	9585	6110		
0900-0925	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	17575	21485		
0900-0930	KTWR, Agana, Guam	15200			
0900-0930	Radio Beijing, China	11775	15440	17710	
0900-0930	S Radio Norway International, Oslo	17740			
0900-0950	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germa	ny 6160	9650	15410	11945
		17780	17820	21600	21650
		21680			
0900-1000	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310	(ML)		
0900-1000	ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485			
0900-1000	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325	(ML)		
0900-1000	S Adventist World Radio, Portugal	9670	459		
0900-1000	BBC World Service, London, Engla	nd 5975	6045	6180	6190
		6195	7325	9410	9660
		9740	9750	9760	11750
		11760	11940	12095	15070
		15245	15285	15310	15360
		15400	15420	17640	17705





		17790 17885	21470 2	21660						
		21710 21715						1000000	- 1.038	1000
0900-1000	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005			1000 UT	C [6:00 AM EDT/3:00 AM	PDI			
0900-1000	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030								
0900-1000	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Cana				1000-1015	KTWR, Agana, Guam	11805			
0900-1000	Christian Science World Svc, Bosto				1000-1030	Kol Israel, Jerusalem		17575		
0900-1000	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbi				1000-1030	Radio Afghanistan, Kabul		15350	4940	6085
0900-1000	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			47743404.04		9635			
0900-1000	FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines	11850			1000-1030	Radio Beijing, China		15440	17710	
0900-1000	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador(alt. S.Pac.S)				1000-1030	Radio Berlin International, GDR	6115			
0900-1000	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador (S. Pac. Se	rv.) 9745 11925			1000-1030	Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17730	9850a	154858	a
0900-1000	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	6135			1000-1030 A	A Radio for Peace Int., Costa Rica	7375	USB		
0900-0930	Radio Australia, Melbourne	9580 9655	9760	11720	1000-1030	Swiss Radio International, Berne	9560	13685	17670	21695
		15415 17715	11930	6020	1000-1030	Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi	12010	15010	9840	
0900-1000 S	Radio Bhutan, Thimpu	5023v			1000-1100	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310	(ML)		
0900-1000	Radio Japan, Tokyo	17810			1000-1100	ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485	ACCOUNT OF		
0900-1000	Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			1000-1100	ABC, Perth, Australia	9610			
0900-1000	Radio Metro, Johannesburg, S. Africa	a 11805			1000-1100	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325	(ML)		
0900-1000	Radio Moscow World Service	17890 21660	21725	9875	1000-1100	Adventist World Radio-Asia, Guan				
0900-1000	Radio New Zealand, Wellington		a 15485		1000-1100	Radio Moscow World Service		15280	17645	17570
0900-1000 A	Radio for Peace Int., Costa Rica	7375 USB			1000-1100	All India Radio, New Delhi	17685	17387	15050	15335
0900-1000 UN	N Radio Tanpa, Nagara, Japan	3925			ANN. 2007 - SEPAGOSO	ASSESSED AND SAME SET OF THE PROSPECTATION AND ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION AND ADDRESSED ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION AND ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION AND ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION AND ADDRESSED ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION AND ADDRESSED ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION ADDRESSED AT A SECURITION	21735			
0900-1000	Radio Tonga, Kingdom of Tonga	5030v			1000-1100	BBC World Service, London, End	land 5975	6045	6180	6190
0900-1000	Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280					6195	7325	9410	9660
0900-1000	Voice of Nigeria, Lagos	7255					9740	9750	9760	11750
0900-1000	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	7355 9495	5				11760	11940		10 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185						15310		0.5000000000000000000000000000000000000
0920-1000	ABC, Perth, Australia	6140						17640		
0930-1045	Radio Budapest, Hungary	15160 15220	11925	9835				21470	U. 3 (3 (2) F. 3	
1100 1010	radio Badapoon Trangary	9585 6110		0000	1000-1100	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland,		2	21000	
0930-1000	Radio Australia, Melbourne	15415 11930		9655	1000-1100	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada				
	riddio / dollard, melbodino	9580 6020		0000	1000-1100	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030			
0930-1000	Radio Afghanistan, Kabul	17720 15350		6085	1000-1100	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Car	The second second			
0000 1000	riadio ragriamatan, riabar	9635	4540	0000	1000-1100	Christian Science World Svc. Bo		9495		
0935-0945 IB	R Al-Quds Radio (Palistinian clandest				1000-1100	CKWX, Vancouver, British Colum		7		
0303 0343 111	Syria		330) MI		1000-1100	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			
0930-0955	RRI Surabaya, Jawa Timur, Indone		320) INL		1000-1100	FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines	11850			
0930-0933	BBC English by Radio, London	7180 11955	15280	17830	1000-1100	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	To Later Street	11925		
0930-1000	CBN, St. John's, New Foundland	6160	13200	17030	1000-1100	KTWR, Agana, Guam	11805			
0930-1000	KTWR, Agana, Guam	11805			1000-1100	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	6135			
0930-1000	Radio Beijing, China	11775 15440	17710		1000-1100	Radio Australia, Melbourne	9580	OGE	15415	11000
0945-1000	Radio Berlin International, GDR		17710		1000-1030	nadio Australia, Melbourne	9770			11930
		6115	COFF		1000 1100	Redia Jordan Ammon			6020	
0945-0948 0945-1000	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9505 7345		11010	1000-1100	Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
0945-1000	Radio Budapest, Hungary	7220 9585		11910		Radio Metro, Johannesburg, S. Afri Voice of America-Caribbean Serv				
		11925 15160	15220		1000-1100	voice of America-Caribbean Serv	ice 9590	11915		



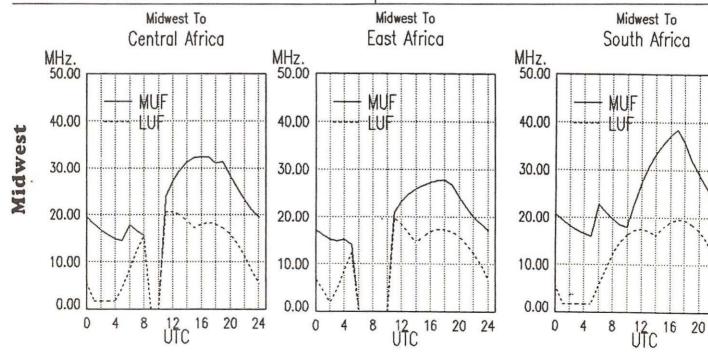
1000-1100		Voice of America-Pacific Service	5985	11720	15425	
1000-1100		Voice of Nigeria, Lagos	7255			
1000-1100	S	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185			
1030-1100		Radio Australia, Melbourne	15415	11930	9770	9580
			6020	5995		
1030-1100		Adventist World Radio, Forli, Italy	7230			
1030-1045		Radio Budapest, Hungary	15190	6110	9835	15160
		CONTRACTOR	15220			
1030-1100		Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	6020	9505		
1045-1049		Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9505	7345	6055	
1050-1100		Radio Finland, Helsinki	15400	21550		

1100-1115	Radio Pakistan 21575 17555	
1100-1115	BBC World Service, London, England 5965 5975 6045 6	180
	6190 6195 7325 94	410
	9660 9740 9750 97	760
	11750 11760 11775 11	940
	12095 15070 15140 15	310
	15420 17640 17705 17	790
	17885 21470 21660	
	15285 15360 15400	
1100-1125	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum 6020 9505	
1100-1130	Radio Mozambique, Maputo 11835 11818 9525	
1100-1130	Voice of the Democratic Alliance of Burma	
	(clandestine: Thai/Burmese border) 7137v	
1100-1130	Adventist World Radio, Forli, Italy 7230	
1100-1130	Swiss Radio International, Berne 13635 15570 17830 21	770
1100-1150	Radio Pyongyang, North Korea 11735 9977 9645	
1100-1150	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germany15410 17765 17800 21	500
1100-1155	Radio Beijing, China 9665	
1100-1200	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia 2310 (ML)	
1100-1115	Radio Finland, Helsinki 15400 21550	
1100-1145		115
1100-1200	Radio Moscow World Service 6000 9765 15320 178	310
1100-1200	ABC, Brisbane, Australia 9660	
1100-1200	ABC, Katherine, Australia 2485	
1100-1200	ABC, Perth, Australia 9610	
1100-1200	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia 2325 (ML)	
1100-1200	Trans World Radio, Bonaire 11815 15345	
1100-1200	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland, Can 6160	
1100-1200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada 6005	
1100-1200	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada 6030	

ı	1100-1200		Christian Science World Svc, Boston	9455	9495		
١	1100-1200		CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080			
١	1100-1200		CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070			
ı	1100-1200		KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	9850			
ı	1100-1130		Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930			7215
١				9580	9710	9770	11800
١	1100-1200		Radio Beijing, China	17855			
	1100-1200		Radio Japan, Tokyo		11815	11840	
	1100-1200		Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
1	1100-1200		Radio RSA, Johannesburg		25790	11900	
ı	1100-1200		Voice of America-Caribbean Service				
ı	1100-1200		Voice of America-East Asia Service	5985		9760	11720
١					15425		
	1100-1200	S	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	6185			
١	1115-1145		Radio Nepal, Katmandu (External Svc.)			22.00	60000
١	1115-1130		BBC World Service, London, England			6045	
1				6190		7325	
				9660		9750	
					11775		
					15140		
					15360		
					17790		21470
١					21710	25750	
١	1115-1130		Vatican Radio, Vatican City		21485		
	1130-1200		Radio Berlin International, GDR		15440	17880	21465
	1130-1145		BBC English by Radio, London		21490		
	1130-1145		RRI Yogyakarta, Yogyakarta, Indonesia		5075	2015	0400
	1130-1200		BBC World Service, London, England	6195		6045 9410	6190 9660
				9740		9760	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
					11940		
					15310		
					17790		
					21710		21470
	1130-1200		HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	11740		23730	
	1130-1200		Radio Australia, Melbourne	Programme Company	11800	9770	9710
	1100 1200		Tradio Traditana, molbodino	9580			6035
	1130-1200		Radio Thailand	11905			0000
	1130-1200		Radio Austria International, Vienna		13730		21475
	1130-1200		Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	5955		17575	
				21615			
	1130-1200		Voice of the Islamic Republic of Iran			9695	
	1135-1140		All India Radio, New Delhi	6065		9610	9675
			Commission (Commission) (Commission) (Commission)		11850		2000
				CONTRACTOR OF	16 20 20 20 20	110000000000000000000000000000000000000	

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CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada 6130



1100-1200

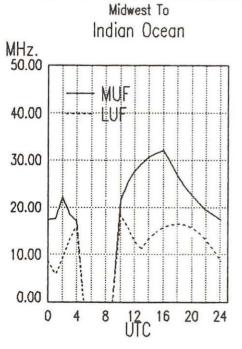
1145-1152 Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia 1145-1200 A-H BBC English by Radio, London 9505 7345 6055 7180 15280

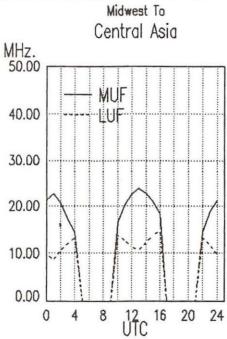
CONTROL MERCENTARY				
1200 L	TC [8:00 AM EDT/5:00 AM PDT]			
1200-1230	Radio Thailand 11905	9655	4830	
1200-1215	Radio Berlin International, GDR 11970	15440	17880	21465
1200-1225	M-F Radio Finland, Helsinki 15400	21550		
1200-1230	Radio Yugoslavia, Belgrade 11735	15165	15325	
1200-1215	BBC English by Radio, London 6065	9680	11920	
1200-1215	Vatican Radio, Vatican City 17840	17865	21485	21515
1200-1225	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum 5955	9715	17575	21480
	21615			
1200-1225	Voice of Islamic Republic of Iran 7190	7215	7230	9695
1200-1230	Radio East Africa, 9585			
1200-1230	S Radio Norway International, Oslo 15165			
1200-1230	Radio Tashkent, Uzbekistan 5945	9540	9600	11785
	15470			
1200-1300	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia 2310	(ML)		
1200-1300	ABC, Brisbane, Australia 9660	107		
1200-1300	M-F Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal 11855	17820	9635	11720
1200-1300	ABC, Katherine, Australia 2485			
1200-1300	ABC, Perth, Australia 9610			
1200-1300	Trans World Radio, Bonaire 11815	15345		
1200-1300	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia 2325	(ML)		
1200-1300		11870		
1200-1300	BBC World Service, London, England 5965	5975	6045	6190
	6195	7325	9410	9660
	9740	9750	9760	11750
	11760	11775	11940	12095
	15070	15140	15310	17640
	17705	17790	17885	21470
	21660	21710	25750	
1200-1300	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia 6160			
1200-1300	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada 6005			
1200-1300	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada 6030			
1200-1300	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada 6130			
1200-1300	Christian Science World Service 6150	9465	11930	15285
1200-1300	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia 6080			
1200-1300	Radio Moscow World Service 9765	11840	15475	17810
1200-1300	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario 6070			
1200-1300	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador 11740	15115	17890	
1200-1300	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah 9850			

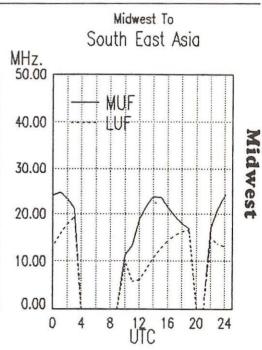
1200-1230	Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930	6080	7205	11800
		7215	9580	9710	9770
1200-1300	Radio Beljing, China	9530	9665	11600	15450
1200-1230	Radio Bucharest, Romania	15340	17720		
1200-1300	Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
1200-1300	Radio RSA, Johannesburg	11900	11805	21590	
1200-1300	Voice of America-East Asia Service	6110	9760	11715	15155
		15425			
1200-1300	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	11790			
1200-1300	S WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	9715			
1215-1300	Radio Berlin International, GDR	11705	15240		
1200-1300	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida	5950	7355	11830	17640
1215-1225	Radio Bayrak, Northern Cyprus	6150			
1215-1230	S BBC English by Radio, London	6125			
1230-1300	Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930	9770	9580	7215
		7205	6080	6035	6020
1230-1240	Voice of Greece, Athens	17550	15630	11645	
1230-1300	Voice of Turkey, Ankara	17785			
1230-1300	Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi	15010	12010	9840	
1230-1300	M-SBRT Brussels, Belgium	21820			
1230-1300	M-F BRT Brussels, Belgium	21815			
1230-1300	BBC English by Radio, London	6125	9515	9560	9600
		9635	11710	11780	11845
		12040	15115	15390	15435
		17695	17880	17795	21695
1230-1300	Radio Bangladesh, Dhaka	15195	11705		
1230-1300	Radio France International, Paris	9805	11670	15155	15195
		17650	21635	21645	
1230-1300	Radio Sweden, Stockholm	15190	21570	17740	
1245-1300	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9505	7345	6055	
1245-1300	Radio Berlin International, GDR	11970	15440	17880	21465

### 1300 UTC [9:00 AM EDT/6:00 AM PDT]

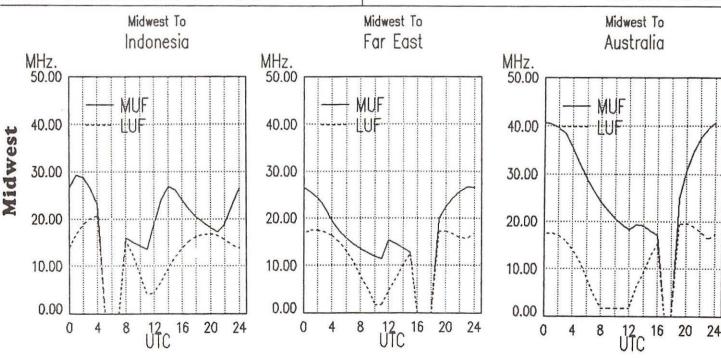
1300-1330	S	Radio Norway International, Oslo 9590			Field Fe/
1300-1330		Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal 11955	15385		
1300-1330	S	Trans World Radio, Bonaire 15345	11815		
1300-1330		Swiss Radio Int'l European Service 3985	6165	9535	
1300-1345		BBC World Service, London, England 5965	5975	5995	6045
		6190	6195	7180	7325
		9410	9660	9740	9750
		9760	11750	11775	11940
		12095	15070	15105	15140
		15310	15420	17640	17705



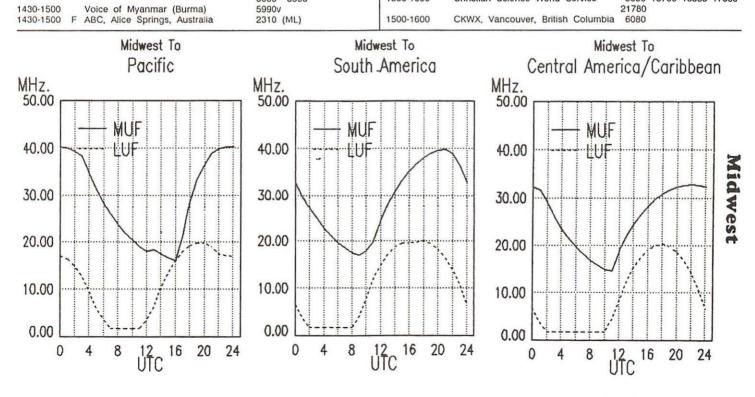




		17790 1788		21660	1330-1400 S	Radio Finland, Helsinki Laotian National Radio	21550 7116	15400		
1000 1050	Dadia Disassiana Nada Kasa	21710 257		12050	1330-1400 1330-1400 A	Trans World Radio, Bonaire		15345		
1300-1350	Radio Pyongyang, North Korea	9325 934 15180	5 9645	13050	1330-1400 A	Radio Tashkent, Uzbekistan		9540	0600	11785
1000 1100 0	Dadie Canada Ialii Mantaral		00 44700		1330-1400	nadio rashkerii, Uzbekistari	15470	9340	9000	11703
1300-1400 S	Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	11955 1783	20 11/20	l.	1220 1400	Cwies Badio International Borns		11695	12625	15570
1300-1400	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310			1330-1400	Swiss Radio International, Berne		21695	13033	15570
1300-1400	ABC, Brisbane, Australia	9660			1220 1100	HAE Rodio Dubol			01605	
1300-1400	ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485			1330-1400	UAE Radio, Dubai		17775		
1300-1400	ABC, Perth, Australia	9610			1330-1400	Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi	6 - 10 -	15010		
1300-1400	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325 (ML			1345-1350	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia		7345	6055	
1300-1400	Adventist World Radio, Costa Rica	9725 118	0		1345-1400	Radio Berlin International, GDR	9730			
1300-1400	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can				1345-1400	Voice of Eelam (clandestine:northe				
1300-1400	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160				Srl Lanka)	7000			
1300-1400	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			1345-1400	BBC World Service, London, Engla				6190
1300-1400	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005					6195	7180		9410
1300-1400	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030					9660	9740		
1300-1400	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada							11940		
1300-1400	Christian Science World Service		55 11930	15285				15310		
1300-1400	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia							17790		21470
1300-1400	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario, Canada	6070					21660	21710	25750	
1300-1330	Radio Berlin International, GDR	11970 154	10 17880	21465						
1300-1345	Radio Berlin International, GDR	6115			4400 117	O 140.00 AM EDT/7.00 AM	DDTI	1055	Take Turk	
1300-1400	Radio Korea, Seoul		50 9570		1400 01	C [10:00 AM EDT/7:00 AM	PUI			
1300-1400	Radio Moscow World Service	11840 154	75 17810	17700				over months		
1300-1400	FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines	11850			1400-1420	Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			
1300-1400	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	11740 151	15 17890	)	1400-1430	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310			
1300-1400	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	9850			1400-1430	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325			
1300-1400	Radio Australia, Melbourne	5995 119			1400-1430	BBC English by Radio, London		15420	1//40	
1000 1100	Badia Ballian Oblan	7205 958		6035	1400-1430	Radio Juba, Sudan		/9550		
1300-1400	Radio Beljing, China	9530 1160		0.1550	1400-1430	Radio France International, Paris		21780		
1300-1400	Radio Bucharest, Romania	11940 153	55 17850	21550		Radio Norway International, Oslo	21710			
1300-1400	Radio Jordan, Amman	13655			1400-1430	Radio Polonia, Warsaw, Poland	6095	7285		
1300-1400	Radio Sta.Peace&Progress,Moscow	11870 154			1400-1430	Radio Berlin International, GDR	9730			
		15320 178	0 17880	1/635	1400-1430	Radio Sweden, Stockholm		17740		
	D DOL	15535			1400-1430	Radio Tirana, Albania		11895		
1300-1400	Radio RSA, Johannesburg	17710 118			1400-1455	Radio Beijing, China	7405	Daniel Color		
1300-1400	Voice of America-East Asia Service	6110 976	60 11715	15155	1400-1500	Radio SPLA (clandestine: Sudan)	11710	9550		
1200 1400	WILDI Noblesville Indiana	15425	10		1400-1500	ABC, Brisbane, Australia	9660	44700	47000	
1300-1400	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	9465 1179	30			Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal		11720	17820	
	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	9715			1400-1500	Voice of the Mediterranean, Malta	11925			
1300-1400	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	15690	- 44500	44000	1400-1500	ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485			
1300-1400	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida		5 11580		1400-1500	ABC, Perth, Australia	9610	050-		
1000 1400	All ladia Dadia Nava Dalbi	13695 152			1400-1500	All India Radio, New Delhi	11760			
1330-1400	All India Radio, New Delhi	11760 95	05		1400-1500	BBC World Service, London, Engla		6045	6190	6195
1330-1400	Radio Austria International, Vienna	15430					7325	9410	9660	9740



		9750 9760 11750 11940		ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325 (ML		04 400
		12095 15070 15140 15310	1430-1500	Radio Austria International, Vienna			
		17640 17705 17790 17880	1430-1500	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	5955 137	70 15150	17575
		21470 21660 21710 25750			17605		
1400-1500	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can		1430-1500	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	11685 137		15155
1400-1500	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160			17840 215		
	1-ACBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160	1445-1500	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	6248 72	50 9645	11740
1400-1500	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005					
1400-1500	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030				Side Tradition	0.000
1400-1500	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotla, Canada		1500 UTC	C [11:00 AM EDT/8:00 AM	PDT]		
1400-1500	Christian Science World Service	9530 13760 15385 17555			- 1 (-ex 121 91) 13	Aller of the page of	THE STATE OF
		21780	1500-1515	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	11955 150	90 17870	F
1400-1500	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080	1500-1515	WYFR, Taiwan	11550		
1400-1500	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario	6070	1500-1525	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	5955 137	70 15150	17575
1400-1500	FEBC Radio Int'l, Philippines	11850			17605		
1400-1500	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	11740 15115 17890	1500-1530	Radio Sweden, Stockholm	17740 119	05	
1400-1500	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	9850	1500-1530	Radio Bucharest, Romania	15335 119	40 15250	17720
1400-1430	Radio Australia, Melbourne	5995 11930 6080			17745		
		7205 9580	1500-1550	Radio Pyongyang, North Korea	11750 99	77 9640	9325
1400-1500	Radio Japan, Tokyo	9505 11815	1500-1600	Radio Jordan, Amman	9560		
1400-1500	Radio Moscow World Service	11840 15475 17810 17700	1500-1550	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West German	ny 9735 119	65 17765	21600
1405-1430	Radio Finland, Helsinki	15185 9640			21700		
1430-1500	Radio Sofia, Bulgaria	11735 15310 15370 17825	1500-1555	Radio Beijing, China	7405 117	95 15165	,
1445-1500	Radio Berlin International, GDR	11970 17880	1500-1600 S	Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	11955 178	20 11720	j
1445-1500	RCI European News Serv, Montreal	11935 15315 15325 17820	1500-1600	Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280		
		e: 15305 17795 21545	1500-1600 F	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310 (ML	)	
1400-1500	Radio RSA, Johannesburg	11925 21535 21590 25790	1500-1600	ABC, Perth, Australia	9610		
1400-1500	Voice of America-East Asia Service	6110 9760 15155 15425	1500-1600 F	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325 (ML	.)	
1400-1500	Voice of America-South Asia Service	97125 9645 9760 15205	1500-1600	BBC World Service, London, Engla	nd 3915 59	95 6180	6190
		15395	11000000 0000000	The state of the s	6195 71	80 7325	9410
1400-1500	Voice of Nigeria, Lagos	7255			9515 97	40 9750	9760
1400-1500	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	9465 15105			11750 119	40 12095	15070
1400-1500	S WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	11965			15260 153	10 15400	17640
1400-1500	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	15690			17705 178	80 21470	21660
1400-1500	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida	5950 9705 11830 13695			21710 257	50 17790	,
		17640	1500-1600	Voice of Myanmar (Burma)	5990v		
1405-1500	WYFR, Taiwan	11540	1500-1600	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Ca	n 9625 117	20 (ML)	
1415-1500 N	1-A Radio Bhutan	5023v	1500-1600	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160	and the state of t	
1415-1425	Radio Nepal, Katmandu	5005 7165 (alt. 3230)	1500-1600	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160		
1415-1500	Radio Jordan, Amman	9560	1500-1600	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005		
1430-1500	Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280	1500-1600	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030		
1430-1500	Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930 9580 7205 6080	1500-1600	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canad	ta 6130		
		6035 5995	1500-1600	Christian Science World Service	9530 137	60 15385	17555
1400 4500	Malan of Michael (Disser)	F000			01700		

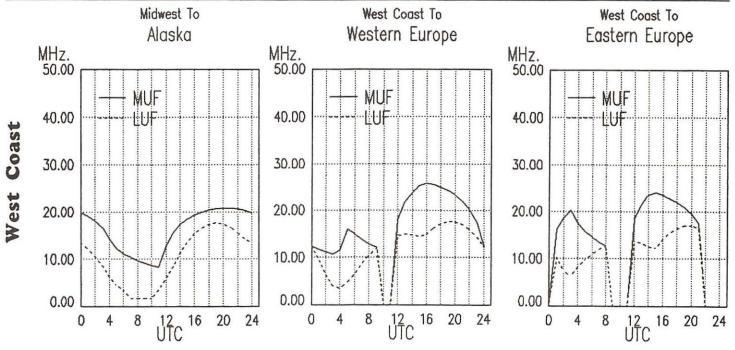


5990v

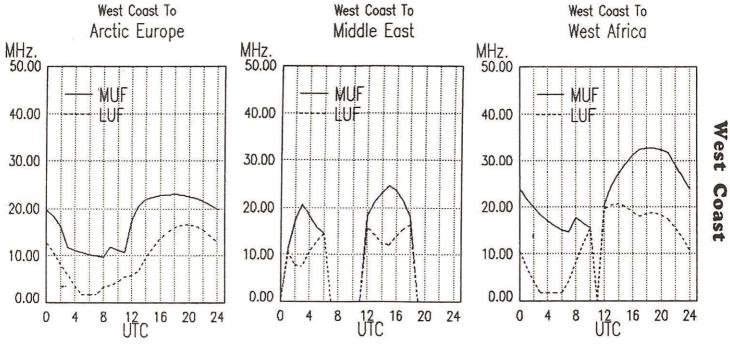
1430-1500

21780

1500-1600		6070	1600 UTC [12:00 PM EDT/9:00 AM PDT]
1500-1600		11865 15325	
1500-1600		11850	1600-1610 FEBA, Mahe, Seychelles 11865 15325
1500-1600		15115 17890	1600-1610 Vatican Radio, Vatican City 6248 7250 9645 1174
	T-S KNLS, Anchor Point, Alaska	7355	1600-1615 BBC World Service, London, England 3915 5975 5995 618
1500-1600		11650	6190 6195 7180 732
1500-1600		15650	9410 9515 9740 975
1500-1600	Radio Australia, Melbourne	5995 6035 15425 6080	0100 11100 11010 1200
		11930 7215 9580	15070 15260 15310 1546
	M-F Radiodiffusion Nationale du Burune		17640 17705 17860 178
1500-1600		9505 11815 21700	21470 21660 21710 2575
1500-1525		15400 21550	1600-1625 Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia 21505 17840 17640 1519
1500-1530	Radio Sofia, Bulgaria	11735 15310 15370 17825	15110 13715 11990 1160
1500-1600		5975	7345 5930
1500-1600	Radio Moscow World Service	11840 15475 17810 17700	1600-1630 Radio Deutsche Welle, Koln 21680 17825 15595 1510
1515-1530	Radio Budapest, Hungary	15160 15220 11910 9835	7225 6170
		9585 7220	1600-1630 Radio Pakistan, Dacca 17580 13665 15605 2174
1525-1545	A,S Radio Finland, Helsinki	15400 21550	17895 21480
1530-1555	M-ABRT Brussels, Belgium	17580 21810	1600-1630 S Radio Norway International, Oslo 17765 21705
1545-1600	Radio Berlin International, GDR	7295 9730 15350 17780	1600-1630 Radio Polonia, Warsaw, Poland 6135 9540
1545-1600	S Radio Finland, Helsinki	15400 21550	1600-1630 Radio Portugal, Lisbon 15210
1500-1600	Radio RSA, Johannesburg S. Afric	a 11925 21535 21590 25790	1600-1630 Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi 9840 15010 12010
1500-1600			1600-1640 UAE Radio, Dubal 11790 15320 21605 1530
1500-1600			1600-1650 Radio Pyongyang, North Korea 9325 11760
		9760 15205 15260 15395	1600-1700 F ABC, Alice Springs, Australia 2310 (ML)
1500-1600	Voice of Nigeria, Lagos	7255	1600-1700 ABC, Perth, Australia 9610
1500-1600		15105 21840	1600-1700 F ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia 2325 (ML)
	S WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	11965	1600-1700 Adventist World Radio-Asia, Guam 11980 13720
1500-1600		15690	1600-1700 CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can 9625 (ML)
1500-1600		5950 11830 13695 15215	1600-1700 CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland 6160
1000 1000	TTTT, ORCCOMODOC, Honda	17640	1600-1700 CBN, St. John's, Newfoundarid 6160 1600-1630 Radio Berlin International, GDR 17780 15350 9730 729
1515-1530	KTWR, Agana, Guam	11650	
	M-A Voice of Greece, Athens	11645 15630 17535	
1530-1600		11990 13715 17840 21505	
1000 1000	riadio Tragac, Ozconosiovania	15155 15110 11685 7345	12065 11910 15585 970 1630-1655 BRT Brussels, Belgium 11695 5910
		5930 17640	1000 1000 Bill Blassels, Belgialli
1530-1600	Radio Omdurman, Sudan	11635 9550/9540	1600-1700 KSDA, Guam 11980
1530-1600		17880 21610 21655	1600-1700 CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia 6160 1600-1700 CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada 6005
1530-1600		3985 13685 17830 21630	
1545-1600	The state of the s	9635 11945	1000 1700 Ci Cit, Calgary, Aberia, Carlada 0000
1545-1600		21740 21480 17895 17580	1600-1700 CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada 6130
1343-1000	nadio Fanistan	15605 13665	1000 1700 Cimbilan Colonice World Cervice 10005 21040
1545-1600	Vatican Radio, Vatican City	15120 17730 21650	1600-1700 CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia 6080
1343-1000	valican naulo, valican city	13120 17730 21030	1600-1700 CFRB, Toronto, Ontario 6070
			1600-1700 HCJB, Quito, Ecuador 15115 17890



	West Coast To				West	Coast To			West Coast	To		
1700-1715 1700-1715	Swiss Radio Infl Europe Service(MO) 3 Kol Israel, Jerusalem 11	985 6 585 1		9535		1709-1730		BBC Africa Service, London,		6190 17880		11940
1700-1705 1700-1715		650 6065 7	7105	9605	11750	1700-1800		WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida		13695 17885	15215	
1700 1705	THE STATE OF THE S	050		(01_)0700g	CONTRACT.	1700-1800		WWCR, Nashville, Tennesse			45045	
1700 UTC	: [1:00 PM EDT/10:00 AM PE	T]				1700-1800		WRNO, New Orleans, Louisi	ana 15420	)		
		-	2146.200			1700-1800		WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvar				
1030-1700	TAL, Buellos Alles, Algeriald	710 13	5545			1700-1800		WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana		15105		10000
1630-1700		710 1				1700-1800		Voice of America-South Asia				15395
1630-1700		660 2		9515		1700-1800		Voice of America-Middle Ea		6040		9760
					21470	1700-1800		Voice of America Middle Fo		17870	0700	0760
					15310					15580	15600	1//85
					11775	1700-1800		Voice of America-Africa Sen			11920	
1615-1700	BBC World Service, London, England 3		5975		6195	1700-1800		Radio Jordan, Amman	9560		44000	45440
1615-1630				9750	2425	1700-1800		Radio Japan, Tokyo	7140		9535	11815
		400 1		-		1700-1800		Radio Beijing, China	9500		11575	
1615-1630		6005 E		9595	11940	100 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120		CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL	7205			
1615-1620		645 1				1700-1800		Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930			
		7825 2				1700-1800		KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah				
1600-1650	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germany 6	170	7225	15105	15595	1700-1800	S-F	WMLK Bethel, Pennsylvania	9465	5		
		612 2	1525	21615	17640	1700-1800		CFRB, Toronto, Ontario	6070	)		
1600-1700		830 13	3695	15215	15566	1700-1800		CKWX, Vancouver, British C				
1600-1700		690				1700-1800		Christian Science World Ser		21640		
1600-1700		5420				1700-1800		CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia,		)		
1600-1700		295				1700-1800		Radio New Zealand, Welling				
1600-1700		105 2	1840			1700-1800		CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Car				
1600-1700		255	0200	.0000		1700-1800		CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, C				
1000-1700		205 15			0,00	1700-1800		CBU, Vancouver, British Col				
1600-1700	Voice of America-Middle East Service of Voice of America-Asia Service 7	125	9645	9700	9760	1700-1800		CBN, St. John's, Newfound				
1600-1700	Voice of America-Middle East Service 3			15205	15260	1700-1800	•	ABC, Tennant Creek, Austra		(ML)		
		800 17		13000	17703	1700-1750	F	ABC, Alice Springs, Australia		(ML)	3040	3023
1600-1700	distribution and the description of the control of				15410 17785	1700-1750		Radio Pyongyang, North Ko		9977	9640	9325
1600-1700		210	0575	11000	15/10	1				) 17640 ) 21710	17095	214/0
1600-1700	Trans World Radio via Nairobi, Kenya 11					1				1209		
1600-1700		975								7325		9515
1600-1700	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	560				1700-1745		BBC World Service, London			6180	
		620 17	7795	17850		1700-1730		RAE, Buenos Aires, Argentin		15345	120000000000000000000000000000000000000	-
1600-1700		175 11			15360	1700-1730	S	Radio Norway International,		21705		
1600-1700		570 15				1700-1730		BBC English by Radio, Lone		6125	7155	
		205 7			15245	1700-1725		Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilve		15570		
1600-1700		930 €		6020		1700-1800		Radio Moscow World Service		15475	17810	17700
1600-1700	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah 15	650				1700-1800		Radio Korea, Seoul	15575			



1715-1800	Radio Pakistan	11570	9815		
			9013		
1730-1740	Radio Bayrak, Northern Cyprus	6150			
1730-1755	BRT Brussels, Belgium	5910	11695	13675	
1730-1800	Radio Sofia, Bulgaria	11735	11840	15370	
1730-1800	Radio Berlin International, GDR	9665	13610	15145	15350
		17755			
1730-1800	Radio Austria International, Vienna	5945	6155	12010	13730
1730-1800	Radio Bucharest, Romania	15340	15365	17720	11940
1730-1800	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9605	11685	11990	13715
		15110	17840	21505	
1745-1800	BBC World Service, London, Englar	nd 5975	6180	6195	7160
	ACCOUNTS AND ACCOU	7325	9410	9740	12095
		15070	15310	15400	17640
		17695	17880		

1730-1800	Hadio Bucharest, Homania	15340 15365			1000-1900		13030			
1730-1800	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	9605 11685	11990	13715	1800-1830	Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930			6080
		15110 17840	21505				7205	7215	9580	15245
1745-1800	BBC World Service, London, Engla	and 5975 6180	6195	7160	1800-1900		9560			
		7325 9410	9740	12095	1800-1900	Radio Kuwait, Safat, Kuwait	13610			
		15070 15310	15400	17640	1800-1900	CBC Montreal	9625			
		17695 17880			1800-1830	Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi	15010	12010	9840	j
					1800-1900	S-F WMLK Bethel, Pennsylvania	9465			
		E-04400 ST	316	Maria	1800-1900	Radio RSA, Johannesburg, S. Afri	ca 21535	15230	7230	1
1800 U	TC [2:00 PM EDT/11:00 AM	PDT]			1800-1900	A,S Radio for Peace Int'I, Costa Rica	13660	21566		
- 12-14-00000		- 10,749100-1	199		1800-1900	Voice of America-Africa Service	7195	9575	11920	15410
1800-1815	Radio Berlin International, GDR	17755 15350	15145	13610			15445	15580	15600	17785
		9665					17800	17870	21585	) :
1800-1830	Radio Budapest, Hungary	15160 11910	9835	9585	1800-1900	Voice of America-Middle East Ser			9760	11760
		7220 6110					15205			
1800-1830 \$	S-F Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	13670 15260	17820		1800-1900	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	13760	17830		
1800-1830	Radio Kiev, The Ukraine	6010 6090	6165	7115	1800-1900	WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvania	15295			
1800-1830	BBC World Service, London	3255 3955	5975	6180	1800-1900		15420			
		6190 6195			1800-1900		15690			
			11750	1.	1800-1900	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida			15215	17750
		15070 15310		17640	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		17885			
		17695 17880	)		1815-1900		15255	11705		
	S Radio Norway International, Oslo	15310			1830-1845			9530		E.
1800-1830	Voice of Ethiopia, Addis Ababa	9660			1830-1900	Radio Budapest, Hungary		7220		9835
1800-1830	Radio Sweden, Stockholm	6065 7265					24.00.200	15160		
1800-1830	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	7345 5930			1830-1900			7215		
1800-1825	Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	21505 17840			1830-1855	Radio Polonia, Warsaw, Poland	5995			7285
		11990 1168			The same of the same of			11840		
1800-1830	Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi	12020 15010	9840		1830-1900			9720		
1800-1845	Trans World Radio, Swaziland	15210			1830-1900	Radio Australia, Melbourne	11930			
1800-1850	Radio Bras, Brasilia, Brasil	15265					6080			
1800-1855	Radio Mozambique, Maputo	9618 4855	3265			A,S Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal		15260		
1800-1900	F ABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310 (ML)			1830-1900	M-F Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal		17875	15325	7235
	F ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325 (ML)		n wasanasan	Province Control of Control		5995			
1800-1900	Radio Moscow World Service	11840 987		9685	1830-1900		9635			
1800-1900	Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17730 17680		5a	1830-1900		7120			
1800-1845	All India Radio, New Delhi	11935 1536	0		1830-1900	BBC Africa Service, London	3255			9630
1800-1900	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160			1		15400	17880		

1800-1900

1800-1900

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1800-1900

CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia

CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Christian Science World Service

CFRB, Toronto, Ontario

KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah

CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada

CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia

6160

6005

6030

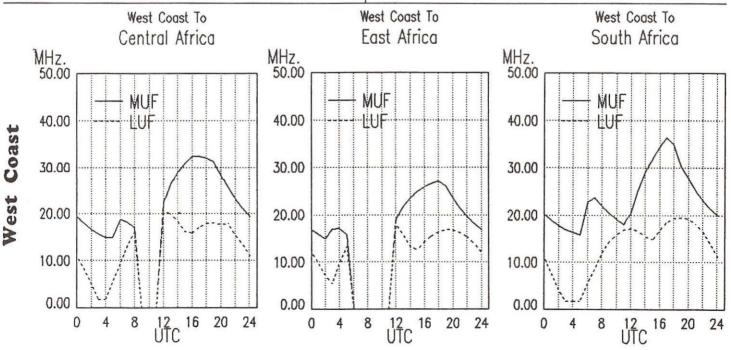
6130

6080

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9455 17770 21640



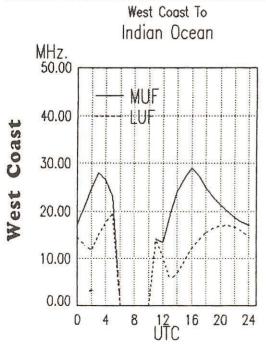
1830-1900	BBC World Service, London, Englar	nd 3955	6180	6195	7325
	ALL RECORDS CONTRACTOR OF ELECTRON PROPERTY CONTRACTOR	9410	11750	12095	15070
		17755			
1830-1900	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	6020	15560	17605	21685
1830-1900	Swiss Radio International, Berne	9885	11955		
1830-1900	Swiss Radio Int'l European Service	3985	6165	9535	
1840-1850	M-A Voice of Greece, Athens	11645	12105	15630	
1845-1855	IRR RTV Guineenne, Conakry, Guinea	4702	7125	/	
1845-1900	GBC Radio, Accra, Ghana	6130			
1845-1900	All India Radio, New Delhi	15360	11935	11620	9550
		7412			
1850-1855	Africa No. 1, Gabon	15475			

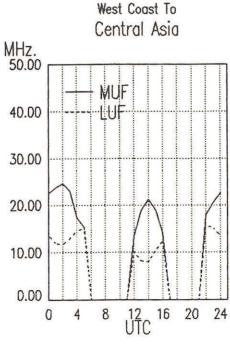
1900 L	JTC [3:00 PM EDT/12:00 PM	PDT]		MIR I	i e te al
1900-1925	Radio Netherlands Int'l, Hilversum	6020	15560	17605	21685
1900-1930	Radio Afghanistan, Kabul	9635	7215	6020	
1900-1945	Radio Omdurman, Sudan	11635			
1900-1930	Kol Israel, Jerusalem	11605	15640	17590	
1900-1930	M-F Radio Canada Int'I, Montreal	13670	15260	17820	
1900-1930	Radio Japan, Tokyo	9505	11850	15270	
1900-1930	S Radio Norway International, Oslo	15220			
1900-1930	M-F Radio Portugal, Lisbon		15250	21530	
1900-1930	Voice of Vietnam, Hanoi	9840	15010	12010	
1900-1950	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West Germa	ny11785	11810	13790	15390
		17810			
1900-2000	CBC, Montreal	9625			
1900-2000	Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17730	17680	1548	5a
1900-2000	Radio Moscow British Service	9685			
1900-2000	Radio Moscow World Service	11	840 9	360 12	050
1900-1945	All India Radio, New Delhi	7412	11620	11935	15360
		9550			
1900-2000	BBC World Service, London, Engla	nd 3255	3955	6005	6180
		6190	6195	7160	732
		9410	9630	11750	1209
		15070	15140	15400	1788
1900-2000	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160			
1900-2000	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			
1900-2000	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005			
1900-2000	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030			
1900-2000	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canad	da 6130			
1900-2000	Christian Science World Service	9455	17770	21640	
1900-2000	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	a 6080			
1900-2000	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario	6070			

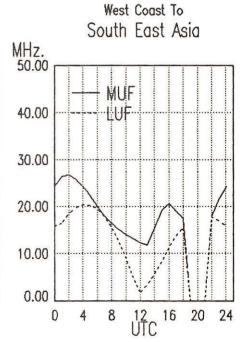
1	1900-2000	GB	C F	Radio, A	ccra, Ghar	na		6130				
l	1900-2000				an Service,		dor	17790	15270	21470		
١	1900-2000	KU	ISW	Salt La	ake City, U	Jtah		15650				
l	1900-2000			Algiers,				9535	15215			
l	1900-2000	Ra	dio	Australia	a. Melbour	ne		6035	11930	6080	7205	
l					7.			7215	9580	6020		
l	1900-2000	Ra	dio	Beijing,	China			6955	9440			
l	1900-2000	Ra	dio	Havana	Cuba			11800				
١	1900-2000	Ra	dio	Jordan,	Amman			9560				
l	1900-2000	Ra	dio	Kuwait,	Safat, Kuv	vait		13610				
l	1900-2000	A,S Ra	dio	for Pea	ce Int'i, Co	osta Ri	ca	13660	21566			
l	1900-2000	Ra	dio	RSA, Jo	phannesbu	rg, S.	Africa	15230	17765			
l	1900-2000	Sp	anis	h Natio	nal Radio,	Madrid	t	15280	15375	15395		
l	1900-2000	Ra	dio	Prague,	Czechoslo	ovakia		7345	5930			
l	1900-2000	Vo	ice	of Amei	rica-Africa	Service	<u> </u>	7195	15410	15445	15580	
l								15600	17785	17800	17870	
l								21485				
l	1900-2000	Vo	ice	of Amer	rica-Middle	East S	Serv	6040	9700	9760	11760	
١								15205				
l	1900-2000	Vo	ice	of Amei	rica-Pacific	Servic	е		11870	15180		
١	1900-2000	WI	HRI,	Nobles	ville, Indian	na			17830			
l	1900-2000				on, Pennsy			15295				
ı	1900-2000							9465				
١	1900-2000				Orleans, Lo		a	15420				
١	1900-2000				ille, Tenne			15690				
I	1900-2000	W	YFR	, Okeecl	hobee, Flo	rida				15215	15566	
١				resonantino es					21615			
I	1915-2000				nternationa	I, GDR			13610			
١	1930-2000			Korea,				15575	7550	6480		
١	1930-2000			Tallin,			27	5925				
١	1945-2000				nternationa		l .	6115	0005	0.405		
١	1920-1930						00000000		9395			
١	1930-2000				Internation	P 4 1 1	nna	5945		12010	0.00	
١	1930-2000				est, Romar						7105	
1	1930-2000				Islamic Re	public	iran		11895			
١	1935-1955			Rome, Ita	aiy o. New De	dhi		7275	11935	11800 9550		
١	1945-2000 1950-2000				o, New De nan. Suda			11635		9000		
١	1950-2000	Ha	UIO	Omdun	nan, Suua	11		11033				

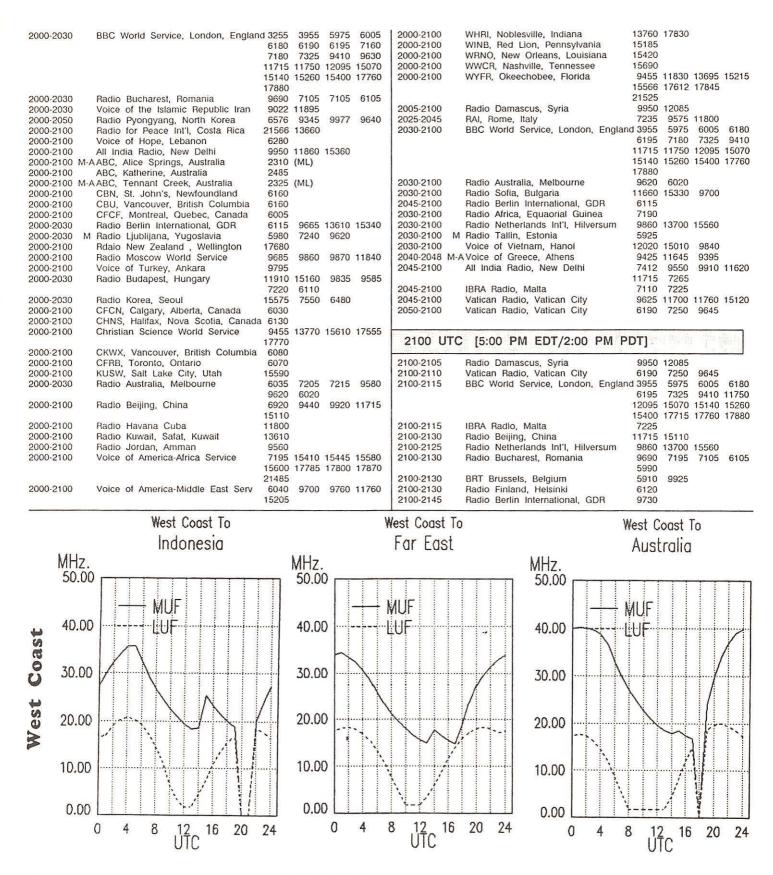
### 2000 UTC [4:00 PM EDT/1:00 PM PDT]

2005-2100 Radio New Zealand, Wellington 2000-2005 Vatican Radio, Vatican City 17730 15485a 9850a 7250 9645

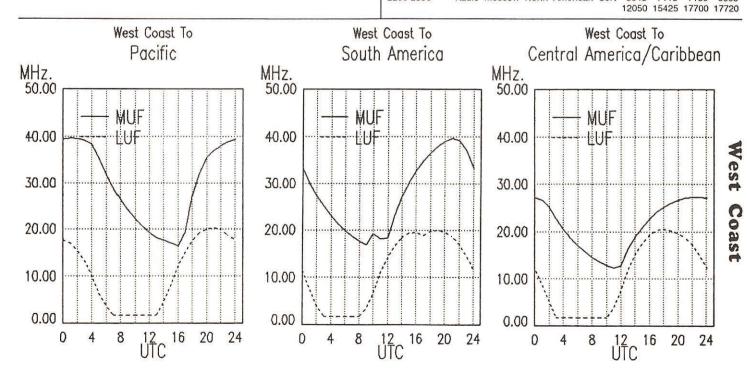




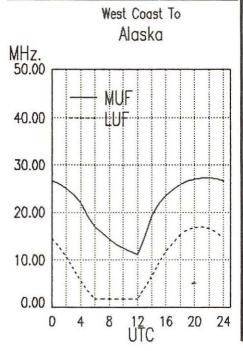




2100-2145	Radio Yugoslavia, Belgrade	11735 966	0 9620 7215	2115-2130	BBC World Service, London, Englar	nd 3955 6005 6195 7180
2100-2200	Radio Canada Int'I, Montreal	15325 1787	5			7325 9410 11715 11750
2100-2200	All India Radio, New Delhi	11715 1162	0 9910 9550			12095 15140 15260
		7412 726	5	2130-2200	BBC World Service, London, Englar	nd 3955 5975 6005 6195
2100-2200	Radio New Zealand, Wellington	17730 1548	5a 9850a	CASSACRA MIDARAMANO	Experimental processors of the control of the contr	7325 9410 11750 12095
2100-2200	Radio Moscow World Service	9685 986	0 9870 11840			15140 15260
2100-2130	Radio Japan, Tokyo	7140 1181	5 11835 15230	2130-2145	BBC English by Radio, London	11945 15280
	The state of the s	15270 1789	0	2130-2200	Kol Israel, Jerusalem	11605 15640 17575
2100-2130	Radio Sweden, Stockholm	9655 1170	5	2130-2200	Radio Sofia, Bulgaria	15330 11680
2100-2130	Swiss Radio International, Berne	9885 1363	5 15525 21705	2145-2200	Radio Berlin International, GDR	5965 9730 13690
2100-2150	Deutsche Welle, Koln, West German			2130-2200	Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	11880 15150 17820
2100-2200	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160	a (200aa (0anaa	2130-2200	BBC English by Radio, London	6125 7125 9635
2100-2200	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160			F BBC Falkland Islands Service, Lond	
2100-2200	Voice of Hope, Lebanon	6280		2130-2200	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	15270 17790
2100-2200	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005				
2100-2200	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030				
2100-2200	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canad			2200 UT	C [6:00 PM EDT/3:00 PM F	DT1
2100-2200	Christian Science World Service		0 15610 17555			
		17770		2200-2205	Radio Damascus, Syria	15095 12085
2100-2200	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia				-AABC, Alice Springs, Australia	2310 (ML)
2100-2200	CFRB, Toronto, Ontario	6070		2200-2215	ABC, Tennant Creek, Australia	2325 (ML)
2100-2200	KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah	15590		2200-2215	BBC English by Radio, London	11945 15280
2100-2200	Radio Australia, Melbourne		0 15160		-F Voice of America-Caribbean Service	
2100-2200	Radio Baghdad, Iraq	7290		2200-2225	RAI, Rome, Italy	5990 7235 9710
2100-2200	Radio Beijing, China		0 11500 11715		Radio Prague, Czechoslovakia	6055
2100-2200	Radio Jordan, Amman	9560	0 11300 11713	2200-2230	ABC, Katherine, Australia	2485
2100-2200	Radio for Peace, Costa Rica	21566 1366	O.	2200-2245	All India Radio, New Delhi	7412 9550 9910 11620
2100-2200	RAE, Buenos Aires, Argentina	11710 1534		LLOO LL 10	74 Hada Hadio, Non Bonn	11715 7265
2100-2200	Voice of America-Africa Service		0 15445 15580	2200-2230 S	KGEI, San Francisco, California	15280
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		21485	3 17000 17070	2200-2250	Radio Baghdad, Iraq	7290
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2100-2200	Voice of America-Pacific Service	11870 1518		1		9570 9590 9595 9915
2100-2200	WHRI, Noblesville, Indiana	13760 1783				11750 11955 12095 15140
2100-2200	WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvania	15185				15260 15400
2100-2200	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	15420		2200-2300	CBC Northern Quebec Service, Can	
2100-2200	WWCR, Nashville, Tennessee	15690		2200-2300	CBN, St. John's, Newfoundland	6160
2100-2200	WYFR, Okeechobee, Florida		0 13695 15215	2200-2230	Radio Berlin International, GDR	5965 9730 13690
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	FBBC Caribbean Service, London	5975 1540		2200-2300	Radio Korea, Seoul	15575
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2200-2300	Voice of Turkey, Ankara	17880 9445 9665 9685	
2200-2230	Radio Canada Int'l, Montreal	11705 11905 9755 5960	2300-2315 BBC World Service, London, England 3915 5975 6175 6195
2200-2300	CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia	6160	7325 9570 9590 9915
2200-2300	CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada	6005	11750 11945 11955 15260
2200-2300	CFCN, Calgary, Alberta, Canada	6030	17875
2200-2300	CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada	6130	2300-2315 FEBC, Manila, Philippines 6030
2200-2300	Christian Science World Service	9465 15275 15300 15405	2300-0000 Adventist World Radio, Costa Rica 9725 11870
		17555	2300-2325 Radio Finland, Helsinki 11755 9645
2200-2300	CKWX, Vancouver, British Columbia	6080	2300-2330 Kol Israel, Jerusalem 11605 9435 9930
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2200-2300	Voice of U.A.E., Abu Dhabi, United		2300-0000 CBU, Vancouver, British Columbia 6160
	Arab Emirates	9600 11985 13605	2300-0000 CFCF, Montreal, Quebec, Canada 6005
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2200-2300	WINB, Red Lion, Pennsylvania	15185	2300-0000 CHNS, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada 6130 15405
2200-2300	WRNO Worldwide, Louisiana	15420	2300-0000 Christian Science World Service 9465 15275 15300 17555
2200-2300	Radio Algiers, Algeria	9640	2300-0000 Radio New Zealand, Wellington 17705 17680a 15485a
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		17845 21525	2300-0000 KUSW, Salt Lake City, Utah 15580
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2230-2300	Radio Polonia, Warsaw, Poland	5995 6135 7125 7270	2300-0000 Radio Australia, Melbourne 15160 15240 15320
2230-2300	Radio Tirana, Albania	7215 9480	17795 21740
2230-2300	Swiss Radio Int'l, European Service	6190	2300-0000 Radio Japan, Tokyo 11835 15195 17810 21610
2245-2300	BBC English by Radio, London	7180 11945	2300-0000 Radio Luxembourg 6090
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Thanks to: Michael
Choleva, Ohio, Radio
Havana Cuba (left); Gent
Jahnke, Quebec, Radio
Nacional do Brasil
(below); John Flake,
North Carolina, VOA,
Radio Netherlands, and
Radio Kiev (bottom)

A lot of changes took place on the bands last month - we were out there waiting for them, and you'll see them here next month. But, if you should find something that we've possibly overlooked, please send it Greg Jordan, 7009 Brandemere Lane, #I, Winston-Salem, NC, 27106-2846.



Keep up with the world by tuning in stations like "Radio Free Afghanistan"; for proof you did, you can get lucky with a QSL from the station like the one Garie Halstead of St. Albans, West Virginia, sent to us. Each month on page 46 you'll get some help on where to write and what to expect.

Editor-in-Chief Passport to World Band Radio

### Radio Shack's Realistic DX-360 Portable

In the early Eighties, when the revival of shortwave listening was just getting underway, a number of manufacturers introduced receivers with digital frequency readout -- advanced stuff back then.

### Heigh-Ho Silver!

Among those to do so in a low-priced portable was the Japanese firm of Shin-Shirasuna Electric Corp., known outside Japan simply as "Silver." Its mid-sized XF1900 went for under \$100 -- digital readout, clock and all.

Of course, at that price, you don't expect the moon and stars thrown in, too. The Silver XF1900 had single-conversion circuitry and mediocre selectivity. This meant that stations tended to come in mixed with a variety of extraneous sounds.

Some years back, we quit finding the XF1900 in stores, and thus concluded that it had gone to the Big House in The Ionosphere. Tempus fugit, and the waves of technological improvements to world band radios had left this middling-technology portable in the dust.

### Radio Stripped of Important Feature

Well, almost. Not long after the XF1900 was introduced, the giant electronics retail chain of Radio Shack commissioned Shin-Shirasuna to produce for it a variation of the XF1900. This model, which came to be known as the Realistic DX-360, has been on Radio Shack shelves ever since at the same \$100 price as the XF1900.

So far, so good. But when Radio Shack specced out the DX-360, it had the manufacturer strip off the one feature that made the radio worthwhile: the digital frequency readout. Lacking this, the radio could be tuned only via a coarse analog scale that gives the listener virtually no idea as to which channel the radio is tuned. It's the sort of dreadful hit-andmiss tuning characteristic of most shortwave radios of the Sixties and

While they were at it, Radio Shack also stripped off the XF1900's clock/timer and longwave-reception facilities. Thankfully, they didn't remove the speaker, as well!



### You Can't Get There from Here

Thus denuded, what is left is a compact portable with reasonable audio, but mediocre overall performance and virtually no way to tell where the radio is tuned. Finding the one station you want among the hundreds of available channels requires the patience of a Tibetan monk, plus generous doses of luck. You have to tweak the tuning knob degree by degree up the dial until your ear tells you that amidst the Babel of world band babble the station you want to hear has been tuned in ... at last.

Of course, by that time the program you had hoped to enjoy may have long since gone by the board.

### Performance Otherwise Reasonable for Price

Otherwise, the overall performance of the DX-360, once a desired station has finally been unearthed, is mediocre, but reasonable. The '360 is, by the standards of smaller portables, fairly sensitive to the reception of weak signals. This can be especially useful if you listen during the daytime, when signals tend to be somewhat

Selectivity is less worthy. The set's lone bandwidth is too broad to keep out much of the racket emanating from stations on adjacent channels. However, it's no worse in this regard than are a number of other models in and around the '360's price range.

### Images: Why Cheap Sets Sound So Bad

The biggest problem is that the set uses low-cost single-conversion circuitry. Here's what this means.

For over a half century, radios have used what is known as the superheterodyne principle. Superheterodyne radios, as opposed to the earlier regenerative models, take the frequency of the received signal and convert it to what is called an "intermediate frequency," or simply "IF."

This system has done wonders in bringing about good-performing radios, but it does have one drawback. That intermediate frequency can allow "false" signals to develop. The formula is this: Take the intermediate frequency, multiply it by two, and signals either above or below (which depends on the receiver) by that amount from where the radio is tuned will tend to be heard mixing in with the station you're trying to hear. These "ghost" signals are known as images.

86

So, say you have tuned a radio with an IF of 455 kHz to 6195 kHz, and that images from this particular radio come from the high side. If there is a signal, such as Radio Moscow, on 7105 kHz (2 x 455 kHz = 910 kHz + 6195 kHz = 7105 kHz), it will tend to be heard interfering with the station you're trying to hear on 6195 kHz.

Of course, world band listening is difficult enough without having a receiver that creates spurious forms of interference. So better radios now come with two or more IFs. These are known as double, or multiple, conversion radios, and they are far less likely to suffer from image problems.

Generally speaking, radios going for under \$100 are single conversion, whereas the vast majority of models over \$100 are multiple conversion. The DX-360 is single conversion.

### Marketing Strategy Drives Out Mediocre Receivers

In all, given that the DX-360 is sometimes on sale at Radio Shack stores for under \$80, its performance -- mediocre selectivity, images and all -- is not unreasonable.

What is unreasonable is not being able to tell where the radio is tuned. With some models in the '360's price class, tuning is a bit coarse -- perhaps to the nearest few channels. That's not ideal, but all that it means is that you have to poke among a relatively small number of stations to flush out the one you wish to

But when, as on the '360, all you can tell is the meter band the radio is tuned to, the set becomes less of a receiver than a novelty. Once the "gee whiz" aspect of shortwave listening fades away, the maneuverability of the '360 becomes so hopeless that listening no longer is a joy, or even tolerable.

World band radios that are this unsatisfactory tend to wind up gathering dust -- or being used, instead, as AM/FM devices in the kitchen. A newcomer to world band whose first radio is of this caliber tends, understandably, to blame the medium, rather than the radio, and thus is lost forever to world band radio...and to step-up sales.

It's that last point that has prompted savvy firms to avoid including models in their line that are simply awful. Lousy models tend to kill off geese that could lay more golden eggs.

You can see the result in the reported sales patterns for Sony and Radio Shack. At Sony, where all models are of at least good quality for the price, in some years the best-selling models are in the \$300-400 range.

However, at Radio Shack, where the introductory model is the dismal '360, sales of the step-up DX-440, a worthy receiver, are uninspiring. Radio Shack customers don't trade up -- they drop out.

### The Bottom Line

The bottom line is that the Realistic DX-360, even when it is on sale for under \$80, is a pretty awful radio. For less money, you can get the Magnavox D1875, which performs at least as well, but can be tuned fairly accurately.

Better vet, unless you are looking for a simple radio to take on trips, is to realize that acceptable world band radios tend to be priced in the same range as a VCR. Yes, a VCR could be produced to sell for \$99.95...stripped of a counter, timer, clock, channel indicator and remote control, and with a tendency to record interference from channels other than the one you wish to see.

You wouldn't buy a video device like this, and the same should apply to a world

band radio.

mt

You can hear Larry Magne's equipment reviews the first Saturday of each month, plus PASSPORT editors Don Jensen and Tony Jones the third Saturday, over Radio Canada's "SWL Digest." For North America, "SWL Digest" is heard at 8:10 PM ET on 5960 and 9535 kHz, with a repeat Tuesday at 8:30 AM ET on 9635, 11855 and 17820 kHz

PASSPORT'S "RDI White Paper" equipment reports contain everything found during its exhaustive tests of communications receivers and advanced portables. These reports are now available in the U.S. from Universal Shortwave and available in the 0.5. from Universal Shortwave and EEB; in Canada from PIF, C.P. 232, L.d.R., Laval PQ H7N 4Z9; in Europe from Interbooks, 8 Abbot Street, Perth PH2 0EB, Scotland; and in Japan from IBS-Japan, 5- 31-6 Tamanawa, Kamakura 247. For a complete list of reports, send a selfaddressed stamped envelope to RDI White Papers, Box 300, Penn's Park PA 18943.

### Write On!

MT columnists welcome your response to their columns. It's the way to keep MT lively and up-to-date. Please address your letter to the author

c/o Monitoring Times P.O. Box 98 Brasstown, NC 28902.

If you request a personal reply, you should always enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

### **MOVING?** Let us know four to six weeks before you move and we will make sure your MT arrives on schedule. Just remove the mailing label and affix below. Then complete your new addrress (or any other corrections) in the space provided. My new address: Monitoring Times P.O. Box 98 Brasstown NC 28902 AFFIX OLD LABEL HERE

### Regency INF-7 Desktop Scanner



The DELETE key may be used in two modes: in LIBRARY search, up to 48 frequencies may be skipped; in BANK mode, any of the memory channels may be erased to provide space for new entries.

A weather key activates autosearch among the seven U.S. NOAA National Weather Service channels as well as one additional Canadian frequency. Additionally, a weather ALERT key permits the little INF7 to be stand by for any severe weather bulletins from the NWS.

Police, fire and medical channels are extracted from the low, high and UHF land mobile bands (no 800 MHz). The unit runs from a special AC wall adaptor and provides over 1 watt of low-distortion sound from its top-mounted speaker.

The INF7 is available in the \$110-\$120 price range from MT advertisers.

## What's New in Old Equipment?

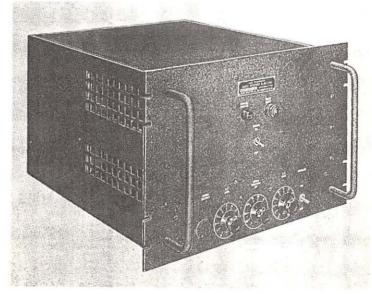
Of all of the frequency ranges left out of most scanners that should be included, the 225-400 MHz military aircraft band heads the list. Recently, Norm Lietsche (PO Box

Even the most casual glance at the new Regency INF7 reveals that it is different -- much different -- from other scanners on the market. This doesn't mean that it is necessarily better, but it really is unusual.

Although very simple to operate -- and that is its drawing card - that simplicity assumes a careful reading of the instructions and experimenting with the commands. The operational sequence is not standard.

Basically, the INF7 is a ten channel scanner with frequencies drawn from a "library" of several hundred police, fire and medical allocations. To load the memory channels, the user presses the LIBRARY key, inviting the scanner to search its preprogrammed channels for activity.

When an active channel is found, the user presses the SAVE key, automatically loading that frequency into one of the ten memory slots. Since the display cannot show the frequencies, the INF7 avoids wasting memory channel space by refusing to load any duplicate frequencies. To scan these ten memory channels the user presses BANK.



191, Canandaigua, New York 14424-0191; phone 1-716-394-9099/0148) sent me a sample of an inexpensive way to listen to any one frequency in that range.

Operating from 115/230 VAC @ 50/60 Hz, the 30-year-old R-361/GRR7 is the size and weight of a window air conditioner and designed for rack mount, but for only \$45 plus shipping Norm will special order and install a crystal of your choice, align the receiver to your frequency, test it and even provide a schematic diagram. A complete manual reprint is \$15.

The R-361/GRR7 has excellent sensitivity and plenty of audio (speaker not supplied). Although best matched at 600 ohms, a standard 8-ohm speaker connected between terminals 1 (or 2) and 5 on the rear panel works fine. A small salvaged speaker could easily be mounted inside one of the ventilation ports.

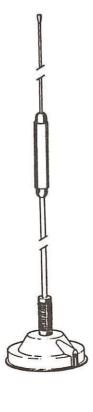
A dual conversion receiver with a first IF at 40.4 MHz and a second IF at 6 MHz, it employs a series noise limiter and offers squelch as well. Finding an antenna connector, however, is nearly impossible; change it or check with Norm about an appropriate connector. Replacement tubes are readily available from surplus dealers and hamfests.

### Antenna Electronics Mobile Scanner Antenna

One high performance antenna that most scanner enthusiasts haven't heard about is the Anteco MM-2054, a center-trapped, multiband receiving antenna with an adjustable-length top section for optimum low band (30-50) MHz) performance. It comes with 17 feet of RG-58/U coax and your choice of Motorola or BNC connector.

A stout antenna over three feet tall depending upon your low-band section adjustment, it has a sturdy base spring and massive magnet to absorb the rigors of mobile driving. Best of all, it has a suggested list price of under \$40.

On a recent thousand-mile road trip test, performance was excellent, equaling or outperforming any other mobile scanner antenna we have ever tried on low, high, UHF and 800 MHz. If you can tolerate the height, the MM-2054 is the antenna for mobile scanning. Call Anteco at 1-800-433-7631 to find a dealer in your area.



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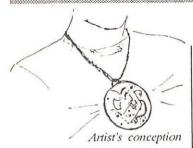
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### Boom Ball Radios

he company is called "Switch It Inc.; the product, "Boom Ball" radios. The round radios, built with clear Lexan -- the same heavy-duty plastic used in aeroplane windows -- show the multi-colored internal parts.

Adding to the entertainment value, three models also have LED lights that flash to the beat of the music. The antenna doubles as a necklace so that you can wear the billiard ball-sized radio around your neck.

"People can own several Boom Ball radios and coordinate them with different clothes," suggests Switch It president Peter Hamilton-McDonell. Yes. A fine idea.

The price is \$34.95 from Switch It Inc., 2397 Shattuck Ave., Berkeley, California 94704.

What's that? Reader Fred Chesson of Waterbury, Connecticut, suggests a scanner version.

### SOS Shrill Alarm

The SOS Shrill Alarm is a new personal alarm that fits in a pocket or purse and, when activated, issues a piercing noise. This noise, claims the manufacturer, is "much louder" than most individuals can scream. (The manufacturer has obviously never been at *Monitoring Times* near deadline.)

The four inch device is powered by a nontoxic aerosol tube and weighs two ounces. The manufacturer also says that the charge "should last for 25 to 30 uses."

If you're planning on being attacked 25 to 30 times, get the SOS Shrill Alarm for \$9.95 plus \$1.00 shipping from Berk International, P.O. Box 5294, Garden Grove, California 92645.

### The Stealth Bra

ip Fuller, the man who invented the Guardian Interlock, which deactivates a car's ignition system if the driver can't pass an alcohol breathalyzer test, is now working to help motorists outwit radar traps.

The inventor's latest gizmo is known as the stealth car bra, so named because it resembles a brassiere strapped to the front of the car (Sorry gents, no photos.)

Made of radar-absorbing carbon fibers, the bra enables a car to fool police radar until it reaches close range, presumably allowing the driver to spot the trap and slow down.

Reacting to criticisms that he is anti-police, Fuller says that he tries to develop products that assist the government in doing its job.

But how does a stealth car bra help the government? Fuller smiles. "It keeps them on their toes." Another reason why the 33 year old Denver resident is smiling. The bras start at \$299.00 each. Check your local parts store for this one.

### A/V Pocket Watch

he video revolution has made VCRs and prerecorded movies an integral part of many people's lives," says Jeff Cove, National Marketing Manager for Panasonic's VHS Division.

"Now we're finding that many people do not want to be tied up in front of a TV

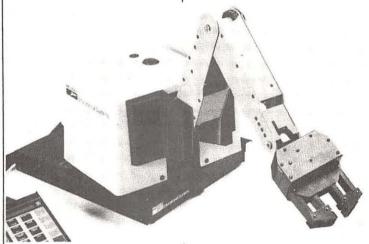


to catch up on the latest releases. People want their video on the go." Attempting to meet this need, Panasonic is now offering the seemingly insatiable consumer the PV-M429 "A/V Pocket Watch."

The "Pocket Watch" is a combination full-size VHS VCR and four-inch screen liquid crystal (LCD) TV, housed in a package the size

on subjects ranging from DC electronics to computers. You can even get Continuing Education Units (CEU) if you complete the work.

The Robot Arm Trainer, for example, is an industrial-style robot capable of executing up to 50 tasks that you can build. An onboard 8-bit computer and six slave microprocessors allow the



of a desktop dictionary that weighs under five pounds, without battery. The PV-M429 features a built-in speaker and audio output for private headphone.

This little gem retails for \$1,399.00. Stop talking entirely. Get one for everyone in the family.

### Heathkit Catalog

f you've never gotten on Heathkit's mailing list, you've been missing some interesting catalogues. The most recent one features hands-on, at-home, courses

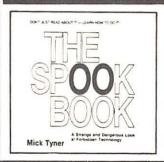
simultaneous operation of the trainer's six axis. Built-in firmware even protects the trainer if you should program it to exceed its physical limitations.

The kit is \$695.
Assembled, it's \$1,295.00. If you'd like more information or just to pick up a copy of the catalogue, call 1-800-253-0570.

### Acoustic Architect

nother mailing list worthy of an award in tenacity is DAK Industries, Inc. The DAK

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stands for Drew Alan Kaplan, the real or imagined person who narrates the catalogue in a homey, "why use ten words when you can use ten thousand" style of writing.

In this edition, for example, Drew takes a few minutes to tell us about a product he sells: "I was furious... The factory in Japan called me in the middle of the night and told me they wouldn't be shipping me any breadmakers..."

Drew sells breadmakers along with things like the ADC Sound Shaper 300SL. Graphic equalizers, such as this one, are becoming recognized throughout the shortwave DX community as a boon to cleaning up the audio of difficult stations, aiding in identification.

This one is a 10-Band Graphic Equalizer, has 20 Linear Activator Controls, two Sets of tape inputs and outputs and a spectrum analyzer. The DAK price on the ADC Sound Shaper is \$149.00 plus \$8.00 shipping from 1-800-DAK-0800.

One other thing. DAK is now selling its own name brand shortwave radios. Look for a Larry Magne review in this magazine shortly.

radio work or just for home use. To get a copy of Northern's catalogue, write to P.O. Box 1499, Burnsville, MN 55337-0499.

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### Northern

orthern bills itself as "Where the Pros and Handymen Shop." It's a fantastic catalogue full of tools and gadgets of all sorts, from drills to lighting fixtures to multi-band radios.

What caught our attention, however, was a full line of portable generators ranging in price from under five hundred dollars to over three thousand.

With run times as high as 8.5 hours, these are perfect for emergency



### How Solid is Your Ground?

Antenna performance and personal safety are partly dependent upon the quality of the ground system used at your listening post. The same is true if you have an FCC license and transmit with the same antenna system.

When an operator also uses a transmitter, a good earth ground can help prevent unwanted RF currents from flowing in and on the equipment in his radio room. Stray RF energy can disrupt the performance of electronic circuits. It may also "bite" you when you touch the metal cabinet of your equipment or touch your microphone!

### Defining a Station Ground

Some SWLs (shortwave listeners) drive a short metal rod in the soil and assume that it is a suitable ground for the station. Even a very long metal rod can't provide an effective ground point of reference if the soil is sandy and dry. It may require several 6-8 foot rods driven into the soil and bonded together (Figure 1) to approach the effectiveness you desire for your ground.

If you have copper cold-water plumbing in your home, you should connect your station ground system to the piping in an effort to enhance the overall ground system. If this is done, be sure to use as short a connecting wire as practicable. I recommend a wide copper strap or the shield braid from a piece of RG-8 or RG-11 coaxial cable. This reduces the DC resistance of the ground lead (better conductivity) and lowers the inductance of the lead. Keeping the inductance minimized is important in the interest of providing a quality ground for RF (radio frequency) currents.

All leads that connect ground-system conductors need to be as large in cross section as you can manage. Try to keep them as short and direct as you can. This will enhance the quality of the ground system.

In an ideal situation, we should be able to obtain zero (finite) resistance between our ground system and a true ground, or between two man-made ground systems that are close to one another. We would use a standard ohmmeter to make this measurement. Ground systems that we radio enthusiasts develop are seldom of that quality, owing to the conductivity of the soil in various parts of the USA.

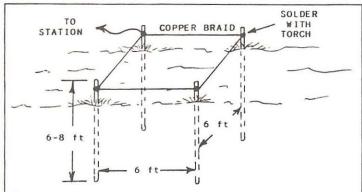


Figure 1 -- System of ground rods for use as a station DC ground. They should be located as close to the radio room as practicable in order to shorten the connecting lead. A propane torch may be used to solder the bonding straps to each ground rod.

Wet earth (swampy areas) and salt-infused soil (on ocean shores) generally provide a good ground system with minimum effort. Those who live in desert locales may never be able to create a quality earthground system.

### Antenna Performance versus Earth Ground

Many shortwave wire antennas are inefficient if a ground system is not used with them. This is true of antennas that are 1/4 wavelength long, or if they are multiples of 1/4 wave (such as a 3/4-wave wire or 1-1/4-wave wire). These antennas depend on their image halves (missing part of a dipole antenna) occurring in the ground (see *The ARRL Antenna Book* or *The WIFB Antenna Notebook* by the ARRL).

Antennas that are 1/2 wavelength long, or multiples thereof, are not dependent upon an earth ground for good performance, although the height of these antennas above ground has a marked effect on how they perform. We need a good ground system also for 1/4-wave vertical antennas.

We need to define at this point how a DC ground and one for an antenna differ. A group of metal rods driven into the soil is not what we require for an antenna ground. Although a DC ground system will serve as a reference point for an antenna (a ground point for the coax shield braid and metal mast or tower), it will not enhance the performance of the antenna. Instead, we need either a single-wire counterpoise (Figure 2) or a ground-radial system (Figure 3).

The greater the number of in-ground or above-ground radial wires the better the antenna efficiency. Although some SWLs use as many as 120 1/4-wave radial wires, as few as 15 or 20 wires will suffice for all but the most dedicated purists. The ground radials need to be in the immediate field of the antenna deployed radially from the antenna feed point if they are to perform well.

The wire size is not important, since there is no appreciable current flowing on them. Apart from its fragility, no. 30 enamel wire may be used. Soil acidity and alkalinity quickly destroys small-diameter wire. I like to use nothing lighter than no. 14 copper wire for my radials, although I have gotten by with no. 20 enameled copper wire.

Radial wires may be buried two or three inches in the soil (a lawn

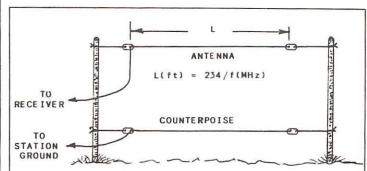


Figure 2 -- An end-fed wire antenna with a counterpoise ground below it. The counterpoise should be the same length as the antenna. The wire gauge for the counterpoise is not critical.

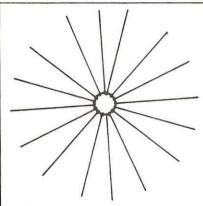


Figure 3 -- A ground-radial system for use with quarter-wave end-fed or vertical antennas. A 10-inch diameter center ring (1/4-inch OD copper tubing) serves as the common point for the wires. The coax shield braid and mast or tower are also connected to the center ring.

The radial wires should be 1/4 wavelength long at the preferred operating frequency of the antenna. Shorter wires may be used if space is limited. Many short wires are better than no wires at all. The radial wires may be buried 2-3 inches in the soil, or they may be used above ground with insulators at the far ends (see text).

edging tool is great for this) or they may be suspended above ground at a height that allows head clearance for those who walk in the yard. You can usually get by with four above-ground radials. More are needed if you bury your wires.

### Combine Your Ground Systems

Your ground radials or counterpoise ground may be connected to your DC ground (water pipes and ground rods) to improve the effectiveness of the overall ground system. If there is a chain-link fence on your property, connect it to your ground system too. The more metal conductors the better.

Your antenna should have a drain choke or lightning arrestor outside the house. This is a safety measure that is essential. These devices provide a low-resistance path for the lightning to follow (to

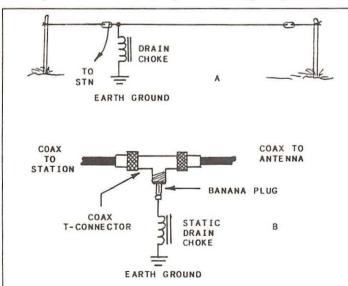


Figure 4 -- The example at A shows how to attach a static-drain choke or lightning arrestor to an end-fed wire. See the text for more information. The illustration at B shows how to use a drain choke or lightning arrestor with a coaxial-cable fed antenna.

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The Universal M-900 is just right for the listener who wants an easy-to-use, affordable converter to decode all the basic shortwave transmission modes. The M-900 receives Morse code from ships coastal stations and hams. It also decodes regular (Baudot) RTTY still used by many international press agencies, weather stations and aero concerns. Both Sitor modes are also included to monitor maritime, diplo. and Amtor traffic. The M-900 even provides high resolution FAX images (to printer port only), so you can SEE pictures, maps, photos, and marine charts from around the world. A complete system will require your receiver, a monitor, a 12 VDC power supply and cables. A printer is also required for FAX mode only. Please write for full technical details including special system pricing. The M-900 alone is \$549.95

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ground) without impairing the antenna performance. A static drain choke will often eliminate static-charge build-up on an antenna during rain or snow storms. The choke should have an inductance of no less than 2 millihenries for 1000 kHz and higher. Figure 4 shows how to connect a drain choke to your antenna.

### Tag Ends

I failed to mention earlier that a cold-water pipe system that uses iron pipes may also be used for a DC ground. Check across each joint with an ohmmeter to make certain there is a low resistance (zero resistance, ideally). If not, you can place a conductive strap across the poor joint or joints. Some of these older systems may have resistive joints because of the sealant compound that was used on the pipe threads.

The station ground should be connected to the chassis of your receiver, antenna tuner and transmitter (if you have one). I bond my pieces of equipment together by means of RG-8 coax shield braid (short leads), then attach the earth ground to one piece of the equipment.

If for no reason other than personal safety, you need a quality DC ground for your SWL setup. If you construct a ground system for your antenna, you will probably observe an improvement in reception on the short-wave bands.

### Footnote<sup>1</sup>

A weatherproof pot-core static drain choke may be obtained from Oak Hills Research, P.O. Box 250, Luther, MI 49656. Send \$5 for each choke.

### A Scanning Mod for "Uncle Skip"

It was at the grand affair known as the SWL Winterfest that I first had the good fortune to meet several of the Monitoring Times staff -- Uncle Skip Arey among them. Over mugs of Molsen's Golden, equipment was cussed and discussed, plans made, and

It was a comment by Uncle Skip that caught my attention and started my fertile imagination working on some mods for the R-390 communications receiver. Skip has two of these beasties and was lamenting the lack of scanning modifications for the old relics. Hmmmm ... a scanning mod for the R-390 ... Why not?

This mod is not to be undertaken unless you are experienced in modifying electronic equipment. Neither MT nor I will assume any responsibility for damage caused to radio equipment which has been modified as a result of this article.

The first portion of this modification will be the mechanical mods to the R-390. The final portion will be the electrical connections needed to make the modifications work. Uncle Skip -- This one's for you!

With the R-390 sitting on a firm flat surface facing you, remove the main tuning knob (the one right under the digital readout display) of the receiver using a nonmagnetic, splined hex tool (FSN 2124-32-4686-177B) or small pry bar and mallet.

If you use the pry bar, do not put excessive pressure against the front panel as this will mal-align the gear train behind the front panel, and the mods will not work (neither will the receiver, for that matter).

After the main tuning knob is removed, inspect the shaft to ensure that it is in good condition and not severely worn.

If all has gone well so far, you now have an R-390 with the main tuning knob removed sitting on a firm flat surface, staring you in the face. Now obtain a variable speed, reversible electric drill with a 3/8-inch chuck.

Open the chuck to the proper diameter to accept the main tuning shaft. Mate the drill chuck to the main tuning shaft and tighten the chuck down with the chuck key. This completes the mechanical portion of the modification.

The electrical mod is DANGEROUS as there are lethal voltages present. Take your time and do this portion with extreme care.

Take the power cord for the variable speed, reversible drill with the 3/8-inch chuck and plug it into the nearest 110 VAC wall outlet. (NOTE: If you are overseas, ensure that your variable speed, reversible electric drill with the 3/8-inch chuck is of the proper operating voltage for your location.) This completes the electrical portion of the scanning modification.

Now for the "Smoke Test." With the receiver set to your favorite HF band segment, the power turned on, the speaker and antenna connected, SLOOOOOWLY squeeze the trigger on the variable speed, reversible electric drill with the 3/8-inch

If all goes well, the drill will start turning slowly, and so will the main tuning shaft. Simultaneously, the digital readout will start moving up (or down) in frequency depending upon which direction the variable speed, reversible electric drill with 3/8-inch chuck is turning.

If the BFO is placed in the "ON" position, a heterodyne can be heard each time the receiver is tuned across a signal. With a little practice, you should be able to stop very close to the desired frequency and back up (using the reverse function of the variable speed, reversible drill with the 3/8-inch chuck) and plop right on frequency.

Obviously, care must be taken not to go too fast; when you approach either end of the 1 MHz segment of the band you are tuning, you will have a fraction of a second to stop the drill or reverse it and start going back down the band segment before running out of gear train and jamming up the receiver beyond all

By manually turning the "MHz" dial in combination with the variable speed, reversible electric drill with the 3/8-inch chuck, you can scan the full HF spectrum! Wow! Almost as neat as having a Kenwood R-2000!

Well, there you have it. A super mod that will make this old war-horse really "sing." Obviously, the mod can be removed and the knob reinstalled to return the R-390 to its original condition and resale value.

The only drawback that I can find is trying to use the receiver on DXpeditions in a primitive area. You must locate a LARGE current bush and plug the R-390 in in order to use the receiver.

My thanks to Uncle Skip for furnishing the idea for this "mod." And now, on a more serious note:

### Mods for BC200/205XLT Owners

We have had a lot of mail lately requesting mods for Uniden/Bearcat scanners, so this month we offer a simple mod for the BC 200/205XLT to ensure complete frequency coverage in the 845 MHz range.

If you own a BC200 or 205XLT and do not desire to delve inside the case to restore frequencies deleted at the factory, then there is a simple fix that does not require any tools to perform. Simply add 21.7 MHz to the deleted frequency and enter the higher (image) frequency. Reception is identical in signal strength to that which would be heard on the scanner if the restoration modification was done.

Although it is a little cumbersome to do things this way, it does get the job done for those individuals who have an aversion to popping the top on their favorite scanner and digging around inside with a soldering iron.

Thanks to a chance comment from Uncle Skip. MT has made a scanning breakthrough which is simplicity itself!



Monitoring Times invites you to submit your favorite projects for publication. For more information, contact Rich Arland, c/o MT, P.O. Box 98. Brasstown, NC

Uniden, like several other scanner manufacturers, decided to delete the coverage of certain "Sacred Frequencies" to frustrate scanner users. The frequencies deleted at the factory can be restored easily enough. However, be sure that you are technically capable of working on high density circuit boards and also have the schematic, or better yet, a service manual, for the scanner. Monitoring Times, Grove Enterprises and Richard Arland will not take any responsibility for modifications performed on equipment discussed in this column.

Step 1: Slide off the battery pack and remove the antenna from the scanner. Take a small Phillips screwdriver and remove the screws from the back and the screws which hold the battery spring at the base of the scanner. Be sure to remove the battery spring itself. Carefully pry the bottom of the rear cover from the radio and remove the cover. Set the cover, screws and battery spring aside.

Step 2: Locate the two screws at the base of the circuit board and remove them. Gently pull the front panel from the scanner frame and separate them.

Step 3: Using the illustration in fig. 1, locate the microprocessor IC (labelled UNIDEN UC-1147) and the 10 K ohm (brown-back-orange) resistor positioned above the letters "DEN" on the microprocessor IC. Note: This resistor is a leadless type, so pay attention and locate the proper part.

Step 4: USING EXTREME CARE solder either a 1/8 or 1/4 watt resistor (any resistance between 2.2 K and 10 K ohms will work) from the LEFT side of the resistor in step 3 to pin 8 of the adjacent IC labeled K1013 (refer to fig. 1).

Step 5: CAREFULLY reassemble the scanner paying particular attention to the alignment of the dual inline connector at the bottom of the PC board and the mating socket. Ensure all holes line up and insert and tighten screws.

Step 6: Put the battery pack back in place a fire up the scanner to make sure that the display works. NOTE: if the display does not work, check to be sure the battery is fully charged and the dual inline connector is properly seated and aligned.

Step 7: Press "MANUAL, 845.0 E". Within two seconds the frequency 845.000 should appear on the display.





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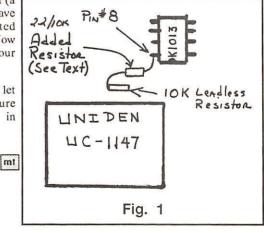
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Step 8: Properly congratulate yourself (a good pat on the back is sufficient); you have successfully restored the factory deleted frequencies to your Uniden scanner. Now sit back and have a listen and enjoy your handy work.

All for this month, gang. Write and let me know your thoughts and ideas for future columns. Remember, the main idea in pursuing this hobby is to have FUN.

73s es Gud DX.



### The "SUPER LOOPER":

### A Small Low-Noise Directional Antenna for the AM Band

How would you like to have a small, effective, broadcast band DX antenna which would fit easily on the table near your receiver? One with sharp directivity which can help you cut through the QRM and QRN (interference) which can be "as thick as pea-soup" at times? One that isn't that difficult to make, either ("easy as duck soup")?

Well then, check out this month's small easy-to-make antenna which I should perhaps call the "souper-looper," but choose, for obvious reasons, to call the "super-looper."

Small loop antennas have long had a place of respect in the hearts of AM broadcast band DXers and others who like it for its ability to pull in the station they want, while rejecting other stations which are operating right on the same frequency! Obviously, for folks who are fond of DXing the AM band, or just listening to the stations they want to hear without interference, this antenna can be very useful.

### LET'S MAKE ONE!

To make this antenna, you will need two pieces of wood (any wood slats, even dowel rods or plastic tubing can be used): one 45 inches long, the other about 36 inches long. They may be anywhere from 3/8 inch to 5/8 inch or so wide.

You also need about 100 feet of any small diameter insulated wire, a dual-section 335 pf-or-so per section tuning capacitor (two single-section tuning capacitors will work, too); and a plug to fit the input to your receiver. You may make the base from a large slab of wood or whatever you wish.

1. Notch the two frame cross-pieces as shown in Figure 1. Make the notches large enough to allow the pieces to fit together as shown in Figure 1. You don't have to glue these pieces together if they fit closely, as the wire will help hold them in place, once the loop is wound. Drill the holes indicated on

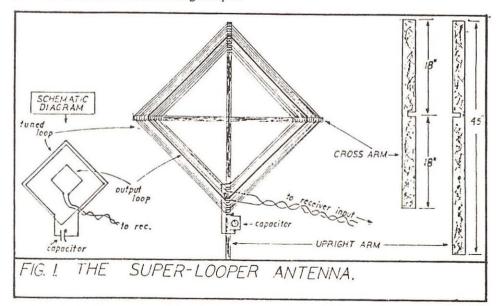
- the upright cross-piece, as shown in Figure 1. The exact placement of these holes is not critical.
- 2. Next, you will saw the shallow slots into which you insert the windings. There are 13 slots in each arm. Make the slots about 1/4 inch deep. For sawing these slots, a thin-bladed saw is best. You must, of course, use a saw which cuts a slot wide enough to let you slip the wire which you are using into the slot. If you work carefully, an ordinary handsaw may work okay.
- 3. Attach the tuning capacitor to the upright wood cross-piece just below the loop, as shown in Figure 1. You can do this with screws, if your capacitor has screw-holes in it. Otherwise a glue like "Goop"\* or a big blob or two of silicone sealant works fine. Don't let any glue get inside the capacitor.
- 4. Wind the single output turn around the frame in the middle slot of each arm. Its ends should run through the two small holes provided for them as shown in Figure 1. Glue them where they exit these holes with a small glop of Goop, silicone sealant or other glue.
- 5. Wind in the 12 turns of the large loop as

- shown in the Figure. Put the ends of this loop through the small holes drilled earlier to receive them, and glue them where they exit these holes.
- 6. Attach the ends of the large loop to the appropriate terminals of the tuning capacitor. This means that one end of the loop goes to both of the rotor terminals of the capacitor and the other end goes to both of the stator terminals.

You should find a diagram of the way the terminals connect to the inside of the capacitor packaged with the capacitor when you buy it. Solder the wires in place.

7. Make a lead-in cable for connecting the antenna to your receiver by taking two lengths of wire and twisting them loosely together as shown in Figure 1. Attach one wire to each end of the single-turn loop at the antenna. Connect each of these wires to one of the connection terminals of your antenna connector plug at the other end.

If you use a coax connector, either wire can go to the center pin, the other goes to the grounded outer connector terminal.



8. Insert the bottom end of the upright frame piece into the base, and attach the connector to your receiver. You are now ready to begin using this antenna.

### Tips on Operating the Antenna

For ordinary reception, you will still use whatever antenna you have been using. But when interference makes reception a problem, try the loop. With the regular antenna connector removed from your receiver, and the loop connected, tune the loop capacitor until the signal your receiver is tuned to peaks in loudness in your receiver. Then rotate the loop so that the cross-arm moves in a circle, horizontally, all the while listening to the interference.

Surprisingly, the secret of success at this point is to listen for minimum interference, not for maximum loudness of the signal which you want.

The null in the antenna's reception pattern is very sharp and it is easy to rotate past its most effective position without noticing it at times. So listen closely and rotate the antenna carefully. When you have obtained the best null on the interference, you might try tilting the antenna vertically. This sometimes gives an even better null.

Once you learn to use the Super-Looper, you will be surprised at the ability it has to null out offending interference in many situations. Happy monitoring!

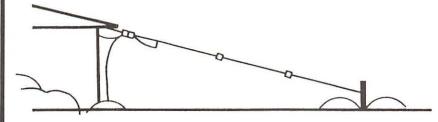
#### RADIO RIDDLES

Last month: We featured a cubical quad beam antenna, and I asked you: "What, if any, relationship is there between the cubical quad and the Yagi-Uda?"

Well, years ago Clarence Moore had the idea of pulling the wires of a folded dipole apart so that they formed a diamond-shape or square. This became the basic antenna element of his cubical quad antenna design.

In the quad, these square-shaped

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elements are employed as driven-element, reflector and director the same way as are linear dipoles in the Yagi-Uda with diamond-loop elements rather than linear half-wave dipole elements.

And, now-a-days, a cross between the Yagi-Uda and the quad has produced an off-spring that hams call the "Quagi!" What won't they think of next?

This month: You may recall that recently this column had reference to "romantic antennas," (the rhombic antenna which is constructed of two "mouth-to-mouth" V-antennas). Just above, I mentioned antennas having "offspring."

We've all heard of "active" antennas, I'm sure. Last month, we discovered "lazy" antennas. So, I ask you: "Just how human can an antenna get?" For the surprising answer to this seemingly impertinent question, tune in next month. 'Til then, Peace, DX, and 73.

mt

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ask bob

- Q. I have seen ads in trade magazines for a ruggedized mobile scanner from Uniden, the MR8100, but nowhere is it for sale by Bearcat scanner dealers; how come? (Several inquirers)
- A. Programmed by an external computer and retailing for a sizable \$499, the MR8100 is imported directly from Japan by two land mobile communications equipment dealers, Talley Electronics and Page-Com. It is not available through Uniden Scanner dealers in the U.S.
- Q. After performing the cellular restoration surgery on the Realistic PRO2005 scanner, how does one get it to search in 30 kHz increments? (Gerald Donnelly, Winston-Salem, NC)
- A. Gerald wrote back to let us know he had answered his own question. Just as with the earlier PRO2004, after cellular restoration simply press the front-panel RESET button, and the 2005 will search in the correct 30 kHz increments through the cellular band.
- Q. How can I keep the BNC antenna connector on my

Bearcat 200 XLT from coming loose after numerous connects and disconnects of an external antenna? (Several inquirers)

- A. Larry DeFalco of White Plains, New York, suggests putting a dab of "Loc-Tite," a readilyavailable cement made for just such a purpose, on the threads prior to tightening the nut which worked loose. Other readers have suggested a drop of cyoacrylate instant glue ("Crazy Glue").
- O. Old Hallicrafters receivers had their signal strength meters calibrated in microvolts; that makes more sense to me than S units. Why don't manufacturers continue the earlier practice? (Richard Freho, Willoughby, OH)
- A. For microvolts to be accurately expressed, the impedance of the antenna and receiver must remain at some nominal level, typically 50 ohms, and the signal level must be measured at the antenna input. Modern signal strength meters, however, are activated by voltages on the automatic gain control (AGC) line which varies from band to band, design to design and receiver to receiver. A meter calibrated in microvolts would be meaning-

For this reason, the more arbitrary (and

much cruder) system of signal strength units was adopted, with S-9 typically (hopefully) representing a signal strength of 50 microvolts at 50 ohms.

- Q. My scanner has a prominent "birdie" which interferes with one of my primary monitoring channels. Can anything be done? (Richard Greenstein, Bowie, MD)
- A. All receivers generate some birdies, small oscillations which they receive on certain frequencies. In most cases, manufacturers will realign the circuitry so that the birdie falls on a nearby, less important frequency. Contact their customer service department for details.
- Q. Can a CB/AM/FM "disquise" antenna work as well as a dedicated CB antenna? (Jerry Gates, Charleston Heights, SC)
- A. If the splitter/matching circuitry is properly designed, the antenna should radiate as well as a short, loaded CB antenna of the same length.
- Q. Would there be an advantage for pocket AM radios to go down to 500 kHz or lower to get additional stations? How about higher than 1600 kHz? (Robert Brock, Phoenix, AZ)
- A. In North America, the AM broadcasting band is 540-1600 kHz, due to be extended to 1700 kHz in mid-1990. In Europe there are AM broadcasters for their own domestic service in the 150-400 kHz range, but they are rarely heard in the U.S. even with elaborate monitoring equipment.
- Q. Our police department has installed a Motorola digital system in their cars and they call it "MDT". I believe it operates above 800 MHz but can't find it on the air or in a scanner list. How come? (Charlie Solie, Las Cruces, NM)
- A. "MDT" stands for "mobile data terminal" and it is used to send keyboard-typed messages back and forth between the vehicles and headquarters. It can be used on any

### Bob's Tip of the Month:

### **Pocket Frequency Counters**

The Myth and the Reality --

The many mentions about the use of pocket frequency counters in identifying unknown frequencies for walkie-talkies, base stations and mobile transmitters has spurred a rush of optimistic buying of these clever and useful devices.

Unfortunately, many prospective users expect too much. Familiar with scanners, they assume that if they come anywhere near a transmitter when it is on, they will immediately see its frequency.

With counter in hand, or attached to a rooftop antenna in a vehicle, these sleuths cruise busy streets trolling for cordless telephones, undercover communications and bugs. But the display constantly changes, giving erratic, random readings.

Frequency counters are not at all like radio receivers. While radios can select one specific frequency to receive, frequency counters have untuned, wideband preamplifiers; they expect just one signal to arrive and be measured.

Out in the country, away from competitive radio signals and other electrically-generated interference, a 1-watt walkie-talkie may give a solid reading on a pocket frequency counter for 100 feet or more. In the city, barraged by signals from every direction, it may require that the frequency counter antenna be shortened to prevent the measuring of undesired signals and brought within a few feet -- or even a few inches -- of the transmitter to get a valid, stable reading.

Your frequency counter is a precisionmade piece of test equipment which performs best under controlled conditions. Never connect it directly to a transmitter; extend the antenna only long enough to get a stable reading from the transmitter's own antenna.

Questions or suggestions sent to "Ask Bob," c/o MT, are printed in this column as space permits. If you prefer a reply by return mail, you must enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

frequency assignable to the agency utilizing the system.

Perhaps a new frequency has been assigned by the FCC to your local police department, one which has not yet been picked up by scanner directory publishers. The FCC is usually several months behind even in updating their own lists of new licensees.

You will recognize the characteristic (and very irritating!) "g-r-r-r-ack" sound of the data stream when it is transmitted on a channel.

Q. Is it possible to modify an AM/FM radio to hear aircraft or marine radio, or do they operate on SSB? (Gavin Khoo, Singapore)

At VHF, aircraft use amplitude modulation (AM) and boats use frequency modulation (FM). While it is possible to detune the oscillator and RF coils of the FM section of an AM/FM radio to cover the appropriate frequencies, the wideband FM detector will require very strong local marine and aircraft signals to be heard. Better get a

Q. I tried hooking a GRE 800 MHz converter to my Radio Shack PRO-32 scanner and it didn't work, yet connected to another scanner, it worked just fine? How come? (Joe O'Brien, Bronx, NY)

A. The GRE unit is simply a 400 MHz block down-converter. If your scanner is capable of tuning 410-512 MHz FM, you will hear 810-912 MHz when the GRE is connected between the scanner and the antenna. There is no reason why the PRO-32 should not work.

Q. I saw an old speech descrambler with a three-wire (red, black, green) cable. How is it hooked up? (James Butler, Red Bank, NJ)

A. Before possession, sale and use of a scrambled-speech decoder was made unlawful by the 1986 Electronic Communications Privacy Act, several manufacturers including Krystal Kits, Capri, Grove and Don Nobles manufactured speech inversion descramblers. Chances are you have one of the Nobles

(DNE) models. Even if you haven't, chances are that the procedure will work on your

Plug a two-wire miniplug into the external speaker jack of the scanner. The wire connected to the barrel (chassis) of the miniplug should be attached to the black wire and to one terminal of the external speaker.

Connect the red wire to the other miniplug lead (miniplug tip) and the green wire to the remaining speaker terminal. If that doesn't work, reverse the green and red wire connections.

Q. Why do governments of different countries put their programs on the same frequencies at the same time. causing interference? (Donald Michael Choleva, Euclid, OH)

A. There are only so many frequencies to go around and, depending upon propagation of the signal, somewhere you will hear them both, while at other locations you will hear only one of them.

Occasionally the interference is deliberate jamming; usually, however, it is a matter of one broadcaster hoping his signal is strong enough in the target country to override that of a co-channel broadcaster.

Q. Did Radio Shack do right by us monitoring enthusiasts when they replaced the popular PRO2004 scanners so quickly with a follow-on, the PRO2005? (Roger West, Amery, WI)

**A.** It is standard practice for manufacturers to be planning a replacement for a model before that model is even introduced. The PRO2005 was scheduled to replace the PRO2004 in the fall of 1989, but was released in the spring, according to a Radio Shack spokesperson, because MT had prematurely announced its impending introduction.

This may be a convenient excuse; it is more likely, in my opinion, that poor quality control hastened the demise of the PRO2004.

Q. Can public-address intercoms such as I hear paging car dealers on their lots be heard on scanners? (Richard Vaught, Duncansville, PA)

Longwave Listeners - are you troubled by cumbersome tuners, BC intermod, and poor sensitivity?

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A. No. Such intercom and paging systems are wired and radiate no radio signals.

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While the manual doesn't tell you, you can single-step through the search mode of your Uniden BC760XLT simply by pressing HOLD or LMT in the search mode. Pressing HOLD allows you to step higher in frequency, while pressing LMT allows you to step lower in frequency.

### LETTERS

### continued from page 3

"I know, I know," our anonymous writer continues. "If this is causing me so much anguish, I should just turn off the scanner or listen to less tantalizing frequencies."

"I regret not giving you my name and address but I am afraid that soon some district attorney is going to address this problem for me and I don't care to hear my name mentioned when he calls his wife to tell her why he's going to be late for supper."

"As a former Eastern Air Line pilot and Naval communications intelligence gathering aircraft commander (as well as an active shortwave listener and Extra Class Ham), I was astounded to discover that business cellular users had no idea their conversations were being overheard. I've been forced to make a career change." So says Thomas Bernie of Gloucester, Massachusetts.

"I've put together a consulting firm, the goal of which is to educate cellular users of the security risks associated with cellular use and to provide them with a means of coping."

Mr. Bernie is offering a security kit that includes a report on the risks of cellular telephones, a 20 page booklet entitled "Cellular Security...A Users Guide" and a couple of warning stickers that read, "Privacy of communications may not be ensured when using this phone." The kit is available for \$25.00 from Cellular Security Group, 4 Gerring Road, Gloucester, Massachusetts

Enclosed please find photographs of my shortwave listening post," says reader Chris Kissel. As you can see, Kissel goes about things in a pretty serious way. "In addition to being unusual for the vertical placement of the equipment, my set-up is optimized for higher fidelity shortwave listening."

It includes a R39-A/URR modified by Kissel with 2, 4, 8, and 16 kHz mechanical filters, a Panoramic Radio Products PR-1 Panadaptor (that's the box with the circular screen on it), a dbx model 563X single ended noise reduction unit, a dbx model 463X overeasy noise gate, "a home-built synchronous detector with selectable lower, upper, double and independent sideband true synchronous detection with a hold function for lock during deep fades," Sony MDR-V4 headphones and a Kenwood cassette deck.

Folks, don't try this at home yourself! Kissel is a 29 year old associate electrical engineer who works on ultra-stable time and frequency sources, "primarily for spacecraft." Chris and his wife are expecting their first child in June.

The same day we received Chris Kissel's letter we ran into Chris at the Winter SWL Fest in Kulpsville, Pennsylvania, which, incidentally, was a lot of fun. We'll get you some information on it as the next one rolls around

In the meantime, if you enjoy radio, then be sure to mark your calendar for October 5, 6 and 7th. That's the date for the big Monitoring Times convention in Knoxville, Tennessee. Not only will we all have the chance to get together and chat radio until the wee hours, but I assure you that you will think that you died and went to radio heaven.

Wayne Mischler wrote in to say that he enjoyed reading the pair of articles we ran on NORAD. "This was good reporting and writing, and I found the articles most informative. Like many people who have visited Colorado Springs, I have seen the Mystic antenna farm atop Chevenne Mountain and wondered about NORAD and its operations."

Wayne also compliments Rod Pearson on his Federal File column. "It's informative and good reading. Everything else in your fine

magazine is a bonus."

Readers should remember Wayne for a number of super articles in Monitoring Times, including our first attempt at fiction, "The Last Radio Signal on Earth." And in case we have never done so publicly, we'd like to applaud Wayne for his daring in taking part in

Chris Kissel

our experiment into the realm of fiction. The idea of running fiction was ours; but Wayne shared the risk by bravely attaching his name to the article. It's always an honor and a pleasure to work with pros like Wayne.

"Recently," advises Virginia reader David Wilson, "the local power company installed a device on my water heater that was to turn it off during times of power shortage.

"I immediately discovered that this device emitted a good deal of radio interference, particularly around the 137 MHz weather satellite band and the 2 meter ham band. My antenna was over 60 feet from the device. It was labeled Model No. Y96365-1 TWACS Listed 55L3 Chance Load Management Systems Load Control Transponder."

Leslie Edwards, all-around great lady extraordinaire, writes to say that our 2200 UTC listing in the frequency section for the Voice of UAE Abu Dhabi, United Arab should be United Arab Emir-Emirates. ates Radio from Abu Dhabi or UAR Radio from Abu Dhabi. The word "voice," says Leslie, is not used. Thanks, Leslie, we'll pass that along to Greg Jordan, our near superhuman frequency manager.

Another nice lady, newcomer Barbara Brown of Rancho Sante Fe in California, writes to say that she enjoys shortwave as "a great alternative to AM/FM radio." Just starting out, she subscribed to Monitoring Times and found it "helped a lot with respect to knowing what frequencies to tune to when.

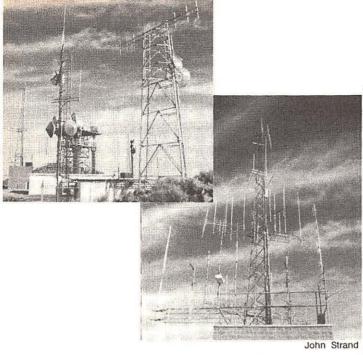
"However," continues Barbara, magazine has no beginners' section. Since more and more people are turning to shortwave and are beginners just like me, wouldn't it be a good idea to have a recurring or repeating section or "notes" for beginners?"

Or, we suggest ourselves, be a little more diligent in pruning out excessive abbreviations and explaining basic terms when they occur. A point well taken, Barbara. Thanks for taking the time to write.

Remember -- we always welcome your feedback at Monitoring Times. While we obviously try to do the best job humanly possible, should you see something you don't like or that is incorrect, rest assured that you won't offend us by pointing it out. That kind of criticism is always welcome here and only serves to improve the magazine. Take a moment to jot down the address: P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902.

"How come you don't run a section listing the times, frequencies and schedules of

100



the various DX shows?" asks reader Sam Keller of New York City. We do, Sam, just not all at once. Look for them in Kannon Shanmugam's program section.

Finally, John Strand of Bakersfield, California, checks in with a pair of photographs. They were taken at a radio site in the El Paso mountains north of the Mojave desert.

"The building belongs to my friend Ed Tippler, who owns Tortoise Communications; the building with the horns on it is an AT&T relay, and the building in the foreground is part of the county system. I am the operations supervisor for AT&T here in central California and every time I visit the mountain tops I carry a camera. This particular opportunity really paid off."

Thanks, John. Hopefully we'll be able to use some future shots on the front cover. Got a camera? Enjoy taking snaps of radio-related subjects? Count us in! We're always looking for "good stuff" (as our graphics department greedily calls such photographic gems). The best candidates for use on the cover are vertically-oriented color snapshots or, preferably, slides. In doubt? Send 'em along to us and we'll be more than happy to take a look. The address for *Monitoring Times* shutterbugs is P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902.

We close this month with a rather unusual promotional item for radio station KTFJ, taken from the pages of the National Radio Club. Radio advertising sure has changed, hasn't it?

### **HEALTH TEST**

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Got a comment? We welcome your ideas, responses, and opinions regarding the world of radio. Letters should be addressed to Letters to the Editor, Monitoring Times, P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902 and should include the sender's address and telephone number.

#### CONVENTION CALENDAR

	CONVE	NIION CALENDAR
Date	Location	Club/Contact Person
Apr 1	Grosse Pte Wds, M	11/ SE Michigan ARA/ Thomas Orlicki N8HLY 15835 Novara, Detroit, MI 48205-2515
Apr 1	Rockford, IL	Rockford ARC/ Paul Klein K9VJJ 5027 Potomac Dr. Rockford, IL 61107
Apr 6-8	California	41st Int'l DX Convention/ Don Minkoff NK6A 12567 Brooklake St., Mar Vista, CA 90066
Apr 7	Oxnard, CA	Ventura Co ARC/ Bob Bond WD6BCN
Apr 7	Lebanon, PA	1420 McGloughlin Ave, Oxnard, CA 93035 Appalachian Amateur Rpt Group/
		Homer Luckenbill WA3YMU 105 Walnut St., Pine Grove, PA 17963
Apr 7-8	Spokane, WA	Talk-in: 146.04/.64; 146.52/.52 Spokane RA/ Ivan Brown KF7PU
Apr 8	Raleigh, NC	1818 W Cleveland Ave, Spokane, WA 99205 NC State Convention/ Chuck Littlewood N4HF
Apr 8	Madison, WI	2005 Quall Ridge Rd., Raleigh, NC 27609 Madison Area RA/ Jim Waldorf KB9AQQ
Apr 14	Bowling Green,KY	1922 Thackeray Rd, Madison, WI 53704 KY Colonel's ARC/ Charles Martin AB4Y
Apr 14-15	Abilene, TX	P.O. Box 9781, Bowling Green, KY 42102 W Texas Convention/ Milly Wise W50VH
Apr 21	Little Rock,AR	8516 Mt. Scott, El Paso, TX 79904 Arkansas Conv/ Bob Hancock KB5IDB 6116 Nicole Dr, N. Little Rock, AR 72118
Apr. 22	Southington,CT	Southington ARC/ Milton Chaffee W1EFW 28 Reussner Rd, Southington, CT 06489
Apr 27-29	Dayton, Ohio	Dayton Hamvention/ Bill Schmid WD8LOI
May 4-6	Buellton, CA	820 Dartmouth, Troy, OH 45373 Santa Barbara ARC/ Alan Soenke WA6VNN 228 Hillview Dr, Goleta, CA 93117
May 4-6	Sierra Vista,AZ	Cochise ARA/ Mike Lading 5108 Leonardo De Vinci, Sierra Vista, CA 85635
May 5	Cedarburg, WI	Ozaukee ARC/ Joe Bauer W9WQ N 5415 Crystal Springs Ct, Fredonia, WI 53201
May 5	Owego, NY	Southern Tier ARC/ Mike Gruszka 3 Londonderry Lane, Owego, NY 13827
May 5-6	Greenville, SC	Blue Ridge ARS/ John Chism ND4N Rt 6, 203 Lanewood Dr, Greenville, SC 29607
May 11-12	S.Sioux City, NE	Iowa State Conv/ Lynn Hansen KNOO 2932 Pierce St, Sioux City, IA 51104
May 11-13	Fresno, CA	Fresno ARC/ Edward Plumber KB6LBS 12460 E Heather, Clovis, CA 93612
May 12	Columbia, MO	Central MO RA/ Benton Smith K0PCK 3301 Sinclair, Rt 3 Box 196A,
NA THE		Columbia, MO 65203
May 12	Deerfield, MA	Hoss Traders/ Bill Burden WB1BRE 11 Briand Dr, Nashua, NH 03063
May 13	Medina, OH	Medina M2M Club/ Clarence Miller WA8JLA 620 Oak St, Medina, OH 44256
May 13	Westminster,MD	Summit ARA/ Alan Parker KS3L 1222 Ingleside Ave, Baltimore, MD 21207
May 18-20	Rochester, NY	Atlantic Div/NY State Conv/ Harold Smith K2HC 153 Mason Ave, Rochester, NY 14626
May 20	Wrightstown,PA	Warminster ARC/ Mark Kempisty N3GNW 3854 Moosewood Ave, Trevose, PA 19047
May 20	Tamaqua, PA	Tamaqua Trans Sofc & Antracite Rptr/ Allan Breiner K3NYX 212 Race St, Tamaqua, PA 18252
May 20	Peotone, IL	Kankakee ARS/ Frank DalCanton KA9PWW RR 1 Box 361, Chebanse, IL 60922
May 20	Wheeling, WV	Triple States RAC/ Ralph McDonough K8AN Box 240 RD 1, Adena, OH 43901
May 20	Wabash, IN	Wabash ARC/ Donald Spanger W9HNO 235 Southwood Dr, Wabash, IN 46992
May 20	Paramus, NJ	Bergen ARA/ Jim Joyce K2ZO 286 Ridgewood Blvd No, Westwood, NJ 07675
May 26	Durham, NC	Durham FM Assoc/ Edwin Lappi WD4LOO 203 Lynn Dr, Carrboro, NC 27510
Monitoria	Times is hanny	to run brief announcements of radio events

Monitoring Times is happy to run brief announcements of radio events open to our readers. Send your announcements at least 60 days before the event to: Monitoring Times Convention Calendar, P.O. Box 98, Brasstown, NC 28902.

### STOCK EXCHANGE

NON-COMMERCIAL SUBSCRIBER RATES: \$.25 per word - Subscribers only. All ads must be paid in advance to Monitoring Times.

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For Sale: YUPITERU MVT-5000 Superscanner. New. \$550 [708] 495-4431 evenings.

For Sale: SONY 2010 - \$270. Call John [803] 787-3427.

GRUNDIG SATELLIT 650 INTERNATIONAL, mint condition. Manual but not original box. Will ship UPS insured within U.S. only. First cashiers check for \$695 will receive it. Original cost \$1145. [408] 377-5146 evenings. Henry Stein, P.O. Box 5606, San Jose, CA 95150.

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### Closing Comments \_\_\_\_

### ECPA Revisited

The Electronic Communications
Privacy Act of 1986 (ECPA) was a
marketing coup for the enormously
wealthy Cellular Telecommunications
Industry Association (CTIA). They
fooled Congress into believing that
cellular telephones are somehow
different from other forms of two-way
radios, making them inherently private.

If that were true, why was it necessary to seek legal protection against listening in?

The manufacturers' motives are transparent. CTIA members Uniden and Tandy censor cellular frequency coverage in their Realistic and Bearcat scanners to create the illusion of privacy when they market their cellular telephones, but they don't delete the low, high and UHF mobile telephone bands which are also protected under ECPA. Why should they? Compromising the privacy of competitive products is a cellular sales advantage!

Excluded from protection under ECPA is the cordless telephone. It was generally agreed upon that a cordless telephone is little more than a walkietalkie and the user should have no reasonable expectation of privacy. How the average consumer can spot the difference between a portable cellular phone and a cordless phone defies logic.

A recent appeal by a convicted felon, whose nefarious dealings over his cordless telephone were monitored by a neighbor whose own cordless phone picked up the conversations, was rejected by a judge who sensibly reiterated that the user of a cordless telephone can not expect privacy. A new appeal is planned.

Now the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) is urging Congress to add cordless phones to the list of privacy-protected devices. While the ACLU correctly concludes that there is no real difference between cordless and cellular telephones, they miss the real point: neither device can considered private!

So far there have been no challenges to ECPA in court, although an eventual test case should go far in clarifying the turbid issue. It is a hastily-passed law which needs to be readdressed, not to withdraw traditional American rights, but to interpret ECPA with some bearing on the realities of radio waves.

Let's hope that if and when hearings re-open, equal representation from American radio hobbyists be allowed along with the special interests of Fortune 500 industrialists who will continue to manipulate Congress within a framework of fantasy.

-- Bob Grove, WA4PYQ Publisher





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